

# MAR-10322463-5.v1 - AppleJeus: CoinGoTrade | CISA

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```
body#cma-body { font-family: Franklin Gothic Medium, Franklin Gothic, ITC Franklin Gothic, Arial, sans-serif; font-size: 15px; } table#cma-table { width: 900px; margin: 2px; table-layout: fixed; border-collapse: collapse; } div#cma-exercise { width: 900px; height: 30px; text-align: center; line-height: 30px; font-weight: bold; font-size: 18px; } div#cma-header { text-align: center; margin-bottom: 40px; } div#cma-footer { text-align: center; margin-top: 20px; } h2.cma-tp { background-color: #000; color: #ffffff; width: 180px; height: 30px; text-align: center; line-height: 30px; font-weight: bold; font-size: 18px; float: right; } span.cma-fou { line-height: 30px; font-weight: bold; font-size: 16px; } h3.cma-section-title { font-size: 18px; font-weight: bold; padding: 0 10px; margin-top: 10px; } h4.cma-object-title { font-size: 16px; font-weight: bold; margin-left: 20px; } h5.cma-data-title { padding: 3px 0 3px 10px; margin: 10px 0 20px; background-color: #e7eef4; font-size: 15px; } p.cma-text { margin: 5px 0 0 25px !important; word-wrap: break-word !important; } div#cma-section { border-bottom: 5px solid #aaa; margin: 5px 0; padding-bottom: 10px; } div#cma-avoid-page-break { page-break-inside: avoid; } div#cma-summary { page-break-after: always; } div#cma-faq { page-break-after: always; } table.cma-content { border-collapse: collapse; margin-left: 20px; } table.cma-hashtes { table-layout: fixed; width: 880px; } table.cma-hashtes td { width: 780px; word-wrap: break-word; } .cma-left th { text-align: right; vertical-align: top; padding: 3px 8px 3px 20px; background-color: #f0f0f0; border-right: 1px solid #aaa; } .cma-left td { padding-left: 8px; } .cma-color-title th, .cma-color-list th, .cma-color-title-only th { text-align: left; padding: 3px 0 3px 20px; background-color: #f0f0f0; } .cma-color-title td, .cma-color-list td, .cma-color-title-only td { padding: 3px 20px; } .cma-color-title tr:nth-child(odd) { background-color: #f0f0f0; } .cma-color-list tr:nth-child(even) { background-color: #f0f0f0; } td.cma-relationship { max-width: 310px; word-wrap: break-word; } ul.cma-ul { margin: 5px 0 10px 0; } ul.cma-ul li { line-height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px; word-wrap: break-word; } #cma-survey { font-weight: bold; font-style: italic; } div#cma-banner-container { position: relative; text-align: center; color: white; } img.cma-banner { max-width: 900px; height: auto; } img.cma-nccic-logo { max-height: 60px; width: auto; float: left; margin-top: -15px; } div#cma-report-name { position: absolute; bottom: 32px; left: 12px; font-size: 20px; } div#cma-report-number { position: absolute; bottom: 70px; right: 100px; font-size: 18px; } div#cma-report-date { position: absolute; bottom: 32px; right: 100px; font-size: 18px; } img.cma-thumbnail { max-height: 100px; width: auto; vertical-align: top; } img.cma-screenshot { margin: 10px 0 0 25px; max-width: 800px; height: auto; vertical-align: top; border: 1px solid #000; } div#cma-screenshot-text { margin: 10px 0 0 25px; } .cma-break-word { word-wrap: break-word; } .cma-tag { border-radius: 5px; padding: 1px 10px; margin-right: 10px; } .cma-tag-info { background: #f0f0f0; } .cma-tag-warning { background: #ffdead; }
```

## Notification

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## Summary

### Description

This Malware Analysis Report (MAR) is the result of analytic efforts among the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA), and the Department of Treasury (Treasury) to highlight the cyber threat to cryptocurrency posed by North Korea, formally known as the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK), and provide mitigation recommendations. Working with U.S. government partners, FBI, CISA, and Treasury assess that Lazarus Group—which these agencies attribute to North Korean state-sponsored advanced persistent threat (APT) actors—is targeting individuals and companies, including cryptocurrency exchanges and financial service companies, through the dissemination of cryptocurrency trading applications that have been modified to include malware that facilitates theft of cryptocurrency.

This MAR highlights this cyber threat posed by North Korea and provides detailed indicators of compromise (IOCs) used by the North Korean government. The U.S. Government refers to malicious cyber activity by the North Korean government as HIDDEN COBRA. For more information on other versions of AppleJeus and recommended steps to mitigate this threat, see Joint Cybersecurity Advisory AA21-048A: AppleJeus: Analysis of North Korea's Cryptocurrency Malware at <https://www.us-cert.cisa.gov/ncas/alerts/AA21-048A>.

There have been multiple versions of AppleJeus malware discovered since its initial discovery in August 2018. In most versions, the malware appears to be from a legitimate-looking cryptocurrency trading company and website, whereby an unsuspecting individual downloads a third-party application from a website that appears legitimate.

