

Dragonfly, TEMP.Isotope, DYMALLOY, Berserk Bear, TG-4192, Crouching Yeti, IRON LIBERTY, Energetic Bear, Ghost Blizzard, BROMINE, Group G0035

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Enterprise [T1087](#) [.002 Account Discovery: Domain Account](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used batch scripts to enumerate users on a victim domain controller. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1098](#) [.007 Account Manipulation: Additional Local or Domain Groups](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has added newly created accounts to the administrators group to maintain elevated access. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1583](#) [.001 Acquire Infrastructure: Domains](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has registered domains for targeting intended victims. ^[8]

[.003 Acquire Infrastructure: Virtual Private Server](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has acquired VPS infrastructure for use in malicious campaigns. ^[7]

Enterprise [T1595](#) [.002 Active Scanning: Vulnerability Scanning](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has scanned targeted systems for vulnerable Citrix and Microsoft Exchange services. ^[8]

Enterprise [T1071](#) [.002 Application Layer Protocol: File Transfer Protocols](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used SMB for C2. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1560](#) [Archive Collected Data](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has compressed data into .zip files prior to exfiltration. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1547](#) [.001 Boot or Logon Autostart Execution: Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has added the registry value ntdll to the Registry Run key to establish persistence. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1110](#) [Brute Force](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has attempted to brute force credentials to gain access. ^[8]

[.002 Password Cracking](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has dropped and executed tools used for password cracking, including Hydra and [CrackMapExec](#).^[15]
^[16]

Enterprise [T1059 Command and Scripting Interpreter](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used the command line for execution.^[15]

[.001 PowerShell](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used PowerShell scripts for execution.^[15]^[5]

[.003 Windows Command Shell](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used various types of scripting to perform operations, including batch scripts.^[15]

[.006 Python](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used various types of scripting to perform operations, including Python scripts. The group was observed installing Python 2.7 on a victim.^[15]

Enterprise [T1584 .004 Compromise Infrastructure: Server](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has compromised legitimate websites to host C2 and malware modules.^[7]

Enterprise [T1136 .001 Create Account: Local Account](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has created accounts on victims, including administrator accounts, some of which appeared to be tailored to each individual staging target.^[15]

Enterprise [T1005 Data from Local System](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has collected data from local victim systems.^[15]

Enterprise [T1074 .001 Data Staged: Local Data Staging](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has created a directory named "out" in the user's %AppData% folder and copied files to it.^[15]

Enterprise [T1189 Drive-by Compromise](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has compromised targets via strategic web compromise (SWC) utilizing a custom exploit kit.^[4]^[15]^[7]

Enterprise [T1114 .002 Email Collection: Remote Email Collection](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has accessed email accounts using Outlook Web Access.^[15]

Enterprise [T1190 Exploit Public-Facing Application](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has conducted SQL injection attacks, exploited vulnerabilities CVE-2019-19781 and CVE-2020-0688 for Citrix and MS Exchange, and CVE-2018-13379 for Fortinet VPNs.^[8]

Enterprise [T1203 Exploitation for Client Execution](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has exploited CVE-2011-0611 in Adobe Flash Player to gain execution on a targeted system.^[7]

Enterprise [T1210 Exploitation of Remote Services](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has exploited a Windows Netlogon vulnerability (CVE-2020-1472) to obtain access to Windows Active Directory servers.^[8]

Enterprise [T1133 External Remote Services](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used VPNs and Outlook Web Access (OWA) to maintain access to victim networks.^{[15][8]}

Enterprise [T1083 File and Directory Discovery](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used a batch script to gather folder and file names from victim hosts.^{[15][7][8]}

Enterprise [T1187 Forced Authentication](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has gathered hashed user credentials over SMB using spearphishing attachments with external resource links and by modifying .LNK file icon resources to collect credentials from virtualized systems.^{[15][7]}

Enterprise [T1591 .002 Gather Victim Org Information: Business Relationships](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has collected open source information to identify relationships between organizations for targeting purposes.^[7]

Enterprise [T1564 .002 Hide Artifacts: Hidden Users](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has modified the Registry to hide created user accounts.^[15]

Enterprise [T1562 .004 Impair Defenses: Disable or Modify System Firewall](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has disabled host-based firewalls. The group has also globally opened port 3389.^[15]

