

MarkiRAT, Software S0652 | MITRE ATT&CK®

Archived: 2026-04-05 14:07:17 UTC

Enterprise [T1071 .001 Application Layer Protocol: Web Protocols](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can initiate communication over HTTP/HTTPS for its C2 server.^[1]

Enterprise [T1197 BITS Jobs](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can use BITS Utility to connect with the C2 server.^[1]

Enterprise [T1547 .001 Boot or Logon Autostart Execution: Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can drop its payload into the Startup directory to ensure it automatically runs when the compromised system is started.^[1]

[.009 Boot or Logon Autostart Execution: Shortcut Modification](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can modify the shortcut that launches Telegram by replacing its path with the malicious payload to launch with the legitimate executable.^[1]

Enterprise [T1115 Clipboard Data](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can capture clipboard content.^[1]

Enterprise [T1059 .003 Command and Scripting Interpreter: Windows Command Shell](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can utilize cmd.exe to execute commands in a victim's environment.^[1]

Enterprise [T1555 .005 Credentials from Password Stores: Password Managers](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can gather information from the Keepass password manager.^[1]

Enterprise [T1005 Data from Local System](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can upload data from the victim's machine to the C2 server.^[1]

Enterprise [T1074 .001 Data Staged: Local Data Staging](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can store collected data locally in a created .nfo file.^[1]

Enterprise [T1041 Exfiltration Over C2 Channel](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can exfiltrate locally stored data via its C2.^[1]

Enterprise [T1083 File and Directory Discovery](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can look for files carrying specific extensions such as: .rtf, .doc, .docx, .xls, .xlsx, .ppt, .pptx, .pps, .ppsx, .txt, .pgp, .pkr, .kdbx, .key, and .jpb.^[1]

Enterprise [T1105 Ingress Tool Transfer](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can download additional files and tools from its C2 server, including through the use of [BITSAdmin](#).^[1]

Enterprise [T1056 .001 Input Capture: Keylogging](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can capture all keystrokes on a compromised host.^[1]

Enterprise [T1036 .005 Masquerading: Match Legitimate Resource Name or Location](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can masquerade as `update.exe` and `svehost.exe` ; it has also mimicked legitimate Telegram and Chrome files.^[1]

Enterprise [T1106 Native API](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can run the ShellExecuteW API via the Windows Command Shell.^[1]

Enterprise [T1057 Process Discovery](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can search for different processes on a system.^[1]

Enterprise [T1113 Screen Capture](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can capture screenshots that are initially saved as 'scr.jpg'.^[1]

Enterprise [T1518 Software Discovery](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can check for the Telegram installation directory by enumerating the files on disk.^[1]

[.001 Security Software Discovery](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can check for running processes on the victim's machine to look for Kaspersky and Bitdefender antivirus products.^[1]

Enterprise [T1082 System Information Discovery](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can obtain the computer name from a compromised host.^[1]

Enterprise [T1614 .001 System Location Discovery: System Language Discovery](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can use the `GetKeyboardLayout` API to check if a compromised host's keyboard is set to Persian.^[1]

Enterprise [T1033 System Owner/User Discovery](#)

[MarkiRAT](#) can retrieve the victim's username.^[1]

Source: <https://attack.mitre.org/software/S0652>