The U.S. Government has identified AppleJeus malware version—CoinGoTrade—and associated IOCs used by the North Korean government in AppleJeus operations.

CoinGoTrade discovered in October 2020, is a legitimate-looking cryptocurrency trading software that is marketed and distributed by a company and website—CoinGoTrade and coingotrade[.]com, respectively—that appear legitimate. Some information has been redacted from this report to preserve victim anonymity.

For a downloadable copy of IOCs, see: [MAR-10322463-5.v1.stix](#).

**Submitted Files (7)**

326d7836d580c08cf4b5e587434f6e5011ebf2284bbf3e7c083a8f41dac36ddd (CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon)

[Redacted] (CoinGoTrade.msi)

3e5442440aea07229a1bf6ca2fdf78c5e2e5eaac312a325ccb49d45da14f97f4 (CoinGoTrade.exe)

527792dfab79f026eaa6930d2109c93e816ed31826dba0338a9223db71aced18 (CoinGo\_Trade)

572a124f5665be68eaa472590f3ba75bf34b0ea2942b5fcbfd3e74654202dd09 (CoinGoTradeUpdate.exe)

5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8 (prtspool)

[Redacted] (CoinGoTrade.dmg)

**Domains (4)**

airbseeker.com

coingotrade.com

globalkeystroke.com

woodmate.it

**IPs (1)**

23.152.0.101

**Findings**

[Redacted]

**Tags**

dropper

**Details**

<b>Name</b>	CoinGoTrade.msi
<b>Size</b>	[Redacted] bytes
<b>Type</b>	Composite Document File V2 Document, Little Endian, Os: Windows, Version 10.0, MSI Installer, Security: 0, Code page: 1252, Number of Words: 2, Subject: CoinGoTrade, Author: CoinGoTrade, Name of Creating Application: Advanced Installer 14.5.2 build 83143, Template: ;1033, Comments: This installer database contains the logic and data required to install CoinGoTrade., Title: Installation Database, Keywords: Installer, MSI, Database, Number of Pages: 200
<b>MD5</b>	[Redacted]
<b>SHA1</b>	[Redacted]
<b>SHA256</b>	[Redacted]
<b>SHA512</b>	[Redacted]

<b>ssdeep</b>	[Redacted]
<b>Entropy</b>	[Redacted]

**Antivirus**

<b>Avira</b>	TR/NukeSped.lyfhd
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**YARA Rules**

No matches found.

**ssdeep Matches**

No matches found.

**Relationships**

[Redacted]	Downloaded_By	coingotrade.com
[Redacted]	Contains	3e5442440aea07229a1bf6ca2fdf78c5e2e5eaac312a325ccb49d45da14f97f4
[Redacted]	Contains	572a124f5665be68eaa472590f3ba75bf34b0ea2942b5fcbfd3e74654202dd09

**Description**

This Windows program from the CoinGoTrade site is a Windows MSI Installer. The installer appears to be legitimate and will install "CoinGoTrade.exe" (3e5442440aea07229a1bf6ca2fdf78c5e2e5eaac312a325ccb49d45da14f97f4) in the "C:\Program Files (x86)\CoinGoTrade" folder. It will also install "CoinGoTradeUpdate.exe" (572a124f5665be68eaa472590f3ba75bf34b0ea2942b5fcbfd3e74654202dd09) in the "C:\Users\  
<username>\AppData\Roaming\CoinGoTradeSupport" folder. Immediately after installation, the installer launches "CoinGoTradeUpdate.exe." During installation, a "CoinGoTrade" folder containing the "CoinGoTrade.exe" application is added to the start menu.

**Screenshots**

**Figure 1** - Screenshot of "CoinGoTrade" installation.

**coingotrade.com**

**URLs**

- coingotrade.com/update\_coingotrade.php
- hxxps[:]//coingotrade.com/download/[GUID]

**Whois**

Whois for coingotrade.com had the following information:

Registrar: NAMECHEAP INC

Creation Date: 2020-02-28

Registrar Registration Expiration Date: 2021-02-28

**Relationships**

coingotrade.com	Downloaded	[Redacted]
coingotrade.com	Connected_From	572a124f5665be68eaa472590f3ba75bf34b0ea2942b5fcbfd3e74654202dd09
coingotrade.com	Downloaded	[Redacted]

**Description**

The domain "coingotrade.com" had a legitimately signed Sectigo Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) certificate, which was "Domain Control Validated," similar to the domain certificates for previous AppleJeus variants. Investigation revealed the

point of contact listed for verification was support[@]coingotrade.com. No other contact information was available as the administrative or technical contact for the coingotrade.com domain.

The domain is registered with NameCheap at the IP address 198.54.114.175 with ASN 22612.

Investigation revealed the IP address 198.54.114.175 was hosted at NameCheap, but no records were available at the time of writing.

