

## Impair Defenses, Technique T1629 - Mobile

Archived: 2026-04-05 17:45:35 UTC

ID	Mitigation	Description
<a href="#">M1010</a>	<a href="#">Deploy Compromised Device Detection Method</a>	Mobile security software can typically detect if a device has been rooted or jailbroken and can inform the user, who can then take appropriate action.
<a href="#">M1012</a>	<a href="#">Enterprise Policy</a>	An EMM/MDM can use the Android <code>DevicePolicyManager.setPermittedAccessibilityServices</code> method to set an explicit list of applications that are allowed to use Android's accessibility features.
<a href="#">M1001</a>	<a href="#">Security Updates</a>	Security updates often contain patches for vulnerabilities that could be exploited for root access. Root access is often a requirement to impairing defenses.
<a href="#">M1004</a>	<a href="#">System Partition Integrity</a>	System partition integrity mechanisms, such as Verified Boot, can detect the unauthorized modification of system files.
<a href="#">M1011</a>	<a href="#">User Guidance</a>	Providing user guidance around commonly abused features, such as the modal that requests for administrator permissions, should aid in preventing impairing defenses.

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Source: <https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1629>