Enterprise [T1070 .001 Indicator Removal: Clear Windows Event Logs](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has cleared Windows event logs and other logs produced by tools they used, including system, security, terminal services, remote services, and audit logs. The actors also deleted specific Registry keys.^[15]

[.004 Indicator Removal: File Deletion](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has deleted many of its files used during operations as part of cleanup, including removing applications and deleting screenshots.^[15]

Enterprise [T1105 Ingress Tool Transfer](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has copied and installed tools for operations once in the victim environment.^[15]

Enterprise [T1036 .010 Masquerading: Masquerade Account Name](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has created accounts disguised as legitimate backup and service accounts as well as an email administration account. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1112 Modify Registry](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has modified the Registry to perform multiple techniques through the use of [Reg](#). ^[15]

Enterprise [T1135 Network Share Discovery](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has identified and browsed file servers in the victim network, sometimes , viewing files pertaining to ICS or Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) systems. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1588 .002 Obtain Capabilities: Tool](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has obtained and used tools such as [Mimikatz](#), [CrackMapExec](#), and [PsExec](#). ^[4]

Enterprise [T1003 .002 OS Credential Dumping: Security Account Manager](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has dropped and executed SecretsDump to dump password hashes. ^[15]

[.003 OS Credential Dumping: NTDS](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has dropped and executed SecretsDump to dump password hashes. They also obtained ntds.dit from domain controllers. ^{[15][17]}

[.004 OS Credential Dumping: LSA Secrets](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has dropped and executed SecretsDump to dump password hashes. ^{[15][17]}

Enterprise [T1069 .002 Permission Groups Discovery: Domain Groups](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used batch scripts to enumerate administrators and users in the domain. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1566 .001 Phishing: Spearphishing Attachment](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has sent emails with malicious attachments to gain initial access. ^[7]

Enterprise [T1598 .002 Phishing for Information: Spearphishing Attachment](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used spearphishing with Microsoft Office attachments to enable harvesting of user credentials. ^[15]

[.003 Phishing for Information: Spearphishing Link](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used spearphishing with PDF attachments containing malicious links that redirected to credential harvesting websites. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1012 Query Registry](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has queried the Registry to identify victim information. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1021 .001 Remote Services: Remote Desktop Protocol](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has moved laterally via RDP. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1018 Remote System Discovery](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has likely obtained a list of hosts in the victim environment. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1053 .005 Scheduled Task/Job: Scheduled Task](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used scheduled tasks to automatically log out of created accounts every 8 hours as well as to execute malicious files. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1113 Screen Capture](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has performed screen captures of victims, including by using a tool, scr.exe (which matched the hash of ScreenUtil). ^{[15][5][7]}

Enterprise [T1505 .003 Server Software Component: Web Shell](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has commonly created Web shells on victims' publicly accessible email and web servers, which they used to maintain access to a victim network and download additional malicious files. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1608 .004 Stage Capabilities: Drive-by Target](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has compromised websites to redirect traffic and to host exploit kits. ^[7]

Enterprise [T1195 .002 Supply Chain Compromise: Compromise Software Supply Chain](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has placed trojanized installers for control system software on legitimate vendor app stores. ^{[4][7]}

Enterprise [T1016 System Network Configuration Discovery](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used batch scripts to enumerate network information, including information about trusts, zones, and the domain. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1033 System Owner/User Discovery](#)

[Dragonfly](#) used the command `query user` on victim hosts. ^[15]

Enterprise [T1221 Template Injection](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has injected SMB URLs into malicious Word spearphishing attachments to initiate [Forced Authentication](#). ^[15]

Enterprise [T1204 .002 User Execution: Malicious File](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has used various forms of spearphishing in attempts to get users to open malicious attachments. ^[2]

Enterprise [T1078 Valid Accounts](#)

[Dragonfly](#) has compromised user credentials and used valid accounts for operations. ^{[15][7][8]}

ICS [T0817 Drive-by Compromise](#)

[Dragonfly](#) utilized watering hole attacks on energy sector websites by injecting a redirect iframe to deliver [Backdoor.Oldrea](#) or [Trojan.Karagany](#). ^[18]

ICS [T0862 Supply Chain Compromise](#)

[Dragonfly](#) trojanized legitimate ICS equipment providers software packages available for download on their websites. ^[18]

Source: <https://attack.mitre.org/groups/G0035>