**Screenshots**

**Figure 2** - Screenshot of the "CoinGoTrade" website.

**3e5442440aea07229a1bf6ca2fdf78c5e2e5eaac312a325ccb49d45da14f97f4**

**Tags**

trojan

**Details**

<b>Name</b>	CoinGoTrade.exe
<b>Size</b>	166912 bytes
<b>Type</b>	PE32 executable (GUI) Intel 80386 Mono/.Net assembly, for MS Windows
<b>MD5</b>	88de31ad947927004ab56ab1e855fd64
<b>SHA1</b>	1d1f9f3ee8329c3f3033222a46c7a311f259a359
<b>SHA256</b>	3e5442440aea07229a1bf6ca2fdf78c5e2e5eaac312a325ccb49d45da14f97f4
<b>SHA512</b>	6e8391afc19ddfb841b79cc9b697fcd162d3a94a79976d3525476475d6f6e684ce9f2ba3a433cd725a51a71f6f74635a109914ff14252fac7e
<b>ssdeep</b>	3072:ssXh1ExFDi8z4C3Ssi5jCxe7IDYQFNY7BGMDK49eQ:sZRul5rLK4s
<b>Entropy</b>	4.402659

**Antivirus**

<b>Ahnlab</b>	Trojan/Win32.FakeCoinTrader
<b>BitDefender</b>	Gen:Variant.MSILHeracles.2293
<b>ESET</b>	a variant of MSIL/Agent.TYJ trojan
<b>Emsisoft</b>	Gen:Variant.MSILHeracles.2293 (B)
<b>Lavasoft</b>	Gen:Variant.MSILHeracles.2293

**YARA Rules**

No matches found.

**ssdeep Matches**

No matches found.

**PE Metadata**

<b>Compile Date</b>	2020-03-17 04:55:13-04:00
<b>Import Hash</b>	f34d5f2d4577ed6d9ceec516c1f5a744
<b>File Description</b>	CryptoMex
<b>Internal Name</b>	CoinGoTrade.exe
<b>Legal Copyright</b>	Copyright © 2020

<b>Original Filename</b>	CoinGoTrade.exe
<b>Product Name</b>	CryptoMex
<b>Product Version</b>	1.0.0.0

**PE Sections**

MD5	Name	Raw Size	Entropy
ebb11bba122a2fc761dff1d05defdb0	header	512	2.714333
b0d3ef9b5a227d092cf27c40c028d82d	.text	40960	4.785436
35d28033f1f2359f265d8f406fc2c620	.rsrc	124928	4.154855
9d7ce3b9440143a341b9232fc0cb38ce	.reloc	512	0.081539

**Packers/Compilers/Cryptors**

Microsoft Visual C# v7.0 / Basic .NET

**Relationships**

3e5442440a...	Contained_Within	[Redacted]
3e5442440a...	Connected_To	23.152.0.101

**Description**

This file is a 32-bit Windows executable contained within the Windows MSI Installer "CoinGoTrade.msi." When executed, "CoinGoTrade.exe" loads a legitimate looking cryptocurrency wallet application with no signs of malicious activity. The strings for "CoinGoTrade.exe" contain the command and control (C2) "hxxp[://]23.152.0.101:8080/ which was also identified in the MacOS CoinGo\_Trade (527792dfab79f026eaa6930d2109c93e816ed31826dba0338a9223db71aced18) and the Kupay Wallet Stage 2 from AppleJeuS version 4. In addition, a build path is present in the strings "U:\work\CryptoMex\teobot\teobot\obj\Release\CoinGoTrade.pdb" and the file properties description also states "CryptoMex." CryptoMex is likely an open source cryptocurrency application which was copied in order to create this application.

**Screenshots**

**Figure 3** - Screenshot of "CryptoMex" listed in CoinGoTrade.exe" properties.

**23.152.0.101**

**Tags**

command-and-control

**Ports**

- 8080 TCP

**Whois**

Queried whois.arin.net with "n 23.152.0.101"...

NetRange: 23.152.0.0 - 23.152.0.255  
 CIDR: 23.152.0.0/24  
 NetName: CROWNCLLOUD-V6V4  
 NetHandle: NET-23-152-0-0-1  
 Parent: NET23 (NET-23-0-0-0-0)  
 NetType: Direct Allocation  
 OriginAS: AS8100  
 Organization: Crowncloud US LLC (CUL-34)  
 RegDate: 2015-11-23

Updated: 2015-11-23  
 Comment: IPs in this block are statically assigned, please report any abuse to admin@crownccloud.us  
 Ref: https://rdap.arin.net/registry/ip/23.152.0.0

OrgName: Crownccloud US LLC  
 OrgId: CUL-34  
 Address: 530 W 6th St  
 Address: C/O Cid 4573 Quadrant Inc. Ste 901  
 City: Los Angeles  
 StateProv: CA  
 PostalCode: 90014-1207  
 Country: US  
 RegDate: 2014-07-25  
 Updated: 2017-10-10  
 Ref: https://rdap.arin.net/registry/entity/CUL-34

OrgTechHandle: CROWN9-ARIN  
 OrgTechName: Crownccloud Support  
 OrgTechPhone: +1-940-867-4072  
 OrgTechEmail: admin@crownccloud.us  
 OrgTechRef: https://rdap.arin.net/registry/entity/CROWN9-ARIN

OrgAbuseHandle: CROWN9-ARIN  
 OrgAbuseName: Crownccloud Support  
 OrgAbusePhone: +1-940-867-4072  
 OrgAbuseEmail: admin@crownccloud.us  
 OrgAbuseRef: https://rdap.arin.net/registry/entity/CROWN9-ARIN

**Relationships**

23.152.0.101	Connected_From	3e5442440aea07229a1bf6ca2fdf78c5e2e5eaac312a325ccb49d45da14f97f4
23.152.0.101	Connected_From	527792dfab79f026eaa6930d2109c93e816ed31826dba0338a9223db71aced18

**Description**

This IP address is the C2 for "CoinGoTrade.exe" and "CoinGo\_Trade."

