

Persistence using GlobalFlags in Image File Execution Options – Hidden from Autoruns.exe

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TL;DR

- Found a technique to execute any binary file after another application is closed without being detected by Autoruns.exe.
- Requires administrator rights and does not belong in userland.
- Can also be executed from alternate data streams
- Plant file on disk and run these commands to create persistence that triggers everytime someone closes notepad.exe:

```
reg add "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Image File Execution Options\notepad.exe"  
reg add "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\SilentProcessExit\notepad.exe" /v Reporti  
reg add "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\SilentProcessExit\notepad.exe" /v Monitorl
```

Image File Execution Options

Another day with some unstructured research time. I must admit that it feels good every time. 😊

[Last time](#) I found a way to execute DLL files and still hide from Autoruns.exe. This time I found some interesting stuff, that I have not found that much related information on and hopefully it will help people detect someone if they are using this technique. This adventure started out when I was looking for other ways to execute data from alternate streams. Somehow I ended up in Process monitor (big surprise) and started looking at the Image File Execution Options. Normally I would just pass by these, since I always assume that someone has probably already discovered all there is to discover. Again it turns out that assumptions is the mother of all fu**ups.

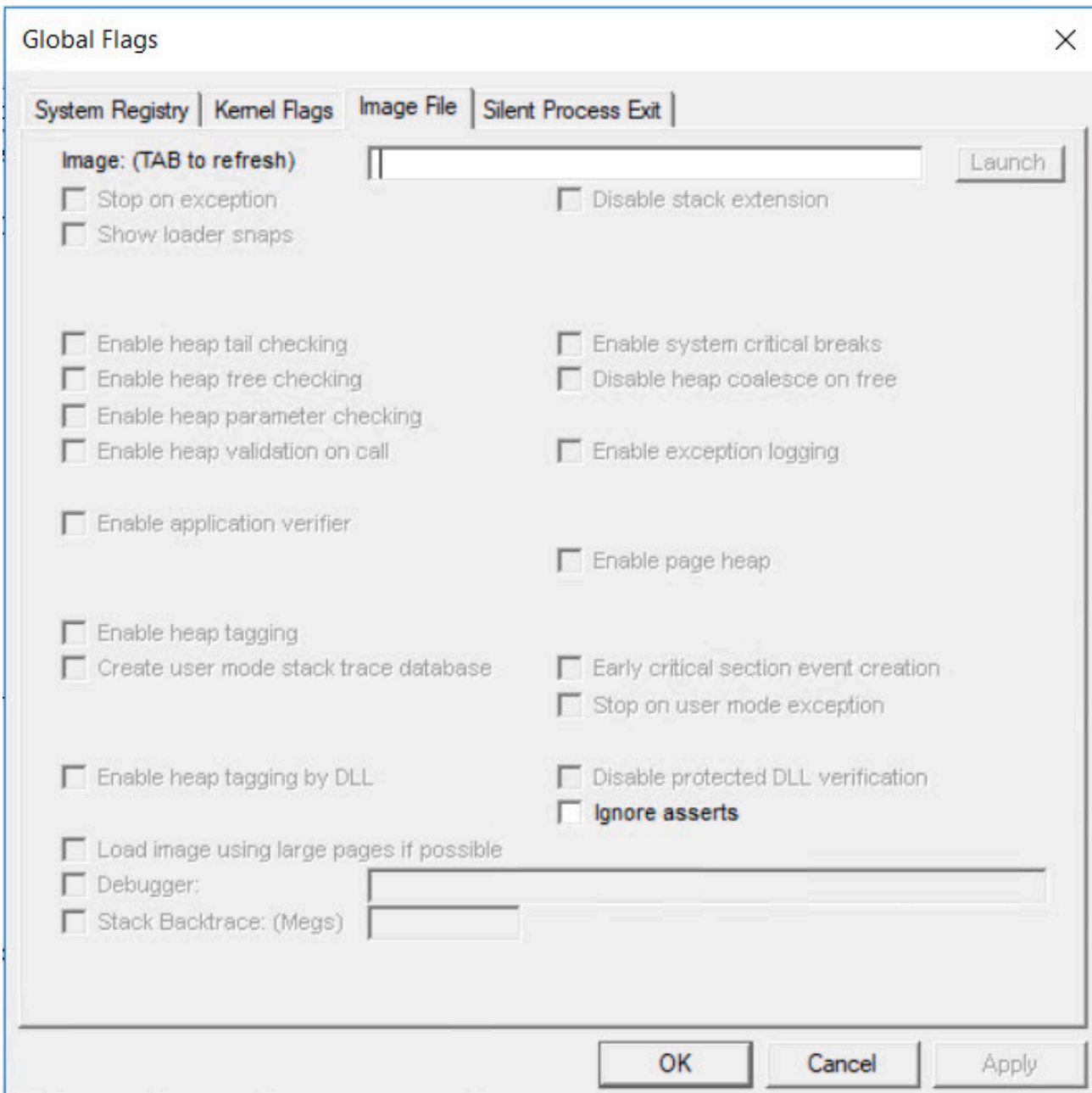
I started by Googling for information about the Image File Execution Options and especially the *ApplicationGoo* setting and I ended up here: <https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/junfeng/2004/04/28/image-file-execution-options/>

