

# APT 3, Gothic Panda, Buckeye

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Names APT 3 (*Mandiant*)

Gothic Panda (*CrowdStrike*)

Buckeye (*Symantec*)

TG-0110 (*SecureWorks*)

Bronze Mayfair (*SecureWorks*)


UPS Team (*Symantec*)

Group 6 (*Talos*)

Red Sylvan (*PWC*)

Boron (*Microsoft*)

Brocade Typhoon (*Microsoft*)

G0022 (*MITRE*) Country  [China](#) Sponsor State-sponsored, Ministry of State Security and Internet security firm Guangzhou Bo Yu Information Technology Company Limited (“Boyusec”) Motivation [Information theft and espionage](#) First seen 2007 Description ([Recorded Future](#)) APT3 (also known as UPS, Gothic Panda, and TG-0110) is a sophisticated threat group that has been active since at least 2010. APT3 utilizes a broad range of tools and techniques including spear-phishing attacks, zero-day exploits, and numerous unique and publicly available remote access tools (RAT). Victims of APT3 intrusions include companies in the defense, telecommunications, transportation, and advanced technology sectors — as well as government departments and bureaus in Hong Kong, the U.S., and several other countries. Observed Sectors: [Aerospace](#), [Construction](#), [Defense](#), [High-Tech](#), [Manufacturing](#), [Technology](#), [Telecommunications](#), [Transportation](#).

Countries: [Belgium](#), [Hong Kong](#), [Italy](#), [Luxembourg](#), [Philippines](#), [Sweden](#), [UK](#), [USA](#), [Vietnam](#). Tools used [APT3 Keylogger](#), [Bemstour](#), [DoublePulsar](#), [EternalBlue](#), [HTran](#), [Hupigon](#), [LaZagne](#), [OSInfo](#), [Pirpi](#), [PlugX](#), [RemoteCMD](#), [shareip](#), [TTCalc](#), [w32times](#) and several 0-days for IE, Firefox and Flash. Operations performed 2007 Hupigon and Pirpi Backdoors

<<https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2010/11/ie-0-day-hupigon-joins-the-party.html>> Apr

2014 Operation “Clandestine Fox”

FireEye Research Labs identified a new Internet Explorer (IE) zero-day exploit used in targeted attacks. The vulnerability affects IE6 through IE11, but the attack is targeting IE9 through IE11. This zero-day bypasses both ASLR and DEP. Microsoft has assigned CVE-2014-1776 to the vulnerability and released security advisory to track this issue.

<<https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2014/04/new-zero-day-exploit-targeting-internet-explorer-versions-9-through-11-identified-in-targeted-attacks.html>> Jun 2014 Operation “Clandestine Fox”, Part Deux

While Microsoft quickly released a patch to help close the door on future compromises, we have now observed the threat actors behind “Operation Clandestine Fox” shifting their point of attack and using a new vector to target their victims: social networking.

<<https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2014/06/clandestine-fox-part-deux.html>> Nov 2014 Operation “Double Tap”

This actor initiated their most recent campaign on November 19, 2014 targeting multiple organizations. The

attacker leveraged multiple exploits, targeting both CVE-2014-6332 and CVE-2014-4113.

<[https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2014/11/operation\\_doubletap.html](https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2014/11/operation_doubletap.html)> Jun 2015 Operation  
“Clandestine Wolf”

In the last several weeks, APT3 actors launched a large-scale phishing campaign against organizations in the following industries: Aerospace and Defense, Construction and Engineering, High Tech, Telecommunications and Transportation.

<<https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2015/06/operation-clandestine-wolf-adobe-flash-zero-day.html>>  
Mar 2016 Variant of the DoublePulsar Backdoor

Beginning in March 2016, Buckeye began using a variant of DoublePulsar (Backdoor.Doublepulsar), a backdoor that was subsequently released by the Shadow Brokers in 2017. DoublePulsar was delivered to victims using a custom exploit tool (Trojan.Bemstour) that was specifically designed to install DoublePulsar.

<<https://www.symantec.com/blogs/threat-intelligence/buckeye-windows-zero-day-exploit>>

<<https://research.checkpoint.com/upsynergy/>> Mar 2016 Buckeye cyberespionage group shifts gaze from US to Hong Kong

<<https://www.symantec.com/connect/blogs/buckeye-cyberespionage-group-shifts-gaze-us-hong-kong>> Counter operations Nov 2017 DOJ reveals indictment against Chinese cyber spies that stole U.S. business secrets

<<https://www.cyberscoop.com/boyusec-china-doj-indictment/>> Nov 2017 U.S. Charges Three Chinese Hackers Who Work at Internet Security Firm for Hacking Three Corporations for Commercial Advantage

<<https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/us-charges-three-chinese-hackers-who-work-internet-security-firm-hacking-three-corporations>> Information <<https://intrusiontruth.wordpress.com/2017/05/09/apt3-is-boyusec-a-chinese-intelligence-contractor/>>

<<https://www.recordedfuture.com/chinese-mss-behind-apt3/>> MITRE

ATT&CK <<https://attack.mitre.org/groups/G0022/>>

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Source: <https://apt.eta.da.or.th/cgi-bin/showcard.cgi?u=92ced576-2522-4b79-8645-baa5e84ffee3>