

BOOKWORM, Software S1226 | MITRE ATT&CK®

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Enterprise [T1071 .001 Application Layer Protocol: Web Protocols](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has communicated with its C2 via HTTP POST requests. [\[2\]](#)[\[3\]](#)

Enterprise [T1115 Clipboard Data](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has used its KBLogger.dll module to steal data saved to the clipboard. [\[2\]](#)

Enterprise [T1543 .003 Create or Modify System Process: Windows Service](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has created a service named `Microsoft Windows DeviceSync Service` at `HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\DeviceSync\` to trigger execution when the system starts and to maintain persistence. [\[2\]](#)

Enterprise [T1001 .003 Data Obfuscation: Protocol or Service Impersonation](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has modified HTTP POST requests to resemble legitimate communications. [\[3\]](#)

Enterprise [T1140 Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has decoded its Base64 encoded payload prior to execution. [\[3\]](#) [BOOKWORM](#) has also encrypted files with RC4 and has decrypted its payload prior to execution. [\[2\]](#)

Enterprise [T1573 .001 Encrypted Channel: Symmetric Cryptography](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has used encryption and compression algorithms to obfuscate the traffic between the system and C2 server, methods observed included RC4, AES, XOR with 0x5a, and LZO. [\[2\]](#)

Enterprise [T1564 .003 Hide Artifacts: Hidden Window](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has created a hidden window when conducting key logging and clipboard theft through its KBLogger.dll module. [\[2\]](#)

Enterprise [T1574 .001 Hijack Execution Flow: DLL](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has used DLL side-loading to execute the malicious payload. [\[1\]](#)[\[3\]](#) [BOOKWORM](#) has also side-loaded DLL components into a legitimate process, including Microsoft Malware Protection `MsmEng.exe` and Kaspersky Anti-Virus `ushata.exe`. [\[2\]](#)

Enterprise [T1070 .006 Indicator Removal: Timestomp](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has modified file timestamps from the export address table (EAT) to make it difficult to discern when the module was created. ^[3]

Enterprise [T1056 .001 Input Capture: Keylogging](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has used its KBLogger.dll module to capture keystrokes and stored them in a folder. ^[2]

Enterprise [T1036 .004 Masquerading: Masquerade Task or Service](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has created services that attempt to resemble legitimate services to include a service named `Microsoft Windows DeviceSync Service`. ^[2]

Enterprise [T1112 Modify Registry](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has modified Registry key values as part of its created service `DeviceSync`. ^[2]

Enterprise [T1106 Native API](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has used various Windows API calls during execution and defense evasion. ^[1] ^[3] [BOOKWORM](#) has created a buffer on the heap using `HeapCreate` and `HeapAlloc` which allows for copying of shell code and then execution on the heap is initiated through callback function of legitimate API functions such as `EnumChildWindows` or `EnumSystemLanguageGroupsA`. ^[3]

Enterprise [T1027 Obfuscated Files or Information](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has been delivered using self-extracting RAR archives. ^[2]

[.013 Encrypted/Encoded File](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has utilized Base64 encoding to obfuscate its payload. ^[3]

Enterprise [T1553 .002 Subvert Trust Controls: Code Signing](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has used valid legitimate digital signatures and certificates to evade detection. ^[2]

Enterprise [T1033 System Owner/User Discovery](#)

[BOOKWORM](#) has obtained the username from an infected host. ^[2]

Source: <https://attack.mitre.org/software/S1226>