

Execution Guardrails, Technique T1480 - Enterprise

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[S1194 Akira_v2](#)

[Akira_v2](#) will fail to execute if the targeted `/vmfs/volumes/` path does not exist or is not defined.^[4]

[S0504 Anchor](#)

[Anchor](#) can terminate itself if specific execution flags are not present.^[5]

[S1133 Apostle](#)

[Apostle](#)'s ransomware variant requires that a base64-encoded argument is passed when executed, that is used as the Public Key for subsequent encryption operations. If [Apostle](#) is executed without this argument, it automatically runs a self-delete function.^[6]

[S0570 BitPaymer](#)

[BitPaymer](#) compares file names and paths to a list of excluded names and directory names during encryption.^[7]

[G1043 BlackByte](#)

[BlackByte](#) stopped execution if identified language settings on victim machines was Russian or one of several language associated with former Soviet republics.^[8] [BlackByte](#) has used ransomware variants requiring a key passed on the command line for the malware to execute.^[9]

[S1180 BlackByte Ransomware](#)

[BlackByte Ransomware](#) creates a mutex value with a hard-coded name, and terminates if that mutex already exists on the victim system. [BlackByte Ransomware](#) checks the system language to see if it matches one of a list of hard-coded values; if a match is found, the malware will terminate.^[10]

[S1184 BOLDMOVE](#)

[BOLDMOVE](#) verifies it is executing from a specific path during execution.^[11]

[S0635 BoomBox](#)

[BoomBox](#) can check its current working directory and for the presence of a specific file and terminate if specific values are not found.^[12]

[S1161 BPFDoor](#)

[BPFDoor](#) creates a zero byte PID file at `/var/run/haldrund.pid` . [BPFDoor](#) uses this file to determine if it is already running on a system to ensure only one instance is executing at a time. ^[13]

[S1149 CHIMNEYSWEEP](#)

[CHIMNEYSWEEP](#) can execute a task which leads to execution if it finds a process name containing "creensaver." ^[14]

[G1052 Contagious Interview](#)

[Contagious Interview](#) has configured C2 endpoints to review IP geolocation, request headers, victim environment details and runtime conditions prior to delivering payloads. ^[15]

[S1111 DarkGate](#)

[DarkGate](#) uses per-victim links for hosting malicious archives, such as ZIP files, in services such as SharePoint to prevent other entities from retrieving them. ^[16]

[S1052 DEADEYE](#)

[DEADEYE](#) can ensure it executes only on intended systems by identifying the victim's volume serial number, hostname, and/or DNS domain. ^[17]

[S0634 EnvyScout](#)

[EnvyScout](#) can call `window.location.pathname` to ensure that embedded files are being executed from the C: drive, and will terminate if they are not. ^[12]

[S1179 Exbyte](#)

[Exbyte](#) checks for the presence of a configuration file before completing execution. ^[18]

[G0047 Gamaredon Group](#)

[Gamaredon Group](#) has used geoblocking to limit downloads of the malicious file to specific geographic locations. ^{[19][20]}

[S1185 LightSpy](#)

On macOS, [LightSpy](#) checks the existence of a process identification number (PID) file, `/Users/Shared/irc.pid` , to verify if [LightSpy](#) is currently running. ^[21]

[S1199 LockBit 2.0](#)

[LockBit 2.0](#) will not execute on hosts where the system language is set to a language spoken in the Commonwealth of Independent States region. ^{[22][23]}

[S1202 LockBit 3.0](#)

[LockBit 3.0](#) can make execution dependent on specific parameters including a unique passphrase and the system language of the targeted host not being found on a set exclusion list. [\[24\]](#)[\[25\]](#)[\[26\]](#)

[S1143 LunarLoader](#)

[LunarLoader](#) can use the DNS domain name of a compromised host to create a decryption key to ensure a malicious payload can only execute against the intended targets. [\[27\]](#)

[S0637 NativeZone](#)

[NativeZone](#) can check for the presence of KM.EkeyAlmaz1C.dll and will halt execution unless it is in the same directory as the rest of the malware's components. [\[12\]](#)[\[28\]](#)

[S1242 Qilin](#)

[Qilin](#) can require a specific password to be passed by command-line argument during execution which must match a pre-defined value in the configuration in order for it to continue execution. [\[29\]](#)

[S1212 RansomHub](#)

[RansomHub](#) will terminate without proceeding to encryption if the infected machine is on a list of allowlisted machines specified in its configuration. [\[30\]](#)

[S1130 Raspberry Robin](#)

[Raspberry Robin](#) will check for the presence of several security products on victim machines and will avoid UAC bypass mechanisms if they are identified. [\[31\]](#) [Raspberry Robin](#) can use specific cookie values in HTTP requests to command and control infrastructure to validate that requests for second stage payloads originate from the initial downloader script. [\[32\]](#)

[C0047 RedDelta Modified PlugX Infection Chain Operations](#)

[Mustang Panda](#) included the use of Cloudflare geofencing mechanisms to limit payload download activity during [RedDelta Modified PlugX Infection Chain Operations](#). [\[33\]](#)

[S1240 RedLine Stealer](#)

[RedLine Stealer](#) has built in settings to not operate based on geolocation or country of the victim host. [\[34\]](#)[\[35\]](#)

[S1150 ROADSWEEP](#)

[ROADSWEEP](#) requires four command line arguments to execute correctly, otherwise it will produce a message box and halt execution. [\[14\]](#)[\[36\]](#)[\[37\]](#)

[S1210 Sagerunex](#)

[Sagerunex](#) uses a "servicemain" function to verify its environment to ensure it can only be executed as a service, as well as the existence of a configuration file in a specified directory. [\[38\]](#)

[S1178 ShrinkLocker](#)

[ShrinkLocker](#) will exit its "main" function if the victim domain name does not match provided criteria. [\[39\]](#)

[S1035 Small Sieve](#)

[Small Sieve](#) can only execute correctly if the word `Platypus` is passed to it on the command line. [\[40\]](#)

[S1200 StealBit](#)

[StealBit](#) will execute an empty infinite loop if it detects it is being run in the context of a debugger. [\[41\]](#)

[S1183 StrelaStealer](#)

[StrelaStealer](#) variants only execute if the keyboard layout or language matches a set list of variables. [\[42\]](#)[\[43\]](#)

[S0603 Stuxnet](#)

[Stuxnet](#) checks for specific operating systems on 32-bit machines, Registry keys, and dates for vulnerabilities, and will exit execution if the values are not met. [\[44\]](#)

[S0562 SUNSPOT](#)

[SUNSPOT](#) only replaces SolarWinds Orion source code if the MD5 checksums of both the original source code file and backdoored replacement source code match hardcoded values. [\[45\]](#)

[S1239 TONESHELL](#)

[TONESHELL](#) has an exception handler that executes when ESET antivirus applications `ekrn.exe` and `egui.exe` are not found and directly injects its code into `waitfor.exe` using Native Windows API including `WriteProcessMemory` and `CreateRemoteThreadEx`. [\[46\]](#)

[S0678 Torisma](#)

[Torisma](#) is only delivered to a compromised host if the victim's IP address is on an allow-list. [\[47\]](#)

[S0636 VaporRage](#)

[VaporRage](#) has the ability to check for the presence of a specific DLL and terminate if it is not found. [\[12\]](#)

Source: <https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1480>