This blogpost also mentioned GlobalFlags and that caught my eye. After I was done Googling and searching for ApplicationGoo and what it did, I stumbled upon [this](#) and it turned out that you can add the ApplicationGoo in a special way to fake what operating system you are running to a process. I am not done researching the ApplicationGoo, so feel free to go on your own adventure. 😊

I returned to read some more details about the GlobalFlags, since that was more interesting. The [MSDN blog](#) stated the following (Thanks Microsoft):

If you play with gflags.exe more, you will found more interesting registry values under Image File Execution Options.

A quick search for gflags.exe and I found that this is a part of the Windows 10 SDK, and this binary was already present on my machine. I fired up the application and it looks like this:



This application can be used to change all the flags related to the execution of a binary. Here could also be more interesting stuff to dig into that I have not looked at yet.

The first thing I tried was to check if this Application could work as a Device Guard bypass by leveraging the Launch command. This turned out to be negative. Based on my previous experience I already knew what the debugger flag does so I did not care about that. What I however found out was that under the “Silent Process Exit” tab there was a lot of other interesting stuff to look at. 🐱

Global Flags



The screenshot shows the 'Global Flags' dialog box with the 'Image File' tab selected. The 'Application Specific Settings' section includes:

- Image: (TAB to refresh)
- Reporting Mode:
 - Enable Silent Process Exit Monitoring
 - Enable dump collection
 - Launch monitor process
 - Enable notification
 - Ignore Self Exits
- Monitor Process:
- Dump Folder Location:
- Dump Type: Custom Dump Type
- Dump Folder Size:
- Module Ignore List:

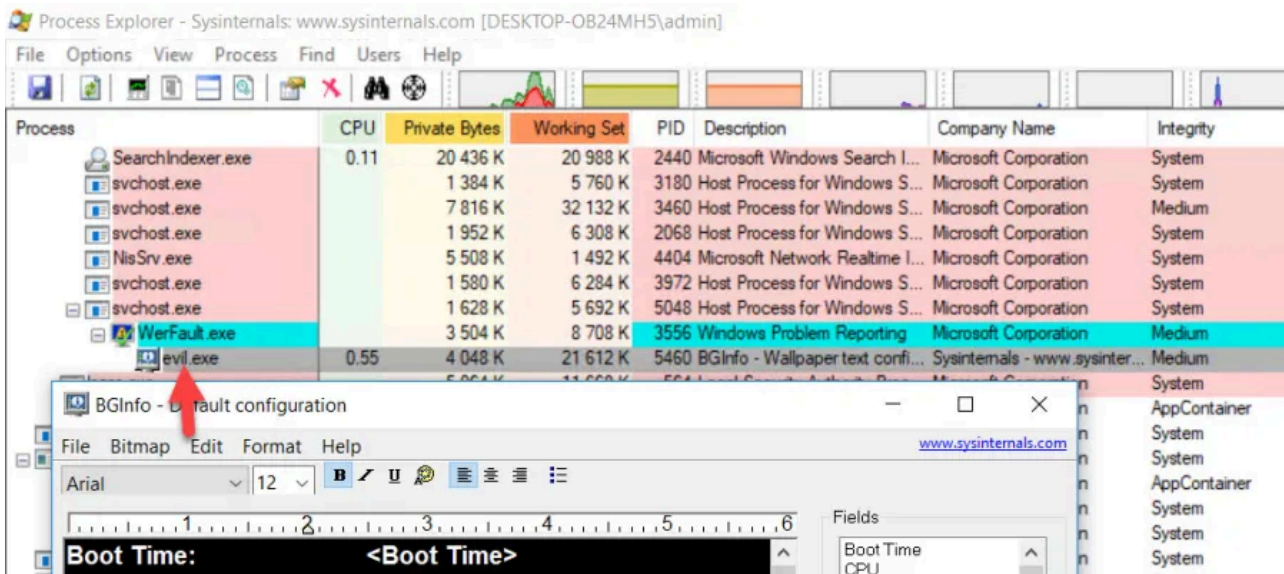
The 'Global Settings (default if app-specific settings are absent)' section includes:

