

Flagpro, Software S0696 | MITRE ATT&CK®

Archived: 2026-04-05 12:55:35 UTC

Enterprise [T1071 .001 Application Layer Protocol: Web Protocols](#)

[Flagpro](#) can communicate with its C2 using HTTP.^[1]

Enterprise [T1010 Application Window Discovery](#)

[Flagpro](#) can check the name of the window displayed on the system.^[1]

Enterprise [T1547 .001 Boot or Logon Autostart Execution: Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder](#)

[Flagpro](#) has dropped an executable file to the startup directory.^[1]

Enterprise [T1059 .003 Command and Scripting Interpreter: Windows Command Shell](#)

[Flagpro](#) can use `cmd.exe` to execute commands received from C2.^[1]

[.005 Command and Scripting Interpreter: Visual Basic](#)

[Flagpro](#) can execute malicious VBA macros embedded in .xlsm files.^[1]

Enterprise [T1132 .001 Data Encoding: Standard Encoding](#)

[Flagpro](#) has encoded bidirectional data communications between a target system and C2 server using Base64.^[1]

Enterprise [T1005 Data from Local System](#)

[Flagpro](#) can collect data from a compromised host, including Windows authentication information.^[1]

Enterprise [T1041 Exfiltration Over C2 Channel](#)

[Flagpro](#) has exfiltrated data to the C2 server.^[1]

Enterprise [T1070 Indicator Removal](#)

[Flagpro](#) can close specific Windows Security and Internet Explorer dialog boxes to mask external connections.^[1]

Enterprise [T1105 Ingress Tool Transfer](#)

[Flagpro](#) can download additional malware from the C2 server.^[1]

Enterprise [T1036 Masquerading](#)

[Flagpro](#) can download malicious files with a .tmp extension and append them with .exe prior to execution.^[1]

Enterprise [T1106 Native API](#)

[Flagpro](#) can use Native API to enable obfuscation including `GetLastError` and `GetTickCount`.^[1]

Enterprise [T1135 Network Share Discovery](#)

[Flagpro](#) has been used to execute `net view` to discover mapped network shares.^[1]

Enterprise [T1027 Obfuscated Files or Information](#)

[Flagpro](#) has been delivered within ZIP or RAR password-protected archived files.^[1]

Enterprise [T1069 .001 Permission Groups Discovery: Local Groups](#)

[Flagpro](#) has been used to execute the `net localgroup administrators` command on a targeted system.^[1]

Enterprise [T1566 .001 Phishing: Spearphishing Attachment](#)

[Flagpro](#) has been distributed via spearphishing as an email attachment.^[1]

Enterprise [T1057 Process Discovery](#)

[Flagpro](#) has been used to run the `tasklist` command on a compromised system.^[1]

Enterprise [T1018 Remote System Discovery](#)

[Flagpro](#) has been used to execute `net view` on a targeted system.^[1]

Enterprise [T1029 Scheduled Transfer](#)

[Flagpro](#) has the ability to wait for a specified time interval between communicating with and executing commands from C2.^[1]

Enterprise [T1614 .001 System Location Discovery: System Language Discovery](#)

[Flagpro](#) can check whether the target system is using Japanese, Taiwanese, or English through detection of specific Windows Security and Internet Explorer dialog.^[1]

Enterprise [T1016 System Network Configuration Discovery](#)

[Flagpro](#) has been used to execute the `ipconfig /all` command on a victim system.^[1]

Enterprise [T1049 System Network Connections Discovery](#)

[Flagpro](#) has been used to execute `netstat -ano` on a compromised host.^[1]

Enterprise [T1033 System Owner/User Discovery](#)

[Flagpro](#) has been used to run the `whoami` command on the system.^[1]

Enterprise [T1204 .002 User Execution: Malicious File](#)

[Flagpro](#) has relied on users clicking a malicious attachment delivered through spearphishing. ^[1]

Source: <https://attack.mitre.org/software/S0696/>