

Kimsuky's Use of GitHub for Malware Delivery and Exfiltration

Archived: 2026-04-05 20:45:52 UTC

✓ Executive Summary:

- S2W's Threat Intelligence Center, TALON, has recently identified ongoing activity by the North Korea-backed APT group Kimsuky involving the abuse of GitHub repositories. A detailed analysis was conducted on the latest observed tactics.
- The threat actor leveraged a malicious LNK file to download and execute additional PowerShell-based scripts from a GitHub repository.
- To access the repository, the attacker embedded a hardcoded GitHub Private Token directly within the script.
- The PowerShell script retrieved from the repository collects system metadata including last boot time, system configuration, and running processes, writes the information into a log file, and uploads it to the attacker-controlled repository.

🔥 Detailed Analysis

1) NTS_Attach.zip

- The ZIP archive contains an LNK file masquerading as an electronic tax invoice.

2) 전자세금계산서.pdf.lnk

- Executing the shortcut file disguised as a PDF launches a PowerShell command that downloads and runs an additional malicious script.

3) main.ps1

- The dropped main.ps1 script downloads a decoy document and an additional malicious payload from a private GitHub repository operated by the threat actor. The script includes a hardcoded GitHub Private Token to access the repository.

- GitHub Repository: `hxxps://github[.]com/God0808RAMA/group_0721/`

- The decoy document impersonates an electronic tax invoice and is displayed upon execution.



- The script then downloads a file named real.txt from the group_0721 repository. It replaces the string \$upFolder with a timestamped value (ntxBill_{MMdd_HHmm}), then re-uploads the modified script back to the attacker's

repository using the filename `real.txt_{MMdd_HHmm}.txt`. This allows the attacker to dynamically manage scripts based on infection time.

- To establish persistence, the script creates a file named `MicrosoftEdgeUpdate.ps1` under the `%AppData%` path and writes a PowerShell code block defined in `main.ps1`.
- This block downloads the previously uploaded `real.txt_{MMdd_HHmm}.txt` file, saves it as `temporary.ps1` under `%AppData%`, and executes it.
- A scheduled task is then created to repeatedly run `temporary.ps1` at 30-minute intervals:
 - Task Name: `BitLocker MDM policy Refresh{DBHDFE12-496SDF-Q48D-SDEF-1865BCAD7E00}`
 - Trigger: One-time execution after 5 minutes, then every 30 minutes
- This mechanism allows the attacker to automatically fetch and execute updated PowerShell scripts over time.
- Additionally, a file named `first.txt` is downloaded from the repository, with folder names similarly modified to `ntxBill_{MMdd_HHmm}`. It is saved as `%AppData% emporary.ps1` and appears to be executed immediately after initial infection, prior to the scheduled task being activated.

4) temporary.ps1: Info-Stealer

- The first downloaded `first.txt` (saved as `temporary.ps1`) functions as an info-stealer. It collects:
 - IP address (first NIC, first IP)
 - Current time (`MMdd_HHmm`)
 - Last boot time
 - OS information (Caption/Version/Build/Architecture)
 - Hardware information (Manufacturer/Model/Domain/Memory from `Win32_ComputerSystem`)
 - Device type: Notebook (Mobile) or Desktop
 - OS installation date
 - List of running processes
- All collected data is written to a log file and uploaded to the attacker's repository under a folder named `ntxBill_{MMdd_HHmm}`.

5) temporary.ps1: Time Logger

- The later-downloaded `real.txt_{MMdd_HHmm}.txt` file is also saved as `temporary.ps1` and executed via the task scheduler. It creates a log file and records the last boot time, which is uploaded to the same folder (`ntxBill_{MMdd_HHmm}`).

GitHub Repositories used by Kimsuky

- By analyzing the hardcoded token, investigators identified nine private repositories associated with the attacker as of August 20, 2025:
 - `group_0717/`
 - `group_0721/`

- test/
 - hometax/
 - group_0803/
 - group_0805/
 - group_0811/
 - fsc_doc/
 - repayment/
- Commit history from these repositories revealed the email address used by the attacker during GitHub account creation:
- Email: sahiwalsuzuki4[[@](mailto:sahiwalsuzuki4@gmail.com)]gmail.com
- These repositories contained logs exfiltrated from infected systems, decoy documents used in the campaign, and files resembling payment reminders, business reports, and audit-related documents.
- Notably, one test log generated by the info-stealer included the process names xeno_rat_server and rdpclip, indicating the presence of remote administration tools and clipboard monitoring.

Recommended Threat Detection and Mitigation Actions:

- Given the group's continued abuse of trusted infrastructure (such as GitHub) and the use of PowerShell-based malware for information theft, the following actions are strongly recommended:
 - Monitor traffic to api.github.com, especially PUT /repos/*/contents/ requests
 - Detect the creation of scheduled tasks indicative of malware persistence mechanisms

 Report Author: S2W TALON

 Contact us: <https://s2w.inc/en/contact>

*The full report is available upon request and for QUAXAR subscribers.



Source: <https://s2w.inc/en/resource/detail/920>