- Monitor Process
- Dump Folder Location
- Dump Type Custom Dump Type
- Dump Folder Size

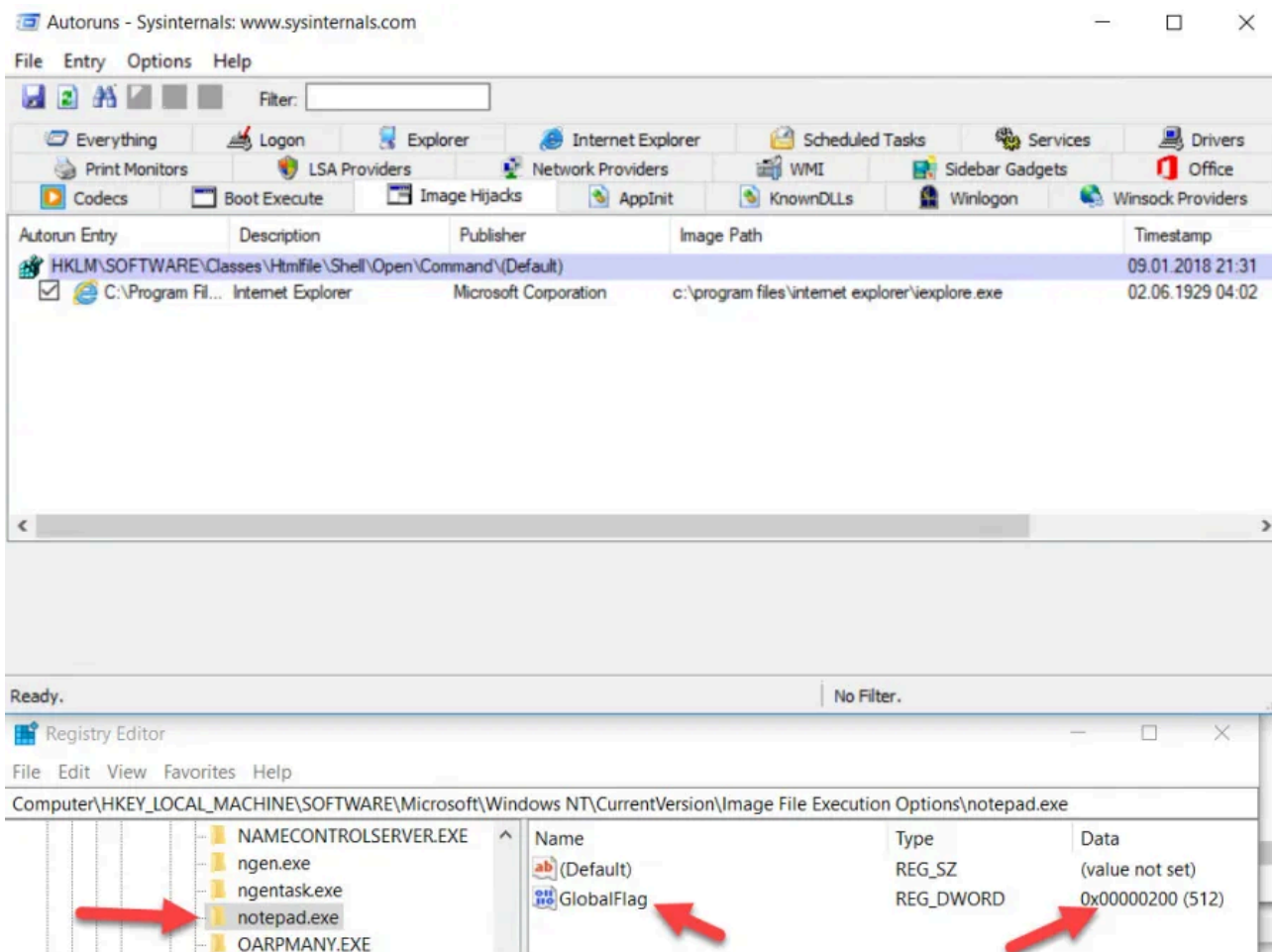
Buttons: OK, Cancel, Apply

As you can see, my evil plan here is to execute an evil binary every time notepad.exe is closed. After planting this I verified that it worked by running just a renamed version of bginfo.exe. The point here is not the payload I am running, more the technique.