**572a124f5665be68eaa472590f3ba75bf34b0ea2942b5fcbfd3e74654202dd09**

**Tags**

trojan

**Details**

<b>Name</b>	CoinGoTradeUpdate.exe
<b>Size</b>	115712 bytes
<b>Type</b>	PE32+ executable (GUI) x86-64, for MS Windows
<b>MD5</b>	149a696472d4a189f5896336ab16cc34
<b>SHA1</b>	dec43141699e43a1d27dc2db063e0020f9f33aa
<b>SHA256</b>	572a124f5665be68eaa472590f3ba75bf34b0ea2942b5fcbfd3e74654202dd09
<b>SHA512</b>	32081f04a1b4a9540aad81a2a20c00c81ade40624d446babebeb7230bb84025ba59516fab1388aad3fbf6842811ef2d8d6f0978950442c32
<b>ssdeep</b>	3072:FHAqeXaeHx9pdpqw6IQIsMF6s3yv7pHOB0:FWXaeHxrvB6X9M33
<b>Entropy</b>	6.128250

**Antivirus**

<b>Ahnlab</b>	Trojan/Win64.FakeCoinTrader
<b>Avira</b>	TR/NukeSped.ooibk
<b>ESET</b>	a variant of Win64/NukeSped.CR trojan
<b>Ikarus</b>	Trojan.Win64.Nukesped
<b>K7</b>	Trojan ( 00567f291 )
<b>Symantec</b>	Trojan.Gen.2
<b>TACHYON</b>	Trojan/W64.APosT.115712
<b>Zillya!</b>	Trojan.APosT.Win32.1433

**YARA Rules**

No matches found.

**ssdeep Matches**

<b>94</b>	fc1aafd2ed190fa523e60c3d22b6f7ca049d97fc41c9a2fe987576d6b5e81d6d
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**PE Metadata**

<b>Compile Date</b>	2020-03-17 21:02:52-04:00
<b>Import Hash</b>	565005404f00b7def4499142ade5e3dd

**PE Sections**

<b>MD5</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Raw Size</b>	<b>Entropy</b>
d959d6ecb853f993046f81f109f7a5a9	header	1024	2.714314
e350351a05606da16418a7f01436cd7d	.text	65536	6.455927
5889779ac56e5fa9aa8123921d9ba943	.rdata	39936	5.084443
dbf3b39f579f6cafbdf3960f0a87f5f9	.data	2560	1.851526
9b5c53415d33ef775d744a48f71fcd18	.pdata	4096	4.957426
90e2eb1b90616d039eca5e2627ea1134	.gfids	512	1.320519
3f1861d2a0b1dc2d1329c9d2b3353924	.reloc	2048	4.762609

**Packers/Compilers/Cryptors**

Microsoft Visual C++ 8.0 (DLL)

**Relationships**

572a124f56...	Contained_Within	[Redacted]
572a124f56...	Connected_To	coingotrade.com

**Description**

This file is a 32-bit Windows executable contained within the Windows MSI Installer "CoinGoTrade.msi." When executed, CoinGoTradeUpdate.exe will install itself as a service, which will automatically start when any user logs on. The service is installed with the description of "Automatic CoinGoTrade Upgrade."

After installing the service, "CoinGoTradeUpdate.exe" has similar behavior to the updater component for AppleJeuS version 4 "Kupay Wallet." On startup "CoinGoUpdate.exe" allocates memory to write a file. After allocating the memory and storing the hard-coded string "Latest" in a variable, the program attempts to open a network connection. The connection is named "CoinGoTrade 1.0 (Check Update Windows)," which is likely to avoid suspicion from a user.

Similarly, to previous AppleJeus variants, "CoinGoTradeUpdate.exe" collects some basic information from the system as well as a timestamp, and places the collected information in hard-coded format strings. Specifically, the timestamp is placed into a format string "ver=%d&timestamp=%lu" where "ver" is set as the 1000, possibly referring to the CoinGoTrade version previously mentioned. This basic information and hard-coded strings are sent via a POST to the C2 "coingotrade.com/update\_coingotrade.php." If the POST is successful (i.e. returns an HTTP response status code of 200) but fails any of multiple different checks, "CoinGoTradeUpdate.exe" will sleep for two minutes and then regenerate the timestamp and contact the C2 again.

After receiving the payload from the C2, the program writes the payload to memory and executes the payload.

The payload for the Windows malware could not be downloaded, as the C2 server "coingotrade.com/coingotrade\_update.php" was no longer accessible. In addition, the sample was not identified in open source reporting for this sample. The Windows payload is likely similar in functionality to "prtspool" (5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8) the OSX stage 2 sample.

**Screenshots**

**Figure 4** - Screenshot of the format string and version.

[Redacted]

**Tags**

droppertrojan

**Details**

<b>Name</b>	CoinGoTrade.dmg
<b>Size</b>	[Redacted] bytes
<b>Type</b>	zlib compressed data
<b>MD5</b>	[Redacted]
<b>SHA1</b>	[Redacted]
<b>SHA256</b>	[Redacted]
<b>SHA512</b>	[Redacted]
<b>ssdeep</b>	[Redacted]
<b>Entropy</b>	[Redacted]

**Antivirus**

No matches found.

**YARA Rules**

No matches found.

**ssdeep Matches**

No matches found.

**Relationships**

[Redacted]	Downloaded_By	coingotrade.com
[Redacted]	Contains	527792dfab79f026eaa6930d2109c93e816ed31826dba0338a9223db71aced18
[Redacted]	Contains	326d7836d580c08cf4b5e587434f6e5011ebf2284bbf3e7c083a8f41dac36ddd

**Description**

This OSX program from the CoinGoTrade site is an Apple DMG installer. The installer was hosted at `hxxps[:]//coingotrade.com/[GUID]`. The [GUID] is a unique file that is crafted for a specific victim and is being withheld to preserve the identity of the intended recipient. The OSX program is an Apple DMG installer with the file name `CoinGoTrade.dmg`.

The OSX program does not have a digital signature and will warn the user of that before installation. As all previous versions of AppleJeus, the CoinGoTrade installer appears to be legitimate and installs both "CoinGo\_Trade" (527792dfab79f026eaa6930d2109c93e816ed31826dba0338a9223db71aced18) in the `"/Applications/CoinGoTrade.app/Contents/MacOS/"` folder and a program named "CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon" (326d7836d580c08cf4b5e587434f6e5011ebf2284bbf3e7c083a8f41dac36ddd) also in the `"/Applications/CoinGoTrade.app/Contents/MacOS/"` folder. The installer contains a postinstall script (Figure 5).

The postinstall script is identical in functionality to the postinstall scripts from previous AppleJeus variants and is identical to the AppleJeus variant 4 "Kupay" postinstall script without the "launchctl" command. The postinstall script creates a "CoinGoTradeService" folder in the OSX "Library/Application Support" folder and moves "CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon" to it. The "Application Support" folder contains both system and third-party support files which are necessary for program operation. Typically, the subfolders have names matching those of the actual applications. At installation, CoinGoTrade placed the plist file (`com.coingotrade.pkg.product.plist`) in `"/Library/LaunchDaemons/"`.

As the LaunchDaemon will not be run immediately after the plist file is moved, the postinstall script then launches the "CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon" program in the background.

**Screenshots**

**Figure 5** - Screenshot of the postinstall script.

**Figure 6** - Screenshot of "`com.coingotrade.pkg.product.plist`."

**527792dfab79f026eaa6930d2109c93e816ed31826dba0338a9223db71aced18**

**Tags**

trojan

**Details**

<b>Name</b>	CoinGo_Trade
<b>Size</b>	49536 bytes
<b>Type</b>	Mach-O 64-bit x86_64 executable, flags:<NOUNDEFS DYLDLINK TWOLEVEL PIE>
<b>MD5</b>	7a73178c682d1a61b2f1c61ae558b608
<b>SHA1</b>	358f4c8575c82f45340886f282d41ca0560cfa6e
<b>SHA256</b>	527792dfab79f026eaa6930d2109c93e816ed31826dba0338a9223db71aced18
<b>SHA512</b>	bb044103c9d2abd04b06a7bae31215302e8310ef5e815ee15025b430b9ea230c7246c96769b2f03a614e1d196ab9bbdf9d3b49980d1b282f
<b>ssdeep</b>	384:O6XCyCjaTtLXN8KzIBAsyDfpBkSp6nHYAZvamQ5nT:O6XZnRNnzICsyuHYrBxgn
<b>Entropy</b>	3.472034

**Antivirus**

No matches found.

**YARA Rules**

No matches found.

**ssdeep Matches**

No matches found.

**Relationships**

527792dfab...	Contained_Within	[Redacted]
527792dfab...	Connected_To	23.152.0.101

**Description**

This OSX sample was contained within Apple DMG installer "CoinGoTrade.dmg." "CoinGo \_Trade" is likely a copy of an open source cryptocurrency application. The strings for "CoinGo\_Trade" contain the C2 hxxp[:]//23.152.0.101:8080, which is also found in the Windows CoinGoTrade.exe (3e5442440aea07229a1bf6ca2fdf78c5e2e5eaac312a325ccb49d45da14f97f4) and the Kupay Wallet Stage 2 from AppleJeus version 4.

**326d7836d580c08cf4b5e587434f6e5011ebf2284bbf3e7c083a8f41dac36ddd**

**Tags**

backdoortrojan

**Details**

<b>Name</b>	CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon
<b>Size</b>	33312 bytes
<b>Type</b>	Mach-O 64-bit x86_64 executable, flags:<NOUNDEFS DYLDLINK TWOLEVEL PIE>
<b>MD5</b>	0d195513534855e613bd7a29243565ab
<b>SHA1</b>	80923c208c2c821ed99e1ed8f50bd549598a210c
<b>SHA256</b>	326d7836d580c08cf4b5e587434f6e5011ebf2284bbf3e7c083a8f41dac36ddd
<b>SHA512</b>	d4c822252c03523a3e37edf314caa5142be230e2c34e3f5b648a944b88632e6e74af41bc9c8661c608fdff19822c590f6f98d41dc524385be3
<b>ssdeep</b>	192:fWkPKt21UIIymPTTDO/kqMd+K2uk6aLc4eL:fWIogUKmPTT8
<b>Entropy</b>	1.690330

**Antivirus**

<b>Ahnlab</b>	Trojan/OSX64.FakeCoinTrader.33313
<b>Antiy</b>	Trojan/Mac.NukeSped
<b>Avira</b>	OSX/NukeSped.ifaaj
<b>BitDefender</b>	Gen:Variant.Trojan.MAC.Lazarus.4
<b>ClamAV</b>	Osx.Malware.Agent-8010705-0
<b>ESET</b>	a variant of OSX/NukeSped.F trojan
<b>Emsisoft</b>	Gen:Variant.Trojan.MAC.Lazarus.4 (B)
<b>Ikarus</b>	Trojan.OSX.Nukesped
<b>Lavasoft</b>	Gen:Variant.Trojan.MAC.Lazarus.4
<b>McAfee</b>	OSX/Lazarus.c
<b>Microsoft Security Essentials</b>	Trojan:MacOS/NukeSped.D!MTB
<b>Quick Heal</b>	Mac.Backdoor.38173.GC
<b>Sophos</b>	OSX/NukeSped-AG
<b>Symantec</b>	OSX.Trojan.Gen
<b>TrendMicro</b>	TROJ_FR.84D8D3BE
<b>TrendMicro House Call</b>	TROJ_FR.84D8D3BE

Zillya!	Trojan.NukeSped.OSX.7
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**YARA Rules**

No matches found.

**ssdeep Matches**

No matches found.

**Relationships**

326d7836d5...	Contained_Within	[Redacted]
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**Description**

This OSX sample was contained within Apple DMG installer "CoinGoTrade.dmg." "CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon" is similar to "kupy\_upgrade" from AppleJeuS version 4. When executed, "CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon" will immediately sleep for five seconds and then test to see if the hard-coded value stored in "isReady" is a 0 or a 1. If it is a 0, the program sleeps again and if it is a 1, the function "CheckUpdate" is called. This function contains most of the logic functionality of the malware. "CheckUpdate" sends a POST to the C2 hxxps[:]//coingotrade.com/update\_coingotrade.php with a connection named "CoinGoTrade 1.0 (Check Update Osx).

If the C2 server returns a file, it is decoded and written to "/private/tmp/updatecoingotrade" and the permissions are set with the command "chmod" 700 (only the user can read, write, and execute). The stage 2 malware (/private/tmp/updatecoingotrade) is then launched and the malware "CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon" returns to sleeping and checking in with the C2 server.

The stage 2 payload for CoinGoTrade was no longer available from the specified download URL, however, there was a file "prtspool" (5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8) submitted to VirusTotal by the same user on the same date as "CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon." This suggests the submitted file may be related to the OSX malware and could be the downloaded payload. Analysis by Crowdstrike showed the file has the same encryption algorithm and initial key values as a Lazarus Group implant known as HOPLIGHT or MANUSCRIPT.

**Screenshots**

**Figure 7** - Screenshot of the C2 loaded into variable.

