

## Encrypted Channel, Technique T1573 - Enterprise

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ID	Name	Analytic ID	Analytic Description
<a href="#">DET0273</a>	<a href="#">Detection Strategy for Encrypted Channel across OS Platforms</a>	<a href="#">AN0759</a>	Processes that normally do not initiate network connections establishing outbound encrypted TLS/SSL sessions, especially with asymmetric traffic volumes (client sending more than receiving) or non-standard certificate chains. Defender observations correlate process creation with unexpected network encryption libraries being loaded.
		<a href="#">AN0760</a>	Processes like curl, wget, python, socat, or custom binaries initiating TLS/SSL sessions to non-standard destinations. Defender sees abnormal syscalls for connect(), loading of libssl libraries, and persistent outbound encrypted traffic from daemons not normally communicating externally.
		<a href="#">AN0761</a>	Applications or launchd jobs initiating encrypted TLS traffic to rare external hosts. Defender observes unified logs showing ssl/TLS API calls by processes not baseline-approved, and payload entropy suggesting encrypted C2 sessions.
		<a href="#">AN0762</a>	VMware management daemons or guest processes initiating encrypted connections outside expected vCenter, update servers, or internal comms. Defender identifies hostd or vpxa initiating outbound TLS flows with uncommon destinations.
		<a href="#">AN0763</a>	Unusual TLS tunnels through ports not normally encrypted (e.g., TLS on port 8080, 53). Defender sees NetFlow/IPFIX or packet inspection indicating high-entropy traffic volumes and asymmetric client/server exchange ratios.

Source: <https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1573>