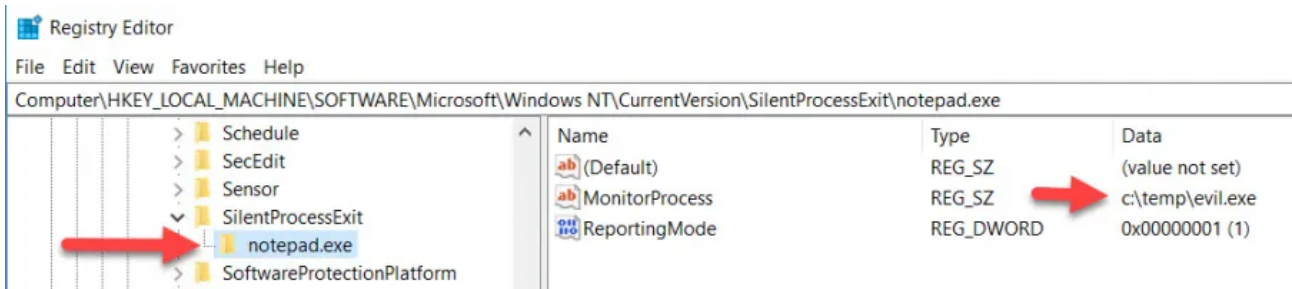
After I close notepad.exe evil.exe is spawned like this:



So this was pretty awesome I thought. It also turns out that autoruns.exe does not detect this technique. (Sorry Mark, even more to do with autoruns.exe)



After a bit more reversing I also figured out that the registry keys that decides what to launch as a silent “monitor” resides in “HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\SilentProcessExit”



All that gflags.exe does is actually only write the registry keys necessary. To achieve the same with some simple commands you could simply run the following lines in cmd.

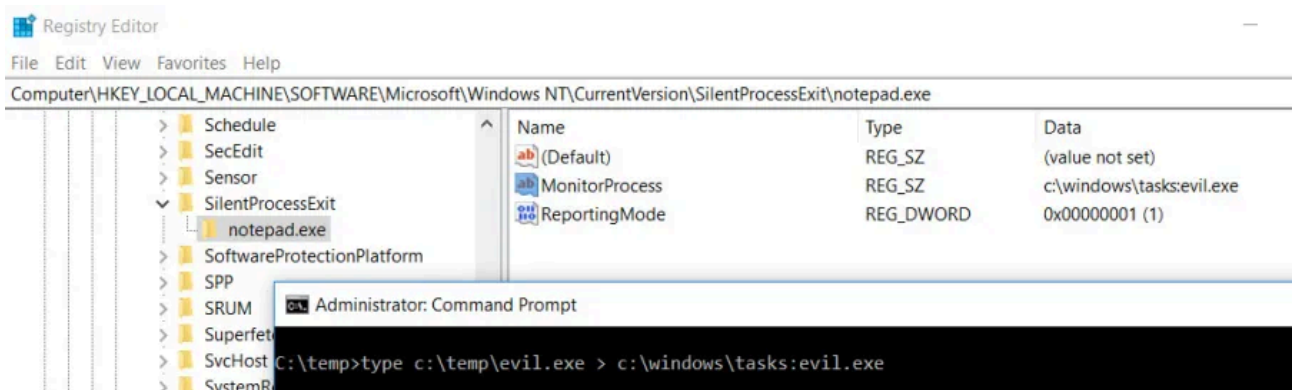
```
reg add "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Image File Execution Options\notepad.exe"  
reg add "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\SilentProcessExit\notepad.exe" /v Reporti  
reg add "HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\SilentProcessExit\notepad.exe" /v Monitor
```

This is also pretty good documented at docs.microsoft.com.

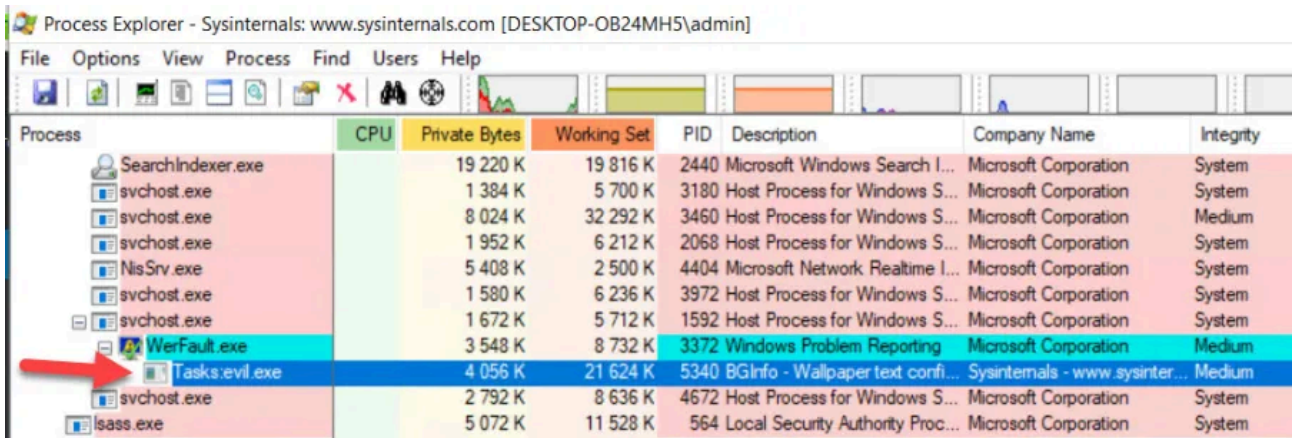
BONUS – Execute with Alternate data streams

Also figured out that you can leverage alternate data streams as well. That means you can take the evil.exe and add it to for instance the tasks folder under C:\windows\ as an alternate stream. That can easily be done by changing the registry and using this command:

```
type c:\temp\evil.exe > c:\windows\tasks:evil.exe
```



After I close notepad, it now looks like this:



Process	CPU	Private Bytes	Working Set	PID	Description	Company Name	Integrity
SearchIndexer.exe		19 220 K	19 816 K	2440	Microsoft Windows Search I...	Microsoft Corporation	System
svchost.exe		1 384 K	5 700 K	3180	Host Process for Windows S...	Microsoft Corporation	System
svchost.exe		8 024 K	32 292 K	3460	Host Process for Windows S...	Microsoft Corporation	Medium
svchost.exe		1 952 K	6 212 K	2068	Host Process for Windows S...	Microsoft Corporation	System
NisSrv.exe		5 408 K	2 500 K	4404	Microsoft Network Realtime I...	Microsoft Corporation	System
svchost.exe		1 580 K	6 236 K	3972	Host Process for Windows S...	Microsoft Corporation	System
svchost.exe		1 672 K	5 712 K	1592	Host Process for Windows S...	Microsoft Corporation	System
WerFault.exe		3 548 K	8 732 K	3372	Windows Problem Reporting	Microsoft Corporation	Medium
Tasks:evil.exe		4 056 K	21 624 K	5340	BGInfo - Wallpaper text confi...	Sysinternals - www.sysinter...	Medium
svchost.exe		2 792 K	8 636 K	4672	Host Process for Windows S...	Microsoft Corporation	System
lsass.exe		5 072 K	11 528 K	564	Local Security Authority Proc...	Microsoft Corporation	System

I've got asked by some people since my last post on why I disclose these things, and my attentions are pure. Many people fear that this is like giving away techniques to the bad guys, but I feel disclosing these things makes is possible to discover them in the wild and create good detection mechanisms and prevention. I have also seen a lot of discussions on Twitter lately about people not wanting to disclose their techniques since it makes their job more difficult (pentesters) and that makes me sad in some way even though I can understand and relate to the reasons.

My reasons for sharing things I discover is to make things more secure for everyone and hopefully it will also inspire others to start their own research and disclose new and unknown stuff to the public. Hope you enjoyed the post and as always, feedback is always welcome!

Source: <https://oddvar.moe/2018/04/10/persistence-using-globalflags-in-image-file-execution-options-hidden-from-autoruns-exe/>