**Figure 8** - Screenshot of the format string.

**5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8**

**Tags**

backdoortrojan

**Details**

<b>Name</b>	prtspool
<b>Size</b>	57376 bytes
<b>Type</b>	Mach-O 64-bit x86_64 executable, flags:<NOUNDEFS DYLDLINK TWOLEVEL BINDS_TO_WEAK PIE>
<b>MD5</b>	451c23709ecd5a8461ad060f6346930c
<b>SHA1</b>	58b0516d28bd7218b1908fb266b8fe7582e22a5f
<b>SHA256</b>	5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8
<b>SHA512</b>	80961db270b9f15cff4b0443be79b253e0f98304990fceda03cd2b25393b0e483eacc553e7b33d20da23e3317fadc7b41f93c4a9da863b99c8
<b>ssdeep</b>	768:qQS5bSXXUkVSpVM0ZJfIKprXYgICxdAvV/hQJx62:gbGkjZ7KbICY/hQJx6
<b>Entropy</b>	4.259743

**Antivirus**

<b>Antiy</b>	Trojan[Backdoor]/OSX.NukeSped
<b>Avira</b>	OSX/NukeSped.vhsxo
<b>BitDefender</b>	Trojan.MAC.Generic.12195
<b>ClamAV</b>	Osx.Malware.Agent-8019494-0
<b>ESET</b>	a variant of OSX/NukeSped.E trojan
<b>Emsisoft</b>	Trojan.MAC.Generic.12195 (B)
<b>Ikarus</b>	Trojan.OSX.Nukesped
<b>Lavasoft</b>	Trojan.MAC.Generic.12195
<b>McAfee</b>	OSX/Nukesped.e
<b>Quick Heal</b>	Mac.Backdoor.38173.GC
<b>Sophos</b>	OSX/NukeSped-AF
<b>Symantec</b>	OSX.Trojan.Gen
<b>TrendMicro</b>	TROJ_FR.84D8D3BE
<b>TrendMicro House Call</b>	TROJ_FR.84D8D3BE
<b>Zillya!</b>	Trojan.NukeSped.OSX.14

**YARA Rules**

No matches found.

**ssdeep Matches**

No matches found.

**Relationships**

5e40d10697...	Connected_To	airbseeker.com
5e40d10697...	Connected_To	globalkeystroke.com
5e40d10697...	Connected_To	woodmate.it

**Description**

This file is a OSX samples that was likely the payload for the sample "CoinGoTradeUpgradeDaemon."This file "prtspool" is a 64-bit MACHO executable with the following capabilities:

- Begin capabilities--
- Perform a heart-beat check in with the current C2
- Sleep for the specified number of minutes
- Ensure a copy of the current configuration data is written to the file on disk
- Delete the configuration file and exit the implant.
- Upload the current in memory configuration data.
- Download a new configuration, overwrite the current in memory configuration and write the data to the file /private/etc/krb5d.conf
- Perform a secure delete or file wipe the specified file by overwriting it with all zeros before deleting it from the system.
- Download a file from the C2 and write it to the specified path.
- Upload a file from the specified file to the C2 server.
- Execute the specified command on the OS shell, pipe the output to a temporary file, and upload it to the C2.
- Execute the specified process.
- List the files and directories in the specified path.
- Perform a TCP connection to the specified IP address and port and report the status back to the C2.
- Set the current working directory to the specified path.
- End capabilities--

The file has three C2 URLs hard-coded into the file. In communicating with these servers, the file uses an HTTP POST with multipart-form data boundary string "--N9dLfqxHNUUw8qaUPqggVTpX." Similar to other Lazarus malware, "prtspool" uses format strings to store data collected about the system and sends it to the C2s.

--Begin C2 URLs--

hxxps[:]//airbseeker.com/rediret.php

hxxps[:]//globalkeystroke.com/pockbackx.php

hxxps[:]//www[.]woodmate.it/administrator/help/en-GB/bins/tags/taghelper.php.

--End C2 URLs--

**airbseeker.com**

**Tags**

command-and-control

**URLs**

- hxxps[:]//airbseeker.com/rediret.php

**Whois**

Whois for airbseeker.com had the following information:

Registrar: NAMECHEAP INC

Created: 2020-03-03

Expires: 2021-03-03

**Relationships**

airbseeker.com	Connected_From	5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8
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**Description**

The domain "airbseeker.com" has a legitimately signed Sectigo SSL certificate, which was "Domain Control Validated." The domain was at the IP address 68.65.122.160 with ASN 22612.

**globalkeystroke.com**

**Tags**

command-and-control

**Whois**

Whois for globalkeystroke.com had the following information:

Registrar: NAMECHEAP INC

Created: 2019-11-11

Expires: 2020-11-11

**Relationships**

globalkeystroke.com	Connected_From	5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8
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**Description**

The domain "globalkeystroke.com" has a legitimately signed Sectigo SSL certificate, which was "Domain Control Validated." Investigation revealed the point of contact listed for verification was admin[.]globalkeystroke.com. No other contact information was available as the administrative or technical contact for the globalkeystroke.com domain.

The domain is registered with NameCheap at the IP address 68.65.122.160 with ASN 22612. The IP address of 185.228.83.129 belongs to Access2.it Group B.v. ISP of the Netherlands. Whois information for the IP revealed the network name as belonging to CrownCloud of Australia.

On October 11, 2019, the IP address 185.228.83.129 was hosting the domain dev.jmtrading.org according to PassiveDNS. JMT Trading was the second variant of the AppleJeus malware.

**woodmate.it**

**Tags**

command-and-control

**Whois**

Whois for woodmate.it had the following information:

Registrar: REGISTRYGATE GMBH

Created: 2014-05-07

Expires: 2020-05-07

**Relationships**

woodmate.it	Connected_From	5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8
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**Description**

The domain "woodmate.it" has a legitimately signed Let's Encrypt certificate. Let's Encrypt is a nonprofit Certificate Authority which provides free and automated TLS/SSL certificates for anyone running their software. They do not perform any identity validation.

The domain is registered with RegistryGate GMBH of Germany at the IP address 85.13.146.113 with ASN 34788.

The IP address 85.13.146.113 is hosted by Neue Medien Muennich GmbH of Germany.

**Relationship Summary**

[Redacted]	Downloaded_By	coingotrade.com
[Redacted]	Contains	3e5442440aea07229a1bf6ca2fdf78c5e2e5eaac312a325ccb49d45da14f97f4
[Redacted]	Contains	572a124f5665be68eaa472590f3ba75bf34b0ea2942b5fcbfd3e74654202dd09
coingotrade.com	Downloaded	[Redacted]
coingotrade.com	Connected_From	572a124f5665be68eaa472590f3ba75bf34b0ea2942b5fcbfd3e74654202dd09
coingotrade.com	Downloaded	[Redacted]
3e5442440a...	Contained_Within	[Redacted]
3e5442440a...	Connected_To	23.152.0.101
23.152.0.101	Connected_From	3e5442440aea07229a1bf6ca2fdf78c5e2e5eaac312a325ccb49d45da14f97f4
23.152.0.101	Connected_From	527792dfab79f026eaa6930d2109c93e816ed31826dba0338a9223db71aced18
572a124f56...	Contained_Within	[Redacted]
572a124f56...	Connected_To	coingotrade.com
[Redacted]	Downloaded_By	coingotrade.com
[Redacted]	Contains	527792dfab79f026eaa6930d2109c93e816ed31826dba0338a9223db71aced18
[Redacted]	Contains	326d7836d580c08cf4b5e587434f6e5011ebf2284bbf3e7c083a8f41dac36ddd
527792dfab...	Contained_Within	[Redacted]
527792dfab...	Connected_To	23.152.0.101
326d7836d5...	Contained_Within	[Redacted]
5e40d10697...	Connected_To	airbseeker.com
5e40d10697...	Connected_To	globalkeystroke.com
5e40d10697...	Connected_To	woodmate.it
airbseeker.com	Connected_From	5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8

globalkeystroke.com	Connected_From	5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8
woodmate.it	Connected_From	5e40d106977017b1ed235419b1e59ff090e1f43ac57da1bb5d80d66ae53b1df8

## Recommendations

CISA recommends that users and administrators consider using the following best practices to strengthen the security posture of their organization's systems. Any configuration changes should be reviewed by system owners and administrators prior to implementation to avoid unwanted impacts.

- Maintain up-to-date antivirus signatures and engines.
- Keep operating system patches up-to-date.
- Disable File and Printer sharing services. If these services are required, use strong passwords or Active Directory authentication.
- Restrict users' ability (permissions) to install and run unwanted software applications. Do not add users to the local administrators group unless required.
- Enforce a strong password policy and implement regular password changes.
- Exercise caution when opening e-mail attachments even if the attachment is expected and the sender appears to be known.
- Enable a personal firewall on agency workstations, configured to deny unsolicited connection requests.
- Disable unnecessary services on agency workstations and servers.
- Scan for and remove suspicious e-mail attachments; ensure the scanned attachment is its "true file type" (i.e., the extension matches the file header).
- Monitor users' web browsing habits; restrict access to sites with unfavorable content.
- Exercise caution when using removable media (e.g., USB thumb drives, external drives, CDs, etc.).
- Scan all software downloaded from the Internet prior to executing.
- Maintain situational awareness of the latest threats and implement appropriate Access Control Lists (ACLs).


Additional information on malware incident prevention and handling can be found in National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication 800-83, "**Guide to Malware Incident Prevention & Handling for Desktops and Laptops**".

## Contact Information

### Document FAQ

**What is a MIFR?** A Malware Initial Findings Report (MIFR) is intended to provide organizations with malware analysis in a timely manner. In most instances this report will provide initial indicators for computer and network defense. To request additional analysis, please contact CISA and provide information regarding the level of desired analysis.

**What is a MAR?** A Malware Analysis Report (MAR) is intended to provide organizations with more detailed malware analysis acquired via manual reverse engineering. To request additional analysis, please contact CISA and provide information regarding the level of desired analysis.

**Can I edit this document?** This document is not to be edited in any way by recipients. All comments or questions related to this document should be directed to the CISA at 1-844-Say-CISA or [CISA Central](#) .

**Can I submit malware to CISA?** Malware samples can be submitted via three methods:

- Web: <https://malware.us-cert.gov>
- E-Mail: [submit@malware.us-cert.gov](mailto:submit@malware.us-cert.gov) 
- FTP: <ftp://malware.us-cert.gov> (anonymous)

CISA encourages you to report any suspicious activity, including cybersecurity incidents, possible malicious code, software vulnerabilities, and phishing-related scams. Reporting forms can be found on CISA's homepage at [www.cisa.gov](http://www.cisa.gov).

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Source: <https://us-cert.cisa.gov/ncas/analysis-reports/